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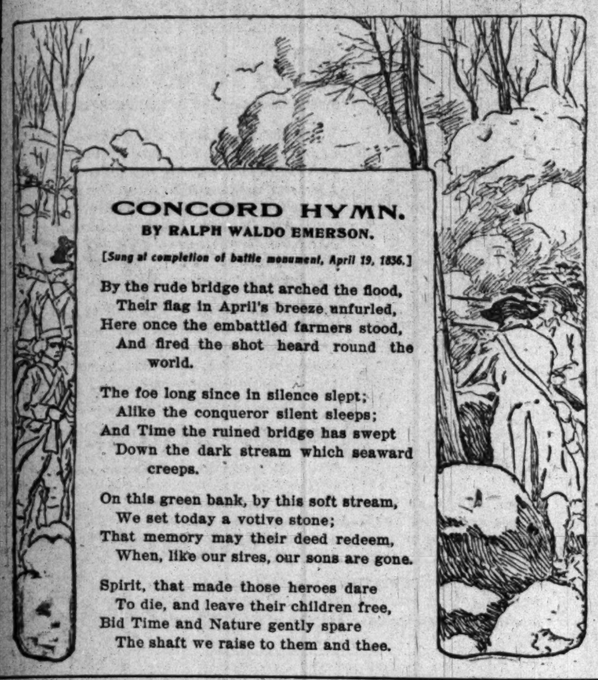
The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LXII.—NO. 108. SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903—SIXTEEN PAGES. ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

POEMS YOU OUGHT TO KNOW.

Whatever your occupation may be, and however crowded your hours with affairs, do not fail to secure at least a few minutes every day for refreshment of your inner life with a bit of poetry.—Prof. Charles Eliot Norton.



CONCORD HYMN.

BY RALPH WALDO EMERSON.

[Sung at completion of battle monument, April 19, 1836.]

By the rude bridge that arched the flood,
Their flag in April's breeze unfurled,
Here once the embattled farmers stood,
And fired the shot heard round the world.

The foe long since in silence slept;
Alike the conqueror silent sleeps;
And Time the ruined bridge has swept
Down the dark stream which seaward creeps.

On this green bank, by this soft stream,
We set today a votive stone;
That memory may their deed redeem,
When, like our sires, our sons are gone.

Spirit, that made those heroes dare
To die, and leave their children free,
Bid Time and Nature gently spare
The shaft we raise to them and thee.

NEWS—Summarized and Indexed.

THE WEATHER— SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903.

Fair Saturday, showers Sunday, rising temperature, southeast shifting to south winds.

The maximum temperature in Chicago during the twenty-four hours ending last midnight was 47 degrees at 7 p. m., and the minimum 40 degrees at 3 a. m. Maximum wind velocity, twenty-three miles at 12:05 a. m.

Sunrise at 5:08; sunset at 6:33. Moonrise at 11:56 p. m.

FRIDAY'S WEATHER CONDITIONS.

LONDON—Cloudy, north winds; temperature, 31 and 47; barometer, 30.34 inches.
PARIS—Stormy and snow, northeast winds; temperature, 33 to 43; barometer, rising.
BERLIN—Cloudy, west winds; temperature, 34; barometer, 29.97 inches at 8 a. m.

LOCAL:—

W. D. Kruse, Franklin Park constable, shot and dangerously wounded by Dr. John Kircher, Twenty-fourth street and Indiana avenue, while trying to seize latter's X ray machine on attachment; shooter arrested.

Hammond police ordered by Gov. Durbin to stop pool selling at Lakeside, and to ask sheriff's aid if needed; militia promised if sheriff is not able; police will act today.

Health Commissioner Reynolds may fail to get reappointment because of charges against his department; University of Chicago accused of owning most insanitary tenements.

Charles Hobbins beaten by crowd and threatened with lynching for striking Ida Johnes, 259 Dearborn avenue, at Grand Central station; latter's nose broken; Hobbins arrested.

Mrs. R. S. Knox narrowly escaped falling with her child from fire escape while fleeing from fire in her flat, 169 Oakwood boulevard; husband saved her; three firemen hurt.

B. F. Dodge, downtown janitor, arrested for sweeping litter into streets and fined $3; eight teamsters fined same amount for allowing waste to fall on pavements.

Mrs. E. Howe, 14 East Sixteenth street, and Miss Mary Green, Morgan Park, injured by Cottage Grove avenue cable trains; latter's foot nearly severed.

Auditorium grand opera season will end tonight after two weeks' success; figures withheld by management.

John A. Dowie will be sued for alleged failure to provide fire escapes on his building at Michigan avenue and Twelfth street.

Henry A. Baker missing and his wife, formerly Mrs. Maggie Kelly, who met him through matrimonial ad., trying to locate him and her $2,000 savings.

Lolita Armour's improvement continued following Dr. Lorenz's removal of cast; is now able to walk like other children.

POLITICAL:—

Lindly municipal ownership bill presented to Illinois house; consideration set for Wednesday; clause forbidding operation for over three years of roads taken by mortgagee under foreclosure makes entire bill valueless.

Chicago democratic judicial slate framed last night includes Lockwood Honoré, Julian Mack, W. P. Black, and W. T. Barnum for Circuit, and last year's nominees for Superior court; democratic incumbents renominated.

Substitute municipal ownership bill before Illinois legislature condemned by Mayor Harrison and committees which accompanied him to Springfield; money could not be borrowed under its foreclosure provision.

Safety of Chicago primaries threatened by two bills before legislature for amendment of election law; power to determine voter's right removed from judges to challengers.

Gov. Odell declared by State Senator Brackett the acknowledged leader of New York republicans; Senator Thomas C. Platt's reign ended.

Durborow-Lorimer ballot recount postponed until Thursday by Chicago election commissioners; Supreme court arguments set for Monday.

William L. Van Deventer, Quincy, Ill., nominated by democrats for judge of Illinois Fourth Supreme court district.

DOMESTIC:—

Frequent accidents to American warships causing alarm among officials; stronger turrets and boilers may have to be supplied; Illinois, Iowa, and Maine now disabled.

Lieut. Gov. John A. Lee of Missouri missing, and accused by St. Louis officials with distributing $27,000 baking powder trust boodle among state legislators in return for votes; six more indictments voted.

Annual "Amen Corner" dinner at New York attended by Charles Murphy, Tammany leader; Senator Platt, Mayor Low, John C. Sheehan, and other leaders of opposing political parties.

Friends of late Charles L. Fair said to possess evidence that Mrs. Fair did not survive her husband after automobile accident; skulls of both preserved.

Economite community's property in Rewickly (Pa.) valley sold to Pittsburg capitalists for $2,500,000; six members living.

President Roosevelt left Fort Yellowstone for Norris geysers; labor unions' request for boycott of Union Pacific railroad refused.

Will of Mrs. Fannie S. Wilder, conveying $6,000,000 to local charities, filed at St. Paul.

Mrs. Robert Fitzsimmons, pugilist's wife, died at Bensonhurst (N. Y.) of pneumonia.

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FOREIGN:—

Indictments against Rear Admiral Stirling, Capt. Lowndes, Lieut. Smith, Capt. Crabbe of army, and others said to have been voted by Porto Rico grand jury for alleged smuggling.

Steel mast of Shamrock III. broken off short by squall near Weymouth and rigging swept overboard and destroyed; captain's brother-in-law drowned and Sir Thomas Lipton slightly hurt.

Passage of Wyndham land bill as amended by Dublin convention demanded by Irish landlords and tenants; John Redmond declared land question will be settled if recommendations are adopted.

German army officer at Essen placed on retired list pending inquiry into an attack by him with sword on several citizens.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY:—

Thirty-three acres of land near Indiana Harbor, Ind., bought by Illinois Steel company as site for $1,500,000 cement works; daily capacity of 4,000 barrels planned.

Striking gas company employes, Chicago, abandoned by teamsters, who resumed hauling coal in accordance with their agreement; threat made to expel teamsters from Federation of Labor.

Labor unions denounced by Trustee Wolff for "uncharitable" attitude toward aged members in demanding that equal wages with younger workmen be paid by Chicago board of education.

Minneapolis millers' charges that railroad freights prevent competition with eastern mills denied by railroad officials; coal lines storing cars in east for expected heavy shipments.

May wheat closed unchanged at 77⅛-⅜; July, with ⅝ cent gain, at 72; seaboard export sales, 648,000 bushels; French crop reported badly damaged by frosts; May corn advanced ⅝ cent.

B. W. Snow's crop review shows April weather ideal for growth but unfavorable to farm work; rainfall east of Missouri river excessive; corn planting not delayed.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
GENOA	Trave	
GLASGOW		Siberian.
HAMBURG	Deutschland	
HAMBURG	G. Waldersee	
HAVRE	La Bretagne	
HONGKONG	Coptic	
LIVERPOOL		Bovic.
LONDON		Montevidean.
LIZARD		Rotterdam.
NAPLES		Commonwealth.
NEW YORK	Gallia	
QUEENSTOWN		Haverford.
SOUTHAMPTON		Bluecher.
S. FRANCISCO.		Nevada.
TACOMA		Victoria.

NAVAL ACCIDENTS CAUSE OF ALARM.

Frequency of Mishaps on Battleships Worries the Officers of the National Administration.

MEANS LARGE EXPENSES.

Costly Changes in Equipment May Be Found Necessary and Fear Is Expressed That Service Has Been Impaired.

NAVY—Frequency of serious accidents to battleship causes alarm. Costly and extensive changes may be found necessary.

ARMAMENT—Big guns on warships found short-lived and practice with them is likely to be abandoned.

POSTAL FRAUDS—Charges made that government has paid from $15 to $30 above retail prices for typewriters; fraud in postal card and twine purchases alleged.

Washington, D. C., April 17.—[Special.]—The serious and frequent accidents to the battleships of the United States navy have caused much concern to the administration. Grave problems have been presented by the series of accidents to the warships, and the naval officials are alarmed over the outlook and are wondering to what extent the strength of the navy has been impaired.

It is feared that many of the battleships will have to be equipped with new guns of large caliber, necessitating the expenditure of millions of dollars. The heavy gun practice may have to be abandoned; stronger turrets and gun mounts supplied; boilers of an improved and more substantial character adopted, and a new gun factory for supplying the armament for battleships may have to be erected.

The unfortunate and costly accidents to the battleships Illinois, Iowa, and Maine, some of which involved the loss of life, have attracted the attention of naval officials to the condition of the navy. Recently the sea boarded the battleship Illinois and the deck sank to such an extent that when waves wash the decks the water remains there. The fact that breakers sunk the deck several inches indicates that the superstructure of the vessel is faulty and it will require a large expenditure to strengthen this ship.

***

Only a short time ago the Maine returned from the practice cruise in deplorable condition. This vessel will be put in dry dock, where it will remain for six months, undergoing repairs as a result of the trip. The boilers are badly damaged, caused by their failure to stand the test of fire or by being overfired.

The superstructure of the vessel is shaken badly and the newest ship of the navy is in a serious condition. This was caused by the target practice. In firing the twelve inch guns the turrets were damaged and the gun mounts and decks were sprung badly. The mounts of the secondary battery of the ship are damaged badly.

It will cost about $500,000 to repair the Maine, but the most serious aspect of the case is that the other new ships of the navy are equipped with the same type of boilers as those of the Maine. It may be necessary to replace these boilers with others at a serious cost.

***

Still another serious accident happened to one crack battleship, the Iowa. During the target practice off Pensacola one of the twelve inch guns of the Iowa exploded, the fragments crashing through three decks, wrecking them and killing three men and wounding four others.

It is estimated that $400,000 will be required to put the Iowa in fighting shape again, and this vessel will be in dry dock for months.

While there is much uneasiness because of the weakness of the superstructure of the gun mounts of the turrets, and the apparent defects in the new type of boilers, the question which is giving the most concern is that of the guns. It is feared that the Massachusetts, the Puritan, the Terror, the Oregon, the Indiana, the Texas, and the other ships of the navy will have to be equipped with new heavy armament—that is, the ten and twelve inch guns.

The accident on the Iowa has demonstrated to the satisfaction of some of the naval officers that the life of a big gun is between 100 and 125 shots, while others claim the life is 300 shots. Before the Spanish war it was claimed that these monster guns were good for about 100 shots. The gun of the Iowa which exploded had been fired 128 times.

***

President Roosevelt has insisted on the gun crews having practice with the big guns to enable the men to be better qualified to fire with great precision and accuracy during an actual war. This has been done recently, and a number of accidents have resulted. It is asserted by the naval officers that in view of the limited period of usefulness of the guns, if this practice is continued and a war should ensue unexpectedly, the government would be found totally unprepared, on account of the disabled condition of the guns.

Therefore, practice with the heavy guns may be stopped and the smaller guns be used for this purpose.

Owing to the gun problem confronting the navy a board has been appointed to inspect the gun factory at the Washington navy yard with a view to extending it so as to equip it to furnish the guns required. The force now works twenty-four hours a day, and it is unable to turn out enough guns for the ships.

The other problems presented are receiving the thoughtful consideration of the naval officials, who hope to settle them satisfactorily.

***

Additional charges in the postoffice scandal were made today which will result in an investigation into the methods of those who purchase postal cards, twine, and typewriters for the use of the department and the postoffices throughout the country. The branch of the service concerned is the postal supply division, of which M. W. A. Lewis is chief. It is charged that typewriters have been purchased by the department at prices ranging from $15 to $30 each above the retail price. It is charged the Elliot and Hatch Book Typewriting company, which has branches in Chicago and other large cities, has sent its agents to postmasters throughout the country and pointed out the merits of its machines. The postmasters would then make requisitions, which were approved in the department. Then it is charged that the machines were purchased at prices higher than the retail rate.

(Continued on page 5, column 5.)

FIX UP JUDICIAL SLATE.

DEMOCRATS PREPARE LIST FOR THE CONVENTION TODAY.

Night Caucus Selects Fourteen Men as Circuit Court Nominees and Three Additional on Chance a New Law May Be Passed—Six Men Now on the Bench Renominated—Gustavus J. Tatge to Oppose Brentano—Chances of Changes Are Considered Slight.

For Circuit Judges.

*Murray F. Tuley,	*Edward F. Dunne,
*Frank Baker,	*Richard W. Clifford,
*Thomas G. Windes,	*Francis Adams,
Charles M. Walker,	Lockwood Honoré,
George Kersten,	Julian Mack,
Samuel S. Parks,	William P. Black,
Edward O. Brown,	William T. Barnum.

For Superior Judge.

Gustavus J. Tatge.

Provisional Circuit Nominees.

Joseph A. O'Donnell, Thomas Hoyne.
George Mills Rogers,

*Renominated.

Foregoing are the democrats who will be nominated for judges by the democratic judicial convention at North Side Turner hall today. They were selected by the party leaders and ward chairmen in caucus at the Great Northern hotel last night. There is the possibility that the convention may see fit to revise this list, but the chances are that the slate will go through.

The slate of old judges and eight other candidates to make up the full quota of Circuit court nominees was prepared during the day in Mayor Harrison's office. It was indorsed by the night gathering, in which 138 representative democrats, a large majority of them delegates, participated, and they pledged it the votes of all the 950 delegates to the convention.

The six old judges were unanimously indorsed by the passage, without opposition, of a resolution which John E. Owens offered. There was a call of the roll by wards on the other eight, with the result that they received pledges of votes as follows:

Walker	895	Honore	895
Kersten	716	Mack	790
Brown	640	Black	560
Barnum	895	Parks	764

Name Three Additional Candidates.

Mr. Tatge for Superior judge, against Judge Brentano, who will be renominated by the republicans, went through by acclamation. Mr. Tatge got his legal start eight years ago, when he was made a republican justice of the peace through Judge Brentano's efforts. Four or five years ago he became a democrat.

After his selection the caucus turned its attention to the question of providing for the three extra circuit judges. Roger C. Sullivan and other leaders claimed to have assurances that the legislature will pass a bill increasing the number of Circuit court judges in Cook county to seventeen. On the strength of that assurance it was decided that the best thing for the democrats would be to nominate three candidates, and thus be prepared if the measure becomes a law. As a result, the caucus took a vote on three of the aspirants. The outcome was:

O'Donnell	880	Hoyne	784
Rogers	708		

Naturally there were several disappointments. It was claimed that if O'Donnell's candidacy had been properly managed he could have been indorsed as one of the preferred nominees. There was some talk subsequently to the effect that the convention might switch one of the places so as to put O'Donnell up among the fourteen. The caucus adopted a resolution directing the democratic members of the legislature to use every means possible to secure the enactment of the law increasing the number of circuit judges.

Mayor Saves Two Old Judges.

It is understood that Mayor Harrison's determination saved at least two of the old judges, Adams and Clifford, from being sacrificed. Most of the politicians insisted that they should be sidetracked in favor of new talent on the ground that since going on the bench they had done nothing for their party. But the mayor argued that it would be a dangerous proceeding to thus break the combination of sitting judges. It not only opened the way for an attack on Judge Tuley and Judge Dunne, he said, but might start an independent movement for a nonpartisan ticket.

It was conceded that five of the six attorneys—Walker, Honoré, Black, Barnum, and Kersten—who was knocked out of a chance of going to the polls last fall, were entitled to another try at becoming judges, and they were put on the slate.

Plans for the Convention.

The county committee met at 10 p. m. and selected temporary officers for the convention. Ald. William E. Dever will be the chairman and E. M. Lahiff the secretary. He will have as assistants John Cunningham, C. R. Jandus, Harry Brown, Peter Ewart, J. G. Grossberg, John G. Daily, J. J. Toomey, Frank Donoghue, James Pugh, F. B. Flannagan, Henry Kent, and Henry Carroll. The Briggs house was filled with ward leaders, workers, and delegates, and there was much log rolling, but the committee transacted its business in a few minutes, and everybody hurried to the Great Northern for the big powwow.

Hear Bad News from Springfield.

When the news was received that Gov. Yates had signed the bill repealing the law of 1901, it caused consternation. No one in the caucus knew that this bill even had been reported out of the legislative committees, and at the moment they were insisting that there was no chance of its being passed at this session. The information that it had been put through with an emergency clause attached, approved by the governor, and was then in force, caused a sensation.

However, the conditional nominations of extra judges will be made on hope of reverse action by the legislature.

WOMEN HURT BY STREET CARS.

Two Accidents Occur Near Sixteenth Street and One Victim Is a Dowie Follower.

Two accidents occurred on the Cottage Grove avenue cable line yesterday, both being near Wabash avenue and Sixteenth street. As a result one woman lies in St. Luke's hospital, her leg crushed, and another woman, a follower of Dowie, is at her home refusing medical treatment.

Shortly after 6 o'clock Mrs. E. Howe of 14 East Sixteenth street was returning home from a trip downtown, and when the car did not stop as quickly as she expected she tried to jump off. Her clothing caught and she was dragged several feet. She was carried into a drug store, but refused medical aid, and later went home in a cab.

Three hours afterward Miss Mary Green of Morgan Park stepped from a north bound car on her way to visit friends in Michigan avenue. Suddenly the conductor heard a scream and found Miss Green lying near the track, her left foot almost severed from the ankle.

GOVERNOR STOPS LAKESIDE BETS.

Durbin of Indiana Says Gambling Must Cease or He Will Call Out the State Troops.

HINT PASSED TO YATES.

Attention of the Illinois Executive Called to the Inactivity of Sheriff Thomas Barrett.

"Stop pool selling at the Lakeside racetrack. If the police force of Hammond is not able to stop it, call on the sheriff of Lake county. If he cannot stop it notify me, and I will send the national guard of Indiana to stop it."

In the foregoing order, directed to the board of police commissioners of Hammond, Ind., Gov. Durbin of Indiana is believed to have rung the death knell of the Lakeside racetrack and its "sure winner" methods of betting. Without the privilege of selling pools on the races held there the track officials cannot make the enterprise pay, and the track probably will be closed as soon as the order is put into effect.

The Hammond police will attempt to execute the order today. While any great show of resistance is not expected, Sheriff Charles Dougherty of Crown Point, Ind., is prepared to go to the assistance of the local police on short notice.

Suggestion to Gov. Yates.

Gov. Durbin's order and its sharp contrast with the inactivity of Illinois and Cook county officials toward the large poolroom in operation at Evason was called to the attention of Gov. Yates last evening.

The fact that the Indiana governor had overridden both the local police and the sheriff of Lake county was pointed out, and was followed by a suggestion that as Sheriff Barrett had failed to take any action against the managers of the Evason place, the governor might properly exercise the prerogative for which Gov. Durbin had set a precedent.

If Sheriff Barrett does not act promptly against the Evason resort it is probable that Gov. Yates will take the matter out of his hands and adopt drastic measures similar to those instituted by the Indiana executive.

Want Their Money Back.

The enforced closing of the racetrack poolrooms and the expected closing of the Lakeside track on the fourth day of the race meeting there probably will result in an attempt of the track managers to recover $2,400 in license fees which were demanded by Mayor Knotts and paid in advance by the Lakeside Jockey club, of which James O'Leary and John Condon of Chicago are controlling factors.

The action of the mayor in accepting the license fee also may be investigated, and hints of sensational developments from that source were circulated freely in Hammond last evening.

The onslaught of Chief of Police Cox of Hammond with a force of men will be made this afternoon. He will be governed by explicit orders and no parleying is expected.

If officials of the jockey club were sincere in statements made by them last evening, the demand to stop pool selling is a big surprise to them. When told of the order of Gov. Durbin they professed not to believe it, and claimed it was a canard circulated to injure the attendance at the track.

Reasons for the Order.

While the governor declined last evening to give his reasons for issuing the order, it is current talk in Hammond official circles that a contest between Mayor Knotts and the police board over the question of allowing the track to run was a factor in influencing the governor's course. There is also said to have been opposition in racing circles to the manner in which the Lakeside track has been conducted, and persons cognizant of the sentiment among the racing public declare that outside of the men who are financially interested in the track there will be little grief over its close.

The prospect that the interdiction against pool selling at Lakeside may be but the beginning of a general crusade on the Indiana racetracks has a disquieting effect in racing circles. In a statement made yesterday Gov. Durbin intimated that he would be consistent, and, having ended pool selling at Lakeside for the present, there would be no more pool selling in Indiana while he is chief executive of the state.

Foreman Waits on Barrett.

"Sheriff Barrett will be given the first chance to close up the pool room at Evason," said President Henry G. Foreman of the county board yesterday. "If he doesn't close it when he gets home then—but we'll talk of that when the occasion arises."

While the pool room is operating at full blast the Cook county officials remain inactive. Sheriff Barrett's subordinates declared that it was not in their province to take the initiative in the absence of the sheriff.

President Foreman is awaiting an opinion from County Attorney Sims on his authority to close the gambling place in the event the sheriff does not do so.

"CAT FEAR" LATEST DISEASE UNDER SCIENTIFIC STUDY.

If Sight of a Cat Makes You Shudder You Have It and if You Feel Its Presence Without Seeing It You're Bad.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 17.—[Special.]—"Cat fear" is a new disease, and Dr. S. Weir Mitchell is investigating it. If the sight of a cat makes you shudder you have it. If you can feel the presence of a cat without seeing it you are in one of the advanced stages. If you can throw a bootjack at a cat in the middle of the night you are normal.

Dr. Mitchell thinks cats have a malign influence upon persons of certain temperaments, and he is seeking information on the subject.

In several medical journals of New York, Boston, and Philadelphia appears the announcement: "Dr. Weir, 1524 Walnut street, Philadelphia, will be glad to have reliable information from physicians and others as to the cat fear, and especially as to those persons who are aware of the presence of a cat without seeing it."

Several cases of "cat fear" have come to Dr. Mitchell's notice in the last month or two. The symptoms are not always physical fear, but it is learned some persons instinctively feel the presence of a cat when they do not see it. It gives them a sensation of faintness or nauseau.

BULLET FOR A CONSTABLE

W. D. KRUSE WOUNDED WHILE TRYING TO SEIZE PROPERTY.

Raids Office of Dr. John Kercher, Who Fires at Intruder, Bullet Taking Effect in the Right Lung—Physician Treats Wound of His Victim, Summons Police, and Submits to Arrest—Prisoner Tells Story of Suit in a Rural Justice Shop.

While attempting to prevent seizure of his property on a judgment, Dr. John Kercher shot and dangerously wounded W. D. Kruse, a constable of Franklin Park, at 8 o'clock last night, and then telephoned for the police that he might surrender himself.

Constable Kruse, accompanied by an assistant, James A. Bollan, 340 Park avenue, and by an attorney for the American and Canadian Mercantile agency, Randolph and La Salle streets, visited the office of the physician at Twenty-fourth street and Indiana avenue, and notified him that they had come to serve an attachment secured by the Mercantile company and to seize the doctor's X-ray machine.

Dr. Kercher refused to allow the constable to attach his property, and when the invading force had started away to secure a dray he attempted to lock the door. The men outside detected the ruse and returned to force a passage.

Constable Shot in Right Lung.

While the physician was holding the door the constable ran toward him, shouting: "Stop that!"

Then, Dr. Kercher asserts, Kruse reached for his revolver and had drawn the handle of it from his pocket when Kercher leaped to one side, drew his own pistol, and cried:

"Hands up!"

At that moment the physician fired his weapon and the bullet struck the constable in the right lung. A ragged wound was inflicted, the shot being fired at such close range.

Dr. Kercher bent over the wounded man, who said:

"Don't fire again, I'm done for."

"I'll not," replied the doctor. "I'll call a policeman," and he telephoned to the station.

Kercher Cares for His Victim.

Securing lint and bandages, Dr. Kercher then made an effort to stanch the flow of blood from the constable's wound and had succeeded when the patrol wagon arrived.

With the arrival of another physician, summoned by the constable's assistant, Dr. Kercher accompanied the police and was locked in a cell at the Cottage Grove avenue station, where he will await the outcome of the constable's injuries.

Story Told by the Doctor.

Dr. Kercher claims the attachment was illegal, and said that when the constable got ugly he has visions of Greenberg and his methods.

"When I saw him reach for his hip pocket I knew he was going after a gun. I covered him with my revolver just as he was drawing his from his pocket, and I said: 'Hold up your hands.' He didn't do it, but pulled the gun out further. Just then I fired; I don't know how I did it. The bullet struck him in the chest, and he fell to the floor at my feet."

Kruse was taken to Mercy hospital and his companions departed without securing the X-ray machine.

Dr. Kercher has been practicing medicine in Chicago for thirteen years. For nine years he had practiced at Eighteenth street and Wabash avenue. He also had an office in the Champlain building.

ESTATE WORTH $4,000,000 GOES TO ST. PAUL CHARITY.

Will of the Late Mrs. Fanny J. Wilder Adds Her Property to the Gifts Already Made by Husband.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17.—The last will of Mrs. Fannie S. Wilder, widow of Amherst H. Wilder, was filed in the Probate court here today. By this, the last one of three wills made by the members of the Wilder family, the bulk of the great Wilder property, valued at $4,000,000, is devoted to the relief of the worthy poor of the city.

The principal provisions of the document relate to the founding and maintaining of the Amherst H. Wilder charity, already established by Mr. Wilder and his daughter, Mrs. Appleby.

A day nursery is added to the Wilder charity, and a sum of $2,500 annually set apart for its maintenance, such nursery to be for the care of children during the day while the mothers are at work.

For the establishment of new free public baths $20,000 is to be used and an annual maintenance fund is provided. The creation of a corporation for the administration of the charity is directed and the executors are named as the corporate managers.

NOT AWED BY AMERICAN TRADE.

British Workingmen Who Studied United States Make Pointed Comments in Their Reports.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, April 17.—The report of the commission of British workingmen who were taken to the United States at the end of last year by Alfred Moseley to study conditions of labor there was issued today. All agree that the British workman has nothing to learn from the American workman, while British employers are not as far advanced as the Americans in the treatment of their employés.

James Cox, the delegate for the iron and steel workers, pays his respects to Chicago, where he says "the almighty dollar is the unquestioned king." Of the new postoffice he says: "Any third rate corporation in Great Britain would have accomplished the work in four years instead of eight. This is illustrative of government work in general."

D. C. Cummings of the iron and steel shipbuilders has a severe criticism of the social and moral life in America, where he says "gambling and pleasure seeking appear to be characteristics. The disregard for human life, the corruption in politics, and other immoralities tend to the moral and physical deterioration of the people, and must be arrested if disaster is to be avoided."

Mr. Moseley says the American workmen has a far better education, "is infinitely better paid, housed, fed, and clothed, and, moreover, is much more sober." Mr. Moseley says in conclusion:

"If we are to hold our own in the commerce of the world the old methods must be dropped and the old machinery abandoned."

He believes that some form of profit sharing is the true solution of the capital and labor question.

FORTY SHIPS LOST AT SEA.

Greatest Storm Known for Fifteen Years Reported Raging Off French Mediterranean Coast.

MARSEILLES, April 17.—As a result of a storm here, which has not been equaled for fifteen years, forty vessels foundered.

NEW OWNERSHIP BILL NOT LIKED.

Lindly's Substitute for Mueller Measure Advanced to Second Reading Under the Gavel.

SERIOUS FLAW CLAIMED.

Friends of Enabling Act Say It Would Be Impossible to Raise the Needed Money Under the Conditions Made.

Springfield, Ill., April 17.—[Special.]—The Lindly municipal ownership bill has been presented to the house. It is a special order for consideration by the body for Wednesday. It went through the committee on municipal ownership by the use of the gavel in Chairman Lindly's hands, and the same instrument, operated by Speaker Miller, sent it to second reading in the house.

In a like fashion, a minority report of five members of the committee was ignored.

The bill answers the description given yesterday as "short and concise," but it contains one provision which, in the opinion of sincere friends of municipal ownership, makes it absolutely valueless. This is a clause forbidding the operation of street railways taken by a mortgagee under foreclosure for longer than three years.

No Hope to Sell Certificates.

It is held that this proviso would make the sale of street railway certificates impossible and thus effectually block all hope of municipal ownership.

It is even suggested by some here tonight that the Lindly bill is a carefully prepared plan for those who are unalterably opposed to municipal ownership to place the blame for defeat on the people of Chicago themselves. The members who all along have shown a disposition to refuse Chicago the enabling act it wanted, with the passage of this bill can say they have given the big city the measure it asked providing for the purchase of the traction system, and if Chicago does not like it the legislature will be too busy to go over it all again at the present session.

Four Referendums in the Bill.

The bill on the face of it is what is claimed an enabling act. It contains a clause giving to cities the power to own and operate or lease street railway properties, and another clause providing the means for raising the necessary cash. There are also four referendums in it. They provide that the people must be consulted as to whether they want to own the roads; if owning them, to lease them; whether the money shall be raised by a general bond issue against the credit of the municipality; or whether by the sale of street railway certificates, against which the property to be acquired shall be pledged.

Except for the three year clause it is believed the measure would be satisfactory. That, however, those who have struggled for an enabling act believe kills the whole work of the session for municipal ownership.

Text of the Lindly Bill.

Following is the text of the Lindly bill, as reported by the committee and sent to second reading in the house:

"A bill for an act entitled, 'An act to authorize cities to own, construct, acquire, purchase, maintain, operate, mortgage, and lease street railways.'

"Section 1. Be it enacted by the people of the state of Illinois, represented in the general assembly, that every city in this state shall have the power to own, construct, acquire, purchase, maintain, and operate street railways within its corporate limits and to lease the same or any part of the same, when so owned, constructed, acquired, or purchased, for any period not longer than twenty (20) years, to any company incorporated under an act entitled, 'An act concerning corporations,' approved April 18, 1872, and in force July 18, 1872, for the purpose of operating street railways.

People First Must Approve.

"But no city shall proceed to own, construct, acquire, purchase, maintain, operate, or to lease such railways or to renew any lease unless the proposition therefor shall first have been submitted to the electors of such city as a separate proposition and approved by three-fifths of those voting thereon.

"For the purpose of acquiring street railways, either by purchase or construction, as provided for in this act, or for the equipment of any such street railways, any city may borrow money and issue its negotiable bonds therefor, pledging the faith and credit of the city; but no such bonds shall be issued unless the proposition to issue the same shall first have been submitted to the electors of such city and approved by three-fifths of those voting thereon.

May Mortgage the Property.

"Section 2. In lieu of bonds issued against the credit of the city for the purchase, construction, acquisition, or equipment of street railways, as provided in section 1 of this act, any such city may issue certificates of indebtedness, to be known as street railway certificates, and may secure the payment of said street railways certificates by mortgage or trust deed upon the property and betterments so acquired or to be acquired by said city, which said street railway certificates shall under no circumstance be or become an obligation or liability of the city, but which shall be payable only out of the revenues of such street railways, and provided that no person, persons, or corporation purchasing or acquiring any rights under any foreclosure proceedings brought to foreclose any mortgage or trust deed executed under the provisions of this act shall ever be permitted to maintain, use, or operate such street railways for a longer period than three (3) years from the date of the bringing of such foreclosure suit, or proceedings.

"Provided also that no street railway certificates shall ever be issued, or mortgage or trust deed executed, by any city under the provisions of this act unless and until the question of the adoption of the ordinance of the city council making a provision for the issue thereof shall first have been submitted to a popular vote and approved by a majority of those voting thereon."

No Chance for the Mortgage.

It is the clause attempting to provide for the sale of street railway certificates with which to raise the money that provoked most of the discussion over the bill today. The section provides that in case of default on the certificates and the consequent foreclosure on the street railway property, the mortgagee cannot "use or operate such street railway for a period longer than three year from the date of the bringing of such foreclosure suit or proceedings." As it would

probably took about three years to foreclose a mortgage of this character and magnitude the mortgagee practically would get only the cars, rails, and power houses for his money.

It accordingly is claimed by those who see little virtue in the bill that no one would invest in certificates of this kind, allowing that the Supreme court held the certificates valid, on the ground that the security was insufficient, and consequently the three year limitation, whether intended so to operate or not, would result in a practical denial of municipal ownership by effectually preventing the city of Chicago at least from ever getting the money wherewith to put it into operation.

Advocates Explain Reasons.

On the other hand, Chairman Lindly, Representative Shanahan, and the other sponsors of the measure profess to see a great danger of a long term or an indeterminate franchise being granted unless this special three year restriction is in. It has been urged by some of the original advocates of the Mueller bill that if the three year restriction would prevent an indefinite grant, a twenty year restriction would have the same effect, and by allowing the mortgagee to operate the road after foreclosure would make the security more valuable. The arguments, however, proved unavailing and the three years clause was retained.

The bill as presented to the committee and by the committee to the house is practically identical with the bill which Chairman Lindly received from Chicago four days ago, and which he has been carrying around ever since. The only difference is that the bill, as originally sent here, provided that the mortgagee should not have the use of the property for a longer period than five years after the beginning of the foreclosure proceedings. Mr. Lindly and his subcommittee changed it from five to three.

Substitute Clause Rejected.

When the bill was presented to the committee on municipal corporations at 8:30 o'clock this morning, and after a motion to substitute the Mueller bill had been thrown aside by Chairman Lindly without the formality of a roll call, Representative Patterson strove to give more force to the accepted measure by substituting twenty years for three in the mortgage clause. This, however, met the same fate as the motion to substitute.

Then in the house a minority report recommending concurrence in the Mueller bill, and signed by Representatives Clettenberg, McElvain, S. E. Erickson, Patterson, and Mitchell, was laid on the table under the gavel, after Chairman Lindly had unsuccessfully tried to have it refused admission to the records at all. Then the bill was sent to second reading after the same manner.

"The administration leaders intend to put the bill through the house in its present form. Some of the senators, however, are talking about amending when it gets to them by changing the three years to twenty in the mortgage clause. Should the house refuse to concur in this amendment the only way out of the trouble would be by the conference committee.

Lindly Declares Bill Good.

Chairman Cicero J. Lindly, speaking for the majority of his committee, made this statement as to the merits of the new bill:

"The committee bill gives the people of Chicago what their representatives said they wanted, and it protects the people of Chicago from the possibility of the traction companies getting anything the people do not want them to have.

"In other words, this is an absolute municipal ownership law, without any traction company jokers.

"The first section gives an absolute enabling act. This is the club the city asked to give it to help make a bargain with the traction companies.

"It also provides for municipal acquisition by purchase through the issue of city bonds. All admit this is impossible now. But if the city gets a new charter it will be then within reach.

"That such a new charter is certain to be secured there is no doubt. It is impossible at this legislature. It certainly will be voted to Chicago before the expiration of the twenty year franchise renewals which Mayor Harrison and everybody else admits must be given the present companies this year—providing an enabling act is given Chicago to help drive the bargain. At least ten legislatures will meet before these new grants run out, and surely Chicago will get her bond limit raised in this time by a new charter amendment.

"Then as to the three year foreclosure plan. Under the Mueller bill some said the companies would get the income from city operation by buying the certificates, with interest guaranteed. Then if the city failed they could foreclose and under the old bill have twenty years still to operate. This meant practically up to forty years for the grant.

"I believe when the people of Chicago have time to think over this new bill they will approve it, for it gives them all they want and protects them from jobs or tricks of any kind.

"Its language is plain, no double construction can be placed on it, nothing is left to implication, and any man who reads it can understand what it means. This was not true of the Mueller bill."

Governor Denies Knowledge.

Gov. Yates took occasion immediately after the adjournment of the house to deny emphatically the statement published in a morning paper to the effect that he had been consulted in the preparation of the Lindly bill. He said:

"The published statement that I have been consulted with reference to any bill to be reported by the house committee on municipal corporations is absolutely untrue. I was not consulted at all, and I am wholly unpledged on any municipal ownership proposition. As I have not read the committee bill, I have up to date seen nothing better than the Mueller bill."

Mitchell Tells of Argument.

Speaking of the work of the subcommittee, Representative Mitchell, a member of it, who did not agree with his colleagues' procedure, had this to say:

"I was a member of the subcommittee of the committee on municipal corporations. This committee met this morning about 1:30 o'clock. After going into executive session a warm discussion was had on the various bills. I soon found myself in a hopeless minority as to the Mueller bill, and, in fact, I was the only member of the subcommittee in favor of the Mueller bill. One of the members of the committee, Representative Gray from Decatur, seemed to be against any kind of an enabling act for Chicago, but I took the position, and still maintain, that the people of Chicago have declared themselves in favor of the passage of the Mueller enabling act; and there can be no question as to the public sentiment in Chicago in relation to this bill.

"We heard from the mayor, from the recent republican candidate for mayor, Mr. Stewart, from all of the aldermen, representing all shades of politics, and they all united in favor of the Mueller bill, which is sufficient to show that the people wanted the Mueller bill passed.

"I have been handed a complete copy of the bill which the house committee recommended. I will submit the bill to some of the Chicago aldermen or the members of Ald. Bennett's committee when I arrive home, and I will be guided in my future action by their recommendation. In company with Representatives Patterson, Clettenburg, S. E. Erickson, and McElvain, I signed the minority report to non-concur in the passage of this new bill, and in favor of the passage of the Mueller bill. In fact, I had nothing to say about the framing of this bill, as I was the only Mueller bill man on the subcommittee."

Many Give Views on Bill.

Members of the senate and house, interviewed this evening as to the Lindly bill, show a diversity of opinion in their views of the measure. Here are some by leading members of both bodies:

Representative Shanahan—The three year limit on the time in which the mortgagee could operate the properties under foreclosure was put in to guard against any possible long term franchise being acquired by foreclosure under the act. Personally, I have no confidence in the ability of the city to sell such street railway certificates unless the purchasers had a hope of procuring a long term franchise under them. If the charter amendment is passed then within ten years Chicago would be in a position to have real ownership of street railway properties without conditions.

Senator Powers—I don't see where the bill is any improvement over the Mueller measure. At the same time, if we can't do any better we will consider this, as the people of Chicago must have an enabling act of some kind.

Senator Berry—As a general proposition I am opposed and always have been to municipal ownership of certain kinds of public utilities, among which are street railroads. We have been told by a large number of prominent citizens of Chicago that, while they were wholly unable at this time to own street railways in view of their financial condition, they wanted the enabling act to enable them not only to own the street railways but better to deal with the railroad people. For that purpose this bill may be entirely satisfactory. The manner of creating an indebtedness and of foreclosing the mortgage, it seems to me, is objectionable.

Senator Humphrey—It is a bad bill. Who wants to buy under a mortgage for three years. To foreclose you should have at least twenty years.

Senator Clark—This bill gives the people of Chicago what they desire in street car legislation. There are no jokers in the bill, doing away with the objections I had to the senate bill that the language was ambiguous. I made my fight in the senate to straighten out the sections in the Mueller bill.

Miller Did Not Hear It Read.

Speaker Miller—I was busy when the bill was read in the house this morning and did not hear it, but from what I know about it I think it provides for municipal ownership, and that it is the kind of a bill the people seem to be wanting. The people of Chicago want municipal ownership and we are glad to give it to them.

Representative Stewart—The enabling clause looks good to me so far as that goes. The provision as to the issuing of bonds is valueless, as we are bonded to the limit now. The provision as to certificates in section 2 is weak. Three year certificates never could be floated.

Representative Nohe—The bill, in my opinion, is in the interest of the people of Chicago, and is precisely what they have been asking. Under this law no franchise will be given for longer than twenty-three years.

Representative Gray—I am against the principle of municipal ownership. Still, if the people of Chicago must have it, I am in favor of giving them a bill in the interest of the people and not in the interest of the traction companies. The citizens of Chicago asked us for a bill to be used as a club against the street railways, and the street railways are insisting or consenting that we hand over the club. I am suspicious of a bill wanted by both parties to a controversy.

Representative Sherman—I cannot see under the provisions of this bill how the city of Chicago will be able to borrow money on the strength of certificates. I do not believe the investing public will put their money in them under the bill in question.

Representative Walker—As I understand it, the only difference between the committee bill and the Mueller bill is that the new measure provides an enabling act. I understand that is what the people of Chicago want. As Chicago is the only place in the state where there is any demand for it, if I can be convinced the mass of the people of Chicago want it I am for it.

Representative Eskew—With me it is only a question whether the people of Chicago want it. It does not affect us in the country.

Representative Wardell—The Mueller bill was good enough for me.

Representative Isaac Miller—I am for municipal ownership. I am for any bill that will answer the needs of the people.

Representative Landmesser—So far I have been in favor of the Mueller bill, but it will be necessary for me to compare the two before saying which I prefer.

Representative Cermak—I'm for the best bill we can get.

Representative Arrand—I am with the people. Whatever they want I am there to do what I can to help them to get it.

Representative Fligel—I am for the Mueller bill unless I can compare it with the new one and find the new one better.

Notes of the Legislature.

Both houses adjourned to Monday, but municipal elections may prevent much work until Wednesday.

Amount of work ahead makes final adjournment April 29, as proposed, improbable. May 6 more likely.

Tax levy of 53 cents predicted as result of heavy appropriations.

The house passed the game law and repealed the county clerks bill which required burial certificates.

Senator Farnum introduced a bill requiring licenses and bonds from companies and individuals conducting detective agencies, in order to keep out irresponsible persons.

The house passed the bill providing for more close inspection of all buildings occupied by more than one family and all public buildings.

The senate bill providing for the examination, registration, and licensing of trained nurses was passed.

In the senate a bill was introduced authorizing the connection of Lincoln Park and Grant park over and upon the submerged lands of Illinois.

Senator Farnum's bills exempting from taxation the funds and property of fraternal beneficiary societies and providing for the uniform investment of the funds of such societies were passed.

REPUBLICANS READY TO CAUCUS

Leaders Probably Will Confer in a Few Days on the Question of Judicial Nominations.

Delegates to the republican judicial convention, and party leaders who have been waiting for the democrats to finish their fight before conferring on the makeup of the republican ticket, are expected to hold preliminary caucuses not later than next Monday or Tuesday.

It developed yesterday that the Fitch-Laramie organization, formed in a caucus at the Briggs house last Tuesday night, is moving against the renomination of all the old republican judges, but it is believed these efforts finally will be centered against Judge Elbridge Hanecy. A number of the judge's friends have become active within the last two or three days, and the outlook is for a lively scrimmage.

Charles T. Farson, a lawyer in the Reaper block, and formerly a master in chancery, has announced himself as a republican candidate for judicial nomination.

POSTPONES RECOUNT OF VOTES.

Election Board Delays Durborow-Lorimer Proceedings Until After Supreme Court Hearing Next Monday.

Further attempts to count the vote in the Durborow-Lorimer contest have been postponed until next Thursday. This decision was reached yesterday by F. S. McClory, the notary; Col. John S. Cooper, attorney for A. C. Durborow; and members of the election board. The Supreme court will hear arguments on the question of Judge Haney's jurisdiction next Monday. Commissioners Malley and Judge and Chief Clerk Powell will go to Springfield Sunday night and will appear before the Supreme court on Monday, expecting to be cleared of the charges of being in contempt of the lower court. Commissioner Hebel is ill, and probably will not make the trip. Owing to the urgency of the case, it is understood that the Supreme court will give its decision verbally on Tuesday.

PENSIONS DOWN TO 27 CENTS.

Police Fund Drained Almost Dry and Pay Day Is Postponed Indefinitely.

With only $111 on hand, the police pension fund is depleted to a point where the cash would be exhausted should 27 cents be paid to each pensioner. In consequence, the next pay day, which should fall on Monday, April 20, has been postponed indefinitely. License receipts, on which the fund depends, have been slow in reaching the city collector, but after May 1 it is expected they will come in more rapidly. The pension board also is awaiting action at Springfield, where bills are pending to put the fund on a more secure foundation.

RAILROAD TO ENTER ZION CITY.

After Sharp Legal Contest Promoters of North Shore Line Practically Win a Victory Over "Dr." Dowie.

After a sharp legal fight with John Alexander Dowie in the Circuit court at Waukegan yesterday Alexander Clarke of this city practically won the right for the proposed North Shore railroad to pass through Zion city. Dowie promised to arrange a satisfactory route for the road after he called the project a visionary scheme and damaging to his "model" town.

English Author to Make Address.

John A. Hobson of England, author of "The Evolution of Modern Capitalism," "The Social Problem," and other works, will speak on "The Charity of Millionaires" before the Ethical Culture society tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock in Steinway hall. He gives a course of lectures this month at the University of Chicago.

SEE LITTLE GOOD IN TRACTION BILL

Mayor and Committeemen Criticise Substitute for Mueller Measure.

SCORE 3 YEAR CLAUSE.

All Hold That This Would Make Impossible the Sale of Certificates.

The substitute municipal ownership bill before the legislature is condemned, in terms of more or less severity, by Mayor Harrison, aldermen, and members of the various committees who went to Springfield and fought for the passage of the Mueller bill.

On one point there is united denunciation. All hold that the provision purporting to grant the city the right to raise money to take over the lines by the issuance of street railway certificates is mere buncombe in that an absolute preventive of such a step is provided in the added condition that, in the event of foreclosure after default by the city the persons or corporations acquiring rights shall be allowed to operate the lines for but three years from the date of "bringing such foreclosure proceedings."

With this provision operative it is held by all that no financier would lend a penny on such certificates, the only guaranty of security being the right, in the event of foreclosure of the mortgage, to operate the lines for three years.

Some Good in the Bill.

There are some champions of municipal ownership, notably Judge Tuley, who contend that the passage of the bill, if it is found absolutely impossible to secure anything else from the legislature, will insure a gain. The act is branded an "enabling act which does not enable," but the optimists contend that the first few sentences of the first clause, granting cities the power to "acquire, own, and operate street railways," allows margin for action and would remove doubt as to the legal effect and validity of such a reservation in any grant to the existing companies.

Judge Tuley from the first has been against any outright purchase by certificate issuance. Even under the substitute bill he asserts that the Toronto plan can be carried out—the city, in extension ordinances, making provision to take over the properties at the end of the term of the grant, the price to be fixed by appraisers. Then, he contends, let the city, holding full title to the traction properties, lease the lines to a syndicate on the highest bidder plan, with the provision that this succeeding syndicate shall each year set aside a percentage of the earnings—5 or 10 per cent—as a sinking fund. In a term of years, he argues, this sinking fund will pay the price set on the lines by the outgoing corporations, and thus the city can acquire complete ownership without the expenditure of a penny of its money or the issuance of a single block of certificates or bonds.

This, he holds, can be done on the first sentences of the proposed substitute measure.

Opinions of the Measure.

Expressions on the measure follow:

Mayor Harrison—The "three year" provision kills the certificate plan. How in the world could you sell certificates on merely a right to operate for three years in the event of foreclosure. I don't see why such a provision was put in. No financier in the country would take certificates or bonds on the mere right to operate three years if he had to realize on the mortgage. I don't believe there would be any danger of the city defaulting if it once took over the property, but that provision would prevent any sale of certificates.

Judge Edward F. Dunne—The bill is rotten and should be denounced. The intent of that three year provision is absolutely to prevent any taking over of the properties by the city through the issuance of certificates. It would operate most effectively to the purpose intended. The bill looks to be the product of an anti-municipal ownership clique.

Ald. Bennett, chairman local transportation committee—A cursory reading shows the bill weak in the three year provision. That would absolutely prevent the sale of certificates. No one would lend money to build a plant, and then under foreclosure, if that resulted, get only junk.

Ald. Mavor—That bill is worthless. Its talk of a certificate plan is all nonsense. There would be no market and certificates could not be sold at 3 cents. It does not give the city the right, either, to insert a municipal ownership clause in any franchise contract without first submitting the question to the people. That bill leaves the city in the same position as it now is.

John C. Mathis, special counsel for the city on traction problem—The three year provision would absolutely nullify the certificate plan. Only the first few sentences are of any value in that they provide municipal ownership right to cities.

Walter L. Fisher, secretary Municipal Voters' league—It has only one possible merit—the grant in the first sentence of the bald municipal ownership right. The remainder of the measure is valueless to Chicago under its existing legal and financial limitations. It confers on cities the naked legal authority to acquire and operate railways, but it denies all practical means of carrying this power into operation.

Lack of a Condemnation Clause.

Lack of a condemnation clause is commented on. Judge Tuley, who urged a sweeping provision of this kind in the Mueller bill, asserts, however, that there is no hope for a measure containing such a provision being passed by the legislature.

"If a sweeping clause, granting the city the right of condemnation of traction properties in order to take them over, could be passed," said he, "the traction question could be settled in ninety days."

It is likely that big Chicago delegations will go to Springfield to urge amendments to the present measure.

Coyne to Appoint New Clerks.

Postmaster Coyne has authority to appoint 207 new clerks July 1, and to assist him in securing an eligible list the civil service commission has called for a special examination to be held at the postoffice April 29. Applicants for the position of carrier will also be examined that date, but there are said to be nearly enough men on the waiting list to fill all vacancies of this kind.

STRIKE AT ELECTION LAW

AMENDMENTS PENDING AT SPRINGFIELD CONDEMNED.

One Bill Aims to Make Challengers Pass on Who May Vote at Primaries—Other Paves Way for Employment of Irresponsible Men as Officials in Polling Booths—Judge Carter and Members of Board Find the Plan Objectionable.

Two bills seeking to amend the election laws which control in Chicago are pending before the state legislature, and election officials assert that their enactment will endanger the safeguards which, after years of effort, have been thrown about primary elections.

One bill, it is held, aims practically to take out of the hands of the judges of the primary districts the right of determining who may cast ballots at primary elections and to vest this power in the challengers of the various parties who are in the polling places. It would open the way to obstruction tactics, it is contended, which would prevent voters from reaching the ballot box.

An excuse given for the proposed step is that the amendment would make these challengers "officers of the County court," but the bill is so worded that no record nor trace whatever could be kept of these men, who could allow or reject votes at will. In addition extra election expenses are provided, the bill carrying the provision that challengers shall receive $1 for services on each election day, the money to come from the public funds.

The second bill, it is charged, aims at paving the way for using "floaters" as election officials in various wards. It strikes from the present law the provision requiring that judges of election be "householders." Judge Carter and members of the election board are outspoken against the measures. It is said that champions of the amendments have been circulating the report at Springfield that the board of election commissioners favors the amendments. The two members now in the city—Commissioners Judge and Malley—assert that they never have been consulted regarding the pending bills.

"House bill 273, amending the primary law, passed the house and has been sent to the senate," said Judge Carter. "It is a bad measure. It places in the hands of the challengers on primary day practically the sole authority to decide who shall vote without being compelled to swear in their votes."

MORE TALK IN BROSSEAU CASE.

Miss Mills' Attorney Promises to "Tell All" and Clear Client of Suspicion.

The Dorothy Mills-Z. P. Brosseau controversy simmered down yesterday to a matter of conflicting statements. While the principals remained silent, their seconds were busy giving out their versions of the affair or in preparing these versions. E. F. Thompson, Miss Mills' present attorney, promises to make a "full" statement today, in which, he says, he will exonerate his client of complicity in any conspiracy.

"If she or any strange client had come to me and asked my advice professionally I would not have recommended the starting of a suit," was all he would say.

H. J. Furber Jr. retorted that if Thompson's statement contained any reflection on himself or counsel in the case affidavits would be presented showing the correctness of their position as regards honor and professional etiquette.

Henri Merou, French consul, who has been mentioned as a party to a wrangle in the Alliance Française, out of which a motive for the suit might have arisen, issued a long defense. In his capacity as consul, he contends, he was justified in taking a leading part in the affairs of the alliance.

ARMOUR CHILD STILL IMPROVES.

Second Day After Removal of Cast Dr. Lorenz Pronounces Operation a Success—Family Happy.

Lolita, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, can walk almost like any other child, and there is rejoicing in the Armour household.

The operation performed on the child six months ago by Dr. Lorenz has been apparently successful, and yesterday, the second day after the removal of the cast, it appeared that the little girl will be able to walk, dance, and exercise in a normal manner after she has gone through the after-treatment necessary in such cases.

"The girl is doing splendidly," said Dr. Lorenz, when he was seen at the Auditorium last night, "and I am satisfied with the progress she has made. Her complete restoration to a normal condition is merely a question of time. I shall continue my visits at the Armour residence daily, as I do not intend to entrust the case to any one else."

Dr. Lorenz will hold no open clinics during his stay in Chicago, but will receive some of his Chicago patients in his spare time. As soon as he can safely leave Lolita Armour he expects to make an extended tour through the northwest.

STRIKES A GIRL; LYNCHING CRIES.

Angry Crowd Calls for Rope and Threatens Vengeance on Charles Hobbins.

EXCITING TIME IN DEPOT.

Police Arrive and Rescue the Man Who Brutally Attacked Miss Ida Johnes.

"Get a rope! Lynch him! Lynch him!"

An angry crowd of more than a hundred persons in the Grand Central station last night shouted this threat against Charles Hobbins, and a squad of policemen from the Harrison street station arrived just in time to save the man.

The cause of the general outburst of anger was an attack which Hobbins had just made on a young woman, alleged to be his fiancée, who gave the name of Ida Johnes and who said she lived at 259 Dearborn avenue.

Miss Johnes went to the station at 7 p. m. in answer to a telegram which she later said probably had been sent by Hobbins, who was in the depot when she arrived, and who at once engaged her in conversation.

Strikes Girl in Face.

While they were standing together in the woman's waiting room Hobbins is reported to have said:

"If you will not marry me I shall see that you marry no one else."

With that, eye witnesses say, he rushed at her and struck her several heavy blows, even striking her as she was falling. Her nose was broken, one side of her face was badly bruised, and she was almost unconscious.

Crowd Falls on Hobbins.

Screams of women in the waiting room, with the cries of Miss Johnes, were responded to by the crowd, which leaped upon Hobbins, knocking him to the floor, and there using fists and feet. Women then cheered and in the excitement some one called for a rope.

"He knocked down a girl; lynch him!" was the cry.

The call was instantly taken up, and within a minute the crowd, greatly increased in numbers, was trying to take the man out of the door. His coat was torn from his back and his shirt torn into ribbons.

Hobbins struggled fiercely. He struck out about him, but was being overpowered when the patrol wagon arrived and six policemen bore down on the struggling men.

Rescued by Police.

The crowd sought to evade the patrolmen by turning toward another door, but here again it was met by policemen, strengthened by the station guards. Using their clubs to clear the path, the men in uniform reached those holding Hobbins and with a rush took the prisoner.

Hobbins was badly bruised, was bleeding from many wounds, and was scarcely able to stand. He was taken to the Harrison street station and into Lieut. Gallagher's office, but refused to make a statement. He lives at 280 Erie street, is a brass molder, and 28 years old.

Lured to the Depot.

Miss Johnes told Lieut. Gallagher that for over a year she had been courted by two men. Hobbins was one of them, but she would not reveal the name of the other. She said that several months ago she became engaged to Hobbins.

Following the engagement, she said, she still received attentions from the other young man, and the rivalry came to a climax yesterday. Miss Johnes says that she received a telegram signed by Hobbins' rival. It requested her presence at the Grand Central depot, and informed her that the signer was about to leave the city.

Miss Johnes said she went to the depot with the belief that the telegram was genuine, but was met by Hobbins.

Hobbins was first charged with assault, but Miss Johnes said she would not appear to prosecute, and the charge of disorderly conduct was added, on which Hobbins probably will have a hearing today. Miss Johnes said she would return to her home at 259 Dearborn avenue, but no such number could be found.

Dr. Harper to Receive a Degree.

President William R. Harper of the University of Chicago left for Waco, Tex., yesterday afternoon, where he will deliver an address at the opening of two new buildings of the Baylor university. Baylor is a Baptist institution, and is in close association with the University of Chicago. The trustees will confer the honorary degree of LL. D. on President Harper.

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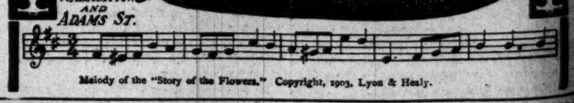

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MAYOR MAY PART WITH REYNOLDS.

Hull House Inquiry May Possibly Bring New Head for Health Department.

MUST DISPROVE CHARGES

University of Chicago Is Arraigned for Violating Sanitary Ordinances.

An unexpected change in Mayor Harrison's cabinet may result from the health department investigation. Commissioner A. R. Reynolds' chances of reappointment depend on the state of affairs disclosed by the approaching inquiry. If it be proved that the mortality record of the city has been increased by the failure of the health authorities to enforce ordinances the mayor may choose a new official.

In attempts to explain why such conditions as were exposed in the Hull house report have been allowed to exist the health commissioner shifts the blame to the shoulders of property owners. In making this explanation some of the health officials disclaim any intention to get from under any accountability which may be found to rest on them, asserting that they wish merely to have it equalized, and to have all responsible persons judged together.

Should Prevent Violations.

Mayor Harrison admits that the property owner must have been equally responsible with the officials for violations, but holds that the department is created to prevent and not to permit them.

Some indications of his attitude towards the health officials are given by the manner in which he took Commissioner Reynolds to task, and again in his statement of yesterday, when he said:

"It will do the health department good to be subjected to a thorough investigation. That bureau has not been shaken up for six years, and it will be just as well to remind the officials that the people are watching them. The throttle will be thrown wide open. The civil service commission can go ahead and make conditions in every ward of the city the subject of inquiry. It is expected that when the investigation is once opened plenty of evidence will be volunteered by citizens."

Progress of the Inquiry.

The progress of the inquiry yesterday brought out the following:

A charge that the University of Chicago owns the "largest amount of the worst property" in Chicago, and that President Harper had refused to discuss matters of repair with the health authorities.

A decision from Commissioner Block1 that the results of the investigation at the Harrison street pumping station regarding the pollution of drinking water by sewage would not warrant the filing of charges against the engineers in charge of the station. The charge of pollution was made by Commissioner Reynolds on Thursday.

Action by the health department to force ex-Ald. John Neagle to clean up his premises at 324 South Halsted street and remedy conditions which have been a subject of complaint for nearly a year.

An effort on the part of the officials to trace a complaint concerning these premises which has not been found in the records of the inspection bureau. This complaint was sent by registered letter, and Hull house holds the receipt showing its delivery.

The drawing of the formal charges against the inspectors by Corporation Counsel Walker so that legal entanglements will not be possible after the decision of the civil service commission has been given.

Arraigns the University.

The relations of the University of Chicago to the department were explained thus by one of the officials:

"The university obtained property by bequest from the Hull estate amounting to $1,000,000, it was said. At the least, a fair value now would be $500,000. This property consisted of typical Nineteenth ward houses where conditions had been such as to absolutely condemn the holders.

"A short time before the university came into possession of this property a man representing one of the owners came into my office. He said boys had destroyed some of the property and he wished the health department to permit the places to remain as they were until spring, that being in the fall.

"The proposition was simply barbarous, and I told the man to get out of the office. Within a short time this property, with that represented by the Hull estate, passed into the hands of the university. Soon after that I met Dr. Harper at a banquet. It was an opportunity I wanted in order to place matters before him.

Harper Breaks Away.

"I told him he was the man I had been wanting to see, and then related the story of the proposition with which that man had come to me, just as an example of conditions in the property now owned by the university. I was just asking him to take up the matter and give it his consideration, and endeavor to make the lives of the tenants of the university property a little more bearable, when he broke away.

"'You'll pardon me,' he said, as soon as I reached this request, 'but there's Col. Parker, and I must speak to him.'

"With that he took his departure and broke up the discussion the moment it touched on the obligations of the university towards its tenants.

"The University of Chicago owns more of the worst property in Chicago than any other property holding individual or corporation. If some of the original property owners had kept it and devoted their charity to building model tenement houses instead of fattening the university, they would have done something really creditable and something which could have counted for humanity.

"The revenue from this property in the Nineteenth ward goes to the support of a biological laboratory in the university. There is a better biological laboratory in the back yard of every one of these university houses than they can establish on the Midway."

Confirmed by Mrs. Paul.

This complaint of the health official against the university was substantiated by Mrs. Emmagene Paul, street superintendent in the Nineteenth ward.

"You can't get the university to do anything in the way of repairs," she said. "The nonresident property owners sometimes make it almost impossible to secure improvements. Then the people in the ward have no respect for anything but a uniformed policeman."

Hull house has charged the health department directly with being influenced by politicians in ex-Ald. Neagle's case. The charge is based on the alleged neglect of complaints, but it is denied by the officials.

Miss Julia Lathrop sent to the department a letter stating conditions at this house and asking that they be remedied. She had this letter registered and now holds the receipt showing that it was delivered and did reach the department. That was in February. The house remains in the same condition, it is alleged, and the records of the inspection bureau fail to show that the complaint ever was received.

"I open the mail," said Secretary Pritchard, "and distribute it to the proper bureaus of the department. There is one thing sure. I did not destroy that letter if it was received. It probably went to the inspection office."

Young Explains His Action.

Chief Sanitary Inspector Andrew Young, on whom City Prosecutor Taylor left responsibility for the dismissal of two suits concerning which he was questioned by the Mayor, said yesterday that in writing the letters requesting the dropping of the suits he was merely following the rule of the office in cases where the repairs had been made.

One of these cases happened in connection with the efforts to secure improvements at the Neagle property. There had been a conviction and Secretary Pritchard had refused to ask that the fine be remitted. Mr. Neagle made the repairs, according to the health department, and Col. Young requested Mr. Taylor to remit the fine, which was done.

RICH NEW YORK GIRL AND HER FIANCE, A FORMER CHICAGO TENEMENT WORKER.

MISS CAROLINE M. PHELPS STOKES. ROBERT HUNTER.

Robert Hunter, whose engagement to Miss Caroline M. Phelps Stokes, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes of New York City, has just been announced, is a product of Indiana and a development of Chicago. Mr. Hunter left Chicago a year ago to take charge of the university settlement in New York, and he left against the protest of all those interested in the work in Chicago. While here he established a reputation as a student of sociology and a hard worker in the uplifting of the unfortunate.

Miss Stokes' father is said to be worth $50,000,000. When her sisters were married each received $1,000,000 from her father, and Miss Stokes' friends are predicting the same good fortune for her. In her own name she is worth $1,000,000. She has been active in philanthropic work since 1900, being several years older than Mr. Hunter. Miss Stokes gave a memorial library to Ansonia, Conn., and with her sister contributed $100,000 with which to build the Yale administration building. Another donation was $30,000 to the New York Zoölogical society for the protection of birds. Her three brothers, one of whom is a clergyman, are all active tenement district workers.

Mr. Hunter yesterday leased a house in Irvington avenue, so that after their wedding in June they will not be far away from the University Settlement Society building, which was the scene of their first meeting.

CRY FOR A CLEANER CITY TAKEN UP IN RAVENSWOOD.

North Side Residents Demand That Papers Be Kept Out of Streets and Also Want New Pavements.

Ravenswood took up the cry of "cleaner Chicago" last evening with a demand at a public meeting that no more papers be thrown into the streets and that all pavements in the suburb be resurfaced.

"It behooves all householders," said F. S. Mitchell, ward superintendent, "to render what assistance they can. Janitors of flat buildings must comply with the laws. Burn your papers. If you see any person throwing them into the streets let me know and I will have him arrested."

C. C. Linthicum spoke for new pavements, as a business necessity for the ward. "If you do not want your property to shrink in value 20 per cent," he said, "you must have every street and alley in the district repaved at once. Asphalt is none too good."

Occupants of office buildings who throw bits of paper and other waste out of the windows, and janitors who brush the sweepings of offices, stores, and sidewalks into the gutters are to receive the attention of the police in the department's efforts to enforce the "clean city" ordinance. This phase of the crusade opened yesterday when the first arrests of janitors violating the ordinance were made.

Almost a half dozen arrests of teamsters who hauled débris in wagons with broken boxes that allowed the waste to scatter along the streets were further results of the day's efforts of the police. In Justice Prindiville's court fines of $3 and costs were imposed on eight offenders.

B. F. Dodge, janitor, employed by Kellogg, Mackey & Cameron, dealers in steam supplies at Franklin and Lake streets, was the first man arrested. He was seen sweeping sidewalk dust into the gutter by Policeman Peckham shortly after 8 o'clock in the morning. Dodge said he was ignorant of the law. He was fined $3 and costs.

REJECTS FOOD BILLS FOR JAIL.

County Board Finance Committee Wants Sheriff Barrett to Give Figures in Detail.

The first grist of monthly bills for dieting prisoners in the county jail which Sheriff Thomas E. Barrett presented were rejected by the finance committee of the county board yesterday. The committee wanted more detailed information than the sheriff's report included.

The bills presented were for December, January, and February, and were based on a schedule of 20 cents a day for each prisoner. The totals for the three months of Sheriff Barrett's administration, as set forth in the bills, were: December, $3,198.38; January, $2,913.21; February, $3,001.53.

The committee wanted a report from the sheriff of the name of each prisoner accommodated and the number of days of his imprisonment. This information Mr. Peters says he has.

D'ANDREA FREE FOR A WEEK.

Convicted Language Teacher in Chicago Arranging His Business Before Going to Prison.

Antonio d'Andrea, a teacher of languages on the south side, has been temporarily released from custody to allow him to terminate business in which he has been engaged. D'Andrea is under sentence to thirteen months in the penitentiary for having counterfeit coins in his possession. He is allowed a week under heavy bonds before the sentence will be enforced. Deputies in the United States marshal's office yesterday were surprised by a rumor that D'Andrea had been killed in New York City. The report came from Buffalo. Several of the deputies saw D'Andrea in Chicago yesterday.

QUIGLEY CHURCH CLUB'S GUEST

Archbishop Is Entertained by Sherman Council, Y. M. I.—Three Hundred Members Present.

Archbishop Quigley was the guest of Sherman council, Young Men's Institute, last evening, in the clubhouse at Cass and Superior streets. He was introduced by Father F. M. O'Brien and welcomed in behalf of the organization by Thomas B. Lantry, president of the council.

The work and purpose of the organization were praised by the archbishop, who spoke of the similar organizations in the east and in Buffalo particularly. More than 300 members were present.

Robbery Report Startles Police.

A patrol wagon and a dozen policemen were hurried to Nineteenth and State streets last evening on the report that several men had entered a cable car and at the point of their revolvers robbed the passengers, shot out the lights, and then escaped. When the policemen arrived at the place nothing could be found to indicate that there had been any trouble in the neighborhood.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, blind, bleeding, and protruding piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and it is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c.

SHOT FIRED IN A SALOON COSTS LIFE IN A HOSPITAL.

Fred Johnson Dies from Bullet Wound Following Quarrel with Charles Bowman—Others Get Into Trouble.

Fred Johnson, 30 years old, 196 Gault court, is dead at the Policlinic hospital from a bullet wound sustained in a quarrel in William Peterson's saloon, 55 East Chicago avenue, yesterday afternoon. Johnson was shot by Charles Bowman, a saloonkeeper at 85 East Chicago avenue, with whom Johnson is said to have quarreled. Bowman, who is under arrest, claims self-defense. Before he died Johnson said that Bowman shot him without provocation.

Tries to Avenge Son.—With a revolver in his overcoat pocket, George Barrett, who lives at 409 North Clark street, started out yesterday afternoon to avenge the shooting of his son, Charles, who was wounded Sunday by Charles Props, a restaurantkeeper at 149 North Clark street. Before Barrett could carry out his threats he was arrested. Young Barrett, who is in the County hospital, was shot in the back. Props says he fired in self-defense.

Resists the Police.—Daniel McCarty, 51 Gault court, charged with having made threats to kill his wife, resisted the police, but was arrested. He is said to have tried to use a revolver.

Wound Proves Fatal.—Steven Martin, 2952 Quinn street, who was shot Wednesday evening by Michael Venner, a watchman employed at the starch works of Stein, Hirsh & Co., 2597 Archer avenue, is dead at the County hospital. The shooting followed a quarrel.

BRIDE OF THREE WEEKS SEEKS HUSBAND AND $2,000.

Matrimonial Bureau Victim Seeks Police Help to Find Man Who She Fears Has Taken All Her Property.

More than one person in Chicago was wondering yesterday who Henry A. Baker was and where he was. The police were looking for the man on the complaint of his wife, who said he had mysteriously disappeared from his hotel. Mrs. Baker, who married him three weeks ago, after an introduction through a matrimonial agency, and who had intrusted to him $2,000, all she possessed, was most anxious of all.

All that is known of Baker, his business, and resources, is told by his wife. She insists he is a man of large means and income, for he told her so. She was formerly Mrs. Maggie Kelly, a widow, living in Appleton, Wis. In January of this year she was addressed by Walter McDonald's matrimonial agency, 483 West Madison street.

"I answered the letter," she said, "and received the name and address of Mr. Baker. He was represented as a rich New York broker. I entered into a correspondence with him. Letters from him came to me from New York, from Michigan, and from Columbus, O. At length he reached Chicago and I agreed to come here to meet and marry him."

Dr. W. Lewis Tallman says Baker forgot to settle a bill for $50 held by the physician.

"Although I am constantly on the watch for such fellows," Dr. Tallman said, "Baker was too smooth for me."

SUES DOWIE FOR FIRE ESCAPES.

City to Bring Action Against General Overseer for Alleged Violation of the Building Ordinance.

City Prosecutor Taylor yesterday ordered a suit started in Justice Gibbons' court against John Alexander Dowie for alleged failure to provide fire escapes for the big building at the southeast corner of Michigan avenue and Twelfth street. The suit was brought at the request of Acting Building Commissioner O'Shea.

Another suit in which Dowie is the defendant will soon be called before Judge Dunne. The complainant is Thomas Rundle of Loda, Ill., who is contesting the will of his sister, Mrs. Jane Lill.

Mrs. Lill left $2,500 to Dowie and also the remainder of her estate after certain bequests had been paid, for the purpose of founding a home for the orphan children of the Christian Catholic church.

ELECTION BOARD WILL WAIT.

Votes to Postpone a Week the Matter of Recounting Sixth District Ballots.

In view of the expected early decision by the Supreme court the board of election commissioners yesterday postponed till next Thursday the question of opening the ballots cast in the Sixth congressional district.

The habeas corpus case is to be argued at Springfield on Monday, and if the court acts promptly and favorably the ballots in the Durborow-Lorimer contest will be opened next Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Chief O'Neill says he has no new reports of an intention of blowing up the vaults. His guard is still maintained on the roof and in the city hall attic.

Entertainment by Armour Students.

The senior class of the scientific academy at Armour institute is preparing an entertainment under the name of a "Night in Armour." It will be given next Friday evening at the institute mission.

TEAMS AT WORK; BLOW TO STRIKE.

Drivers Abide by Their Contracts and Haul for the Gas Company.

SEE BEGINNING OF END.

Union Men Discouraged, While Employers Are Confident of Victory.

By living up to their agreements and returning to work, the teamsters who haul for the People's Gaslight and Coke company yesterday left the striking gasworkers, statement takers, and miscellaneous employés to wage the fight alone.

The refusal of the teamsters to continue in the struggle brought an end to all fear of a gas shortage. Even the active strikers acknowledge that prospects of crippling the company are slight, and there is talk of abandoning the strike.

The decision of the teamsters to abide by their contracts has stirred up the ire of the other unions that belong to the Chicago Federation of Labor. Their action is held to be a blow to the union cause, and many of the labor leaders are declaring that the teamsters should be forced out of the federation. This bitterness will find voice in the meeting of the federation on Sunday, when the position of the teamsters will be discussed. President Young will be in Chicago at that time and will defend his organization and its right to live up to its contracts.

Teamsters Induced to Work.

The gas company and F. G. Hartwell, who holds the contract for all of its teaming, made extensive preparations yesterday morning to give the teamsters ample protection. The situation was threatening, as at o'clock the barns of the company at Laki and Sheldon streets and Stewart avenue and Forty-sixth street were surrounded with strikers intent on preventing the wagons from leaving.

The teamsters themselves seemed uncertain. All had received orders to take out the teams, but none was willing to make the first move. While they were discussing the matter Business Agent Milton Booth of the coal teamsters drove up with Mr. Hartwell.

"Every one of you fellows start to work," ordered Booth, and with that the teams started out, while a large detail of police kept the strikers back.

Booth then hurried to the barns at Stewart avenue and Forty-sixth street, where the teamsters were persuaded to return to work.

Strikers Are Discouraged.

The officers of the gasworkers and the statement takers were discouraged over the desertion of the teamsters and the manner in which Judge Holdom's injunction has been enforced. The pickets, who have been using threats and violence, have changed their tactics through fear of arrest, and their officers have ordered them to remain quiet until after May 1, when Judge Holdom will decide whether the injunction is to be dissolved or made permanent.

Constables armed with "John Doe" warrants were in the vicinity of all the gas plants all day. In the afternoon they arrested W. J. Sloan, one of the pickets at the Twenty-second street and Center avenue plant, on a warrant charging him with intimidation. Later in the day Patrick Powers, a laborer employed at the same place, swore out warrants against William Kennedy, charging him with the same offense.

During the afternoon Chief O'Neill heard evidence against Patrolman Driscoll and suspended him pending a hearing by the trial board. It is asserted that Driscoll, instead of obeying the orders to protect the property of the company, took the part of the strikers and allowed assaults to be committed by them.

"We have reached the beginning of the end of the trouble," said an official of the gas company last night. "The action of the teamsters redounds to their credit."

STUDENT STOKERS RETURN SAFE

Five Young Men Satisfied with Experience in Firing a Steamer to Buffalo.

Five University of Chicago athletes, who shipped as stokers on boats going from Chicago to Buffalo a week ago, returned to the university last evening none the worse for wear. Tommy Taylor, James Carroll, Arthur Sullivan, Babb Andrews, and Frank G. Burrows were the young men, who returned to their studies richer by six days' experience at shoveling coal and by $30 cash. Some of the men will compete in athletic events today.

"A stowaway walking delegate and a fireman, who struck as soon as we got out of the harbor at South Chicago, threatened to kill us if we did not leave the boats," said Taylor, "and that was the only actual threat made.

"At Buffalo three policemen and two private detectives escorted us through the lumber yards to the railway station. There the ship company bought tickets to Chicago for us. It was more fun than a track meet, and we were well paid."

MARINE FIREMEN'S STRIKE OVER

Men Will Report for Duty at Every Port Affected Today—Wage Rate Fixed.

Buffalo, N. Y., April 17.—The strike of marine firemen, which for nearly three weeks has delayed navigation on the great lakes, was ended tonight. Tomorrow the strikers will report for duty at every port on the lakes. Peace comes as a result of arbitration, and both the strikers and Lake Carriers' association, against which the strike was directed, make concessions. By today's settlement the men will be paid $47.50 per month until Oct. 1, and $65 per month from then to the season's end. The firemen waive their right to payment of 25 cents an hour overtime—that is, for work done when not on duty—which was offered to them by the carriers when the $45 scale was determined upon.

The Chicago police were called on last night to guard nonunion men on the steamer Clarion at the foot of South Water street, and later the police were called to suppress trouble on the Richardson in the Calumet river.

PREPARE TO FIGHT BAKERS.

Employers Declare It Would Ruin Them to Grant Increase That Is Demanded.

The employing bakers are preparing to resist the demand that has been made for increased wages. It is declared by the officers of their association that if the union is given what it desires many of the bakers will be forced out of business, as they cannot meet the competition of the larger houses. There are 900 bakeries in the city and the union has organized over 600 of them. The union demands an increase of $1 a week. The foremen now get $16, the bench hands $14, and the helpers $12. The bakers also announce that the National Biscuit company must unionize all of its plants or suffer from a strike. At present the company is doing about half of its work with nonunion men.

News of the Labor World.

Four hundred brickmakers and teamsters employed by eleven concerns in Cleveland have gone on strike for higher wages, and as a result the brickyards are idle.

The workers in the nine paper mills of the Kimberley & Clark company in the Fox river valley of Wisconsin will strike on Saturday, having refused the terms offered.

The joint conference committee of miners and operators at Huntingtown, W. Va., have agreed on a scale.

LIVES IN PERIL AT A FIRE.

WOMAN, CHILD IN ARMS, TRIES TO JUMP FROM LADDER.

Blaze in Cazenovia Apartments in Oakwood Boulevard Frightens Mrs. R. S. Knox Into a Desperate Attempt to Get Out—Husband, Who Was Ill in Bed, Runs to Window, Pulls Wife Back Into House, and Carries Her Downstairs—Firemen Cut by Glass.

Rendered hysterical by fire in the apartment below her, Mrs. R. S. Knox, an occupant of the fourth or top floor of the Cazenovia building, 569-571 Oakwood boulevard, took her baby from the cradle, ran to the fire escape in the rear, and was about to leap, it is said, when her husband seized her arm and carried her down the stairs through dense smoke. Several persons were slightly hurt at the fire.

The Injured.

Burns, F. K., engine company No. 45, cut by glass.
Evans, L. J., resident of flats, cut in hands by glass.
Hobbs, Richard, hose cart No. 45, bruised by falling timbers and cut by glass.

Mr. Knox, who was sick in bed, was awakened by the noise of the fire department and the smoke. As he ran to the rear of his apartments he saw his wife, hysterical from fright, on the rear fire escape.

He called to his wife and then forcibly drew her back into the apartment and carried her downstairs.

A short time afterward the fire reached the fourth floor of the building, and before the arrival of the fire department it broke through the roof.

Upon the arrival of Marshal Pazen a second alarm was turned in. The upper portion of the building was wrapped in flames, and the Montezuma apartment, which adjoins the Cazenovia on the east, was threatened.

Many large buildings are near the Cazenovia, and from previous fire disasters in that locality the fire department decided that no chance should be taken. A number of leads of hose were laid to the building, and soon a flood of water was poured inside. The fire was soon quenched, the principal damage being from water.

Loss Is $18,000.

The loss is $18,000, of which $10,000 is to the building and $8,000 to the contents.

The occupants and their losses are:

E. B. Ferguson	$ 400
R. S. Sayre	1,000
George Braslen	2,500
N. C. Rice, F. N. Mercer, Mrs. Mary Cryan, Miss Anna Rafferty	3,000
Mrs. H. Evans, L. J. Evans	1,000
R. S. Knox	1,000

Joseph Donnersberger, the owner of the building, said last evening:

"I value the building at $35,000. It is fully covered by insurance."

STEALS HER WEDDING GOWN AND POLICE STOP MARRIAGE.

Lena Rozenski's Love for Finery Keeps Her from Becoming a Bride, at Least for the Present.

Desire for wedding finery led Lena Rozinski to commit theft and yesterday she was arrested while arrayed in a stolen dress and wearing stolen jewels. Detectives took her in custody at 18 O'Brien street shortly before the hour set for the ceremony that was to have made her the wife of Stanislaus Nawatski. Miss Rozinski, who is 22 years old, had been employed by Mrs. Ella Rosenberg, 275 East Thirty-fifth street, and it was from Mrs. Rosenberg that she stole a silk dress and all the jewelry she could lay her hands on. When taken to the Maxwell street police station the young woman wept and admitted her guilt, while Nawatski, still loyal, went out to look for a bondsman.

Double Bigamy Charged.—Another love affair that was upset by the police concerns Anthony Komitsky and Mary Spring. They were married on April 13, and yesterday they were arrested, each on a charge of bigamy. The bride, who is only 19 years old, admits that she has a husband at Spring Valley, while Komitsky is said to have a wife and children in Europe. Mrs. Spring says she her husband because he drank and mistreated her.

This Girl Determined.—Margaret A. Henneberry, 18 years old, who some time ago sued Paul Springer for breach of promise, appeared in the Hyde Park police court yesterday to prosecute Springer on a criminal charge. The case was continued.

Mexican's Plea Denied.—Judge Clifford ruled yesterday that he had jurisdiction in the divorce suit brought against Joaquin Vargas, vice consul from Mexico. Vargas contended he was responsible only to the courts of his native land.

GAS FAILS: RUMOR OF TRICK.

Wilmette Supply Interrupted and Citizens Talk of Discipline by the Company.

Interruption of the gas service in Wilmette at dinner time Thursday evening and again at breakfast time yesterday morning caused great inconvenience to the residents of the suburb and gave rise to the report that the consumers were being disciplined by the gas company in Evanston, which supplies the fluid to Wilmette. That the interruption of the service was intentional was denied by representatives of the Northwestern Gaslight and Coke company, who declared that water in the mains caused the trouble. Wilmette and the gas company have been at odds for some time over the fact that the street lamps in the suburb are left burning during the day.

TAKES A DARE: ALMOST KILLED.

Jesse Lynch, Porter at 218 Market Street, Tries to Jump on a Moving Elevator Car.

Accepting a wager that he was afraid to board a moving elevator car, Jesse Lynch, a porter, 18 years old, 2943 Armour avenue, attempted to leap into a car as it passed the fourth floor of a wholesale clothing store at 218 Market street last evening. He missed the car, which was rising rapidly, caught the cable under it, and slid down the cable to the first floor, where he narrowly escaped death from being crushed under the car when it descended. He sustained several severe bruises and probably a fracture of the skull.

GEN. BATES RETURNS TO CITY.

Takes Up Official Residence Here as the Commander of the Department of the Lakes.

Maj. Gen. John C. Bates, who was appointed commander of the department of the lakes a month ago, to succeed Maj. Gen. MacArthur, arrived in Chicago yesterday, and will make his official residence here in the future. He is staying at the Auditorium Annex. Accompanying the new commander was Capt. Horace M. Reeves, his principal aid. Gen. Bates was until recently commander of the department of the Missouri, with headquarters at Omaha.

ASKS RECEIVER FOR A SCHOOL.

Bill Filed Seeking to Have Courts Take Charge of Boston Musical Concern.

A bill asking for a receiver for the Boston School of Music was filed yesterday by Lewis P. Coyle, until recently sales manager for the concern. Coyle charges that S. C. Osborn, the general manager of the school, is withholding money due him for services. The defendant concern has schools at 174 Ashland boulevard, 6203 Wentworth avenue, and in Fullerton avenue.

Workingwomen's Home Election.

At an annual meeting of the managers of the Workingwomen's Home association last evening Mrs. Clara P. Kendall was elected president, Miss Amelia Stegman secretary, and Richard Walsh treasurer. Mrs. Laura G. Fixen is to be business manager. During the year the association aided 700 women.

MANY INDICTED IN PORTO RICO.

True Bills Against Members of Army, Marines, and Department Employes.

DIVISION IN GRAND JURY.

Additional Arrests Made in Mayaguez of Officials Accused of Variety of Offenses.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, April 17.—The grand jury which has been investigating the smuggling frauds here has found a number of indictments, exactly how many is not definitely known. It is currently reported that among those indicted are Rear Admiral Stirling, Capt. Lowndes, Lieut. Smith of the Marine corps, Robert Giles, an engineer; Benjamin Butler, former supervisor or elections; and Capt. Crabbe of the army. Arrests are expected to be made tomorrow.

No indictments were found against Commander Mentz, commander of the lighthouse station, Capt. Dunlap, commander of the naval station, or Mr. Howard.

Some members of the grand jury wanted to indict Walter St. Elmo, the custome official and star witness for the prosecution, who went to St. Thomas disguised as a sailor to obtain evidence against the accused.

Americans Fight Indictment.

There was a big fight over the question of bringing in the indictments and the Americans on the jury fought against finding true bills in every case. It is reported that J. H. Da Luce, a member of the De Ford Banking company, led the opposition and influenced the jury to such an extent that a majority could not be secured in several cases in favor of the indictments.

More Arrests at Mayaguez.

Additional arrests have been made at Mayaguez of officials accused of perjury, forgery, and larceny. All those arrested were held in heavy bail.

Señor Raez, commissioner of public works, was arrested and held in $16,000 bail in addition to the bonds of $35,000 he has already furnished on other charges in connection with the frauds.

Mayor Mateo Fajardo of Mayaguez also has been arrested on three charges of fraud. He is held in $10,000 bail on each charge. He was taken to jail this evening, followed by twenty carriages and tremendous crowds, including women and children, crying, wailing, and decrying the police. The public prosecutor called on the president of the council, Juan Rievera, the next in authority, and demanded that he turn over the city government to him.

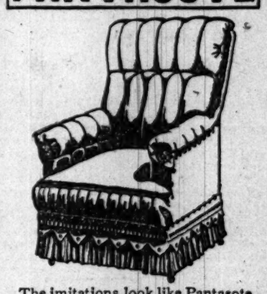
The public prosecutor then took possession and is temporarily administering the affairs. Gov. Hunt is directing matters by telegraph through Chief of Police Hamill, who was sent there for that purpose. In addition to the mayor and the superintendent of public works the former chief of police, the market superintendent, and four other employes of the public works department were taken to jail.

Killed by Train at Kensington.

While crossing the Illinois Central tracks at One Hundred and Eleventh street, Kensington, last evening, Joshua Jamison, 60 years old, 5427 Indiana avenue, was struck by a south bound suburban train and instantly killed. Jamison, who was married and worked in the Pullman car shops, was on his way to his home at 5427 Indiana avenue, when the accident occurred.

There are CHEATS sold for

PANTASOTE



The imitations look like Pantasote, but their surfaces become hard and brittle, crack, scale and crumble, are dangerously inflammable, and generally worthless.

Pantasote Is Always Satisfactory.

It is always flexible, grows handsomer as it grows older, never cracks, peels or rots; has a **fireproof**, waterproof, greaseproof and stainproof surface and can be easily cleansed with soap and water. It looks exactly like morocco, wears **longer** and costs half as much.

Adopted by the **U. S. Government** and used for ten years by leading Railways, Steamship lines, and Furniture and Carriage Upholsterers.

The name **"Pantasote"** is stamped on selvage edge of goods in the piece. Insist on getting the genuine and let us know if you don't. Samples free on application.

Pantasote Co., 11 Broadway, N. Y. City.

SOLD BY LUSKY PAYN & CO., MARSHALL FIELD & CO., F. A. RAUCH & CO., THE FAIR.

EVERY SUNDAY

Until further notice "The Only Way"

CHICAGO & ALTON RAILWAY

Will sell ROUND TRIP

EXCURSION TICKETS

at the following low rates:

To Wilmington, Braidwood, Braceville, Gardner and Dwight	$1.50
Odell, Cayuga, Pontiac and Ocoya	ONE FARE
Chenoa, Lexington, Towanda, Normal and Bloomington	$3.00

For further particulars address City Ticket Office, 101 Adams-st., Phone Central 1767, and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts., Phone Main 2123.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

LOSS TO WORKMEN

A PROMINENT LABOR LEADER DISCUSSES AN ISSUE.

Gives His Own Experience as an Employee in the Railroad Shops—Couldn't Afford to be Sick.

Mr. A. C. Holmes, of Oneonta, N. Y., an employee of the railroad shops at that place, is well known in labor circles and his own experience, recently related, deserves the attention of every workingman who has lost time and money on account of sickness. Mr. Holmes said:

"Two years ago I had a severe attack of grip which left me in a bad condition. I was so weak that I frequently had to lay off for two or three days at a time during a period of four or five months. I could not very well afford to do this, but there was no help for it—I simply was not able to work. I lost flesh, got nervous, had awful headaches and felt worn out all the time.

"I had read of some remarkable cures made by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People in cases like mine and so decided to try them. A few boxes helped me and I think I took ten altogether. They drove all traces of the disease out of my system and made me feel like a different man. I have told many of my acquaintances about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and what they did for me."

After an attack of the grip there is always left behind some troublesome effects. Often these are worse than the disease itself and seem to baffle all efforts of physicians. Health is shattered—the blood becomes poor, the flesh falls away, the sufferer grows nervous and irritable, and even slight exertion causes shortness of breath. These are dangerous symptoms and indicate that the system is in a state that invites pneumonia, bronchitis or even consumption. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, however, will not only quickly restore the health after an attack of the grip and expel the lingering germs, but, working upon the blood, will render the system proof against the disease. In hundreds of cases just as remarkable as that of Mr. Holmes it has been shown that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have surely accomplished this result.

At all drug stores or sent postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents a box; six boxes for $2.50, by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

DR. WILLIAMS'

PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

For Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness and Swelling after meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness, Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations.

THE FIRST DOSE WILL GIVE RELIEF IN TWENTY MINUTES. This is no fiction. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one Box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be WITHOUT A RIVAL.

BEECHAM'S PILLS taken as directed, will quickly restore Females to complete health. They promptly remove any obstruction or irregularity of the system. For a

Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver,

they act like magic—a few doses will work wonders upon the Vital Organs; Strengthening the muscular System, restoring the long-lost Complexion, bringing back the keen edge of appetite, and arousing with the **Rosebud of Health the whole physical energy** of the human frame. These are "facts" admitted by thousands in all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is that **BEECHAM'S PILLS have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicines in the World.**

Beecham's Pills have been before the public for half a century, and are the most popular family medicine. No testimonials are published, as Beecham's Pills

RECOMMEND THEMSELVES.

Prepared only by Thomas Beecham St. Helens, England.

Sold everywhere in Boxes 10c, and 25c.

ONE OF THE SIGHTS OF CHICAGO.

THE CAVES OF THE AGES

OPEN AFTER THE THEATER.

A novelty in Restaurants. Beautiful spectacular display.

The owners of Berry's Restaurant have spared neither expense nor taste in making it one of the most unique and attractive in the country. The spacious room is divided into four apartments or grottos by means of arches supported on the shoulders of Michel Angelo's Angels. Each grotto represents one of the ages in the world's progressive history.

First the crude Stone age, when weapons of the chase were flint. An ape sits like a primitive ancestor grinning from behind the rocks at a dignified Eagle, while a waterfall dashes from a height in silvery spray. Next comes the Bronze age—the link between savagery and civilization. Two splendid figures in bronze copper of the Sphinx stand ready to answer riddles, such as "What shall we eat?" "What shall we drink?" Adjoining comes the Iron age grotto, dominated by His Satanic Majesty, patron of industry. In contrast to the Iron age is the Golden age grotto, all suffused in golden light, inhabited by cherubs symbolizing innocence and happiness.

The combined effect of the four grottos when illuminated with colored and jewel like lights, when strains of sweet music vie with playing fountains, is enchanting. You sit with feet pressed in mossy carpets, a table before you, on which may be served viands that delight the bevy of theater goers in brilliant costumes, chatting gaily about you renders all an Arabian Nights scene produced by some wizard.

Whether seated in the Iron or Golden age grotto, the cuisine is so perfect—the appointment so luxurious—the service so satisfactory—the prices so reasonable and Mr. W. Updike, the former manager of the Hamilton Club, so agreeable, you will be tempted to go again and again.

BERRY'S RESTAURANT 180 STATE-ST., Opposite Palmer House.

TAKE ELEVATOR.

Work plus material

Putting it on costs three or four times as much as the paint. The house is worth fifty times both.

We believe it pays to pay for having Devoe paint put on by a man who knows how: any good painter.

Consider the value of the property; that painting is a once-in-three-or-four-years' job: use Devoe and a good painter.

GOOD-PAINT DEVOE, CHICAGO

CLASSIFIED ADS.

TO SECURE INSERTION IN ALL EDITIONS OF

"The Sunday Tribune"

CLASSIFIED ADS. MUST BE IN THIS OFFICE FRIDAY.

It Pays to Advertise in The Tribune.

IRELAND UNITES ON A LAND ACT.

Landlords and Tenants Agree Upon Changes in the Wyndham Purchase Bill.

MEANS END OF LONG WAR

John Redmond Believes Parliament Will Accept the Proposed Amendments.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

DUBLIN, April 17.—The Irish landlords and the Irish tenants have united in asking parliament to pass the Wyndham land bill as amended by the Dublin convention.

The convention adjourned today after having agreed upon all amendments desired. Then Lord Dunraven, Lord Mayo, and Capt. Shawe-Taylor, representing the landlords, met and indorsed the amendments. This, it is asserted, practically assures the passage of the act.

Summing up the work of the convention, John Redmond tonight issued the following signed statement:

"The convention's recommendation will be supported by the members of the land conference, and they will be presented to the government as the demands of both landlords and tenants. I have the strongest possible hope that the government will have the wisdom to accept them.

"If all goes well, the result will be the absolute end of the land war in Ireland, the union of all classes and creeds in this country, with the inevitable result of the concession, almost immediately, certainly within the lifetime of the present generation, of a system of national self-government.

Insist on Home Rule.

A feature of the convention today was the passage of a home rule resolution, to correct a misunderstanding of some of the London newspapers. The resolution was introduced by John Redmond, and declared that the Irish nation would never be satisfied until it obtained a full measure of self-government. "No substitute," said Mr. Redmond, "can or will be accepted."

Mr. Michael Davitt briefly seconded the resolution, saying Irishmen would be neglecting their sacred duty to the cause if they did not send such a message to their race throughout the world. The resolution was carried by acclamation.

Michael Davitt had a long fight against Mr. O'Brien's peasant proprietorship proposals. He maintained that the nationalization of the land was the only method for making Ireland prosperous. When a division was threatened Mr. Redmond effected a compromise, with the result that the convention emphatically indorsed Mr. Davitt's well known theories, but retained Mr. O'Brien's suggestion.

No Home Rule, Says Balfour.

Premier Balfour, in a letter to an inquirer, emphatically repudiates any intention on the part of the government of giving home rule to Ireland.

PLANS FOR CURE OF DRUNKARDS

Anti-Alcohol Congress at Bremen Argues That Inebriety Is a Disease, Sometimes Curable.

BREMEN, April 17.—The international anti-alcohol congress today discussed drunkenness as a reason for appointing a guardian for the drunkard. Prof. Cramer argued that drunkenness is a disease sometimes curable and sometimes not. When a drunkard has been compelled to total abstinence for half a year and shows no improvement, if it is proposed to place him under a guardian it can only be done because it is a case of mental disease and not because of drunkenness.

Prof. Endemann Halle characterized the appointment of a guardian as an impracticable means of rescuing a drunkard. He advocated a law subjecting drunkards to compulsory treatment, the erection of drunkard's sanitaria, and compelling drunkards to sign a legal contract subjecting themselves to such treatment.

The courts must be allowed to sentence drunken criminals to the sanitaria as a supplement to or a substitute for regular punishment.

WORK ON PANAMA CANAL PLANS.

Commission in Conference with Director of French Works and Other of the Engineers.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

PANAMA, April 17.—A dispatch from Colon says the canal commission is busy at work with M. Renaudin, director of the canal company, accompanied by M. Birtocini, chief engineer of the technical department, who also is acting as interpreter. They are looking over the plans and arranging plans. De Boltuille, in carrying out the object of the commission, leaves Saturday morning for Panama to pay an official visit to the governor and Consul General Gudgerro.

BANDIT WAR IN MINDANAO.

Troops Disperse Ladrone Band That Raided Surigao—Disorder in Mis mis Spreading.

MANILA, April 17.—The bandits who raided Surigao, island of Mindanao, on March 23, have been dispersed. The troops pursued the men into the Lake Manit country, killing twenty and wounding many others.

The disorder in the province of Misamis, Mindanao, is spreading. People are leaving the towns and going to the mountains, and many are proclaiming themselves rebels. The troops have dispersed a band of 400, wounding thirteen men.

The government is planning to increase the military force at Misamis and inaugurate a campaign.

BRODRICK WILL BE VICEROY.

Manchester Paper Declares War Secretary Is to Succeed Lord Curzon in Spite of All Denials.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MANCHESTER, April 17.—The Dispatch, referring to the report that Secretary of War Brodrick will succeed Lord Curzon as viceroy of India, says: "Notwithstanding official or semi-official denials, the appointment of Mr. William St. John Brodrick has been decided on."

Two Found Dead in Alps.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

VIENNA, April 17.—Several mountain climbers met with an accident on the Hochschwab, in the Alps, yesterday. The bodies of two brothers named Teufelberger were found roped together in the snow. A third man, named Fielscher, is missing.

Kindergarten Union Elects.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 17.—The International Kindergarten union, at its third day's session, elected the following officers: President, Miss Annie Laws, Chicago; vice president, Miss Lucy H. Simonds, Boston; corresponding secretary and treasurer, Miss Stella Wood, Minneapolis; recording secretary, Miss Evelyn Holmes, Charleston, S. C.; auditor, Miss Georgia Allison, Pittsburg.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over 30 Years.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

USES SWORD ON CIVILIANS

GERMAN OFFICER RESENTS FAILURE OF SOLDIER TO SALUTE.

Volunteer Reproved by Insulting Epithets—Four Men Who Come to His Assistance Are Attacked and Wounded — Ensign Hussner's Case to Be Investigated by Order of the Kaiser—He Now Claims the Artilleryman Struck Him.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, April 17.—An army officer at Essen has been placed on the retired list pending an inquiry into an attack he recently made with a drawn sword upon four civilians.

The attack took place at the Monopol hotel. The officer had sharply accosted a volunteer because the latter saluted him imperfectly. The officer used insulting epithets, whereupon several guests of the hotel interfered.

Officer Attacks Civilians.

Another volunteer who was present then went to the assistance of the officer, who drew his saber and wounded several civilians. The next day the local governor ordered the hotel to be closed, the officer was placed temporarily on the retired list, and an investigation against four of the civilians was ordered.

Kaiser Orders Inquiry.

Emperor William has ordered a thorough investigation into the case of Naval Ensign Husener, who killed an artilleryman named Hartmann with his sword at Essen for not saluting him properly, according to Hussner's version of the affair.

Hussner now claims that Hartmann struck him before the fatal attack, but all the eye witnesses of the killing contradict his statement.

Hartmann was buried yesterday at Essen.

GERMANS GET FLEETS MIXED.

Berlin Press Attacking America's European Squadron Under Belief It Is the North Atlantic.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, April 17.—The visit of a part of the American European fleet to Marseilles has led the newspapers here to fall into the mistake of supposing it is identical with the north Atlantic squadron which was to have made a visit to Europe this summer. The latter was the fleet the kaiser wished to have take part in the Kiel manuevers, the declination of the invitation by Roosevelt causing considerable discussion at the time.

The Tageblatt falls into the error, and, commenting on the deprecation by the Washington government of an unfriendly interpretation in Germany of the president's action in declining, says "such a flimsy explanation will not deceive any one, and gives another lesson to those who think that the policy of princely visits, donations, concession, and withdrawal is calculated to create a permanent entente between Germany and America."

CLEWS IN BARREL MURDER.

Police Learn That Murdered Man's Clothes Had Been Removed and Others Supplied by Slayers.

New York, April 17.—[Special.]—Another important link in the chain of evidence against the Mafia band was obtained tonight by the police when they learned beyond a doubt the clothes on the body of the Italian found jammed into a barrel in Avenue D and East Eleventh street on Tuesday morning were not his own and had been put on him by his murderers, who removed much better raiment he was wearing when seen by Chief Flynn's secret service agents. Especial force is given this new evidence by the knowledge that a pair of shoes exactly like the ones the dead man wore were bought by a member of the band on Feb. 15. Inspector McClusky is confident he now has sufficient evidence to hold several of the band.

GUILTY OF ROBBING A GRAVE.

Negro Is Convicted at Indianapolis—Attorneys Exchange Hard Words and Are Fined by Court.

Indianapolis, Ind., April 17.—Sam Martin, the negro, and the first of the alleged ghouls to be tried, was found guilty this afternoon. Martin was tried for robbing the grave of Mrs. Johanna Stilz. Neither Martin nor his attorneys denied guilt. He will be sentenced by Acting Judge Thornton probably tomorrow. The penalty is three to eight years in the reformatory or state prison. As Martin is under 30 he will probably be sent to the reformatory. In the concluding scenes of the trial the lie was given by Prosecutor Ruckelshaus to Attorneys Gronlinger and McCray for the defense, and it was returned by McCray. Attorneys Ruckelshaus and McCray were each fined $5 for contempt of court.

SUSPECT PLAN TO TRAP ARMOUR

Minneapolis Traders Think Holders of Long Lines Are Making Ready to Unload on Chicago Interests.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 17.—The surprising strength of the wheat market this morning, in the face of the drastic action of the Minneapolis millers in closing down for an indefinite period, has given rise to a suspicion freely expressed among traders that the holders of large wheat lines in Minneapolis have planned to unload on Armour. Early in the day's trading it was announced that orders had been received by brokers representing the Armour interests to buy everything offered at 77½ cents or less. After the first few minutes there was nothing to be had at the figures mentioned. The millers, it was declared, were holding for a higher bid from Armour.

AGED DOCTOR DIES ON GALLOWS

James L. Gartrell Executed at Butler, Mo.—Refuses to Forgive One of His Enemies.

Butler, Mo., April 17.—[Special.]—Dr. James L. Gartrell, 68 years old, was executed today for the murder of D. B. Donegan, a Colorado miner, whom he had killed when they were camping out together. On the gallows Gartrell declared he left behind one enemy he would not forgive.

Slayer of Sweetheart Hanged.

Kansas City, Mo., April 17.—[Special.]—John Taylor, a former baseball player, was hanged here today for the murder of his sweetheart, whom he killed because of jealousy.

HOWARD TO DEFEND HIMSELF.

Man Accused of Killing Goebel Will Testify in His Own Behalf Today.

Frankfort, Ky., April 17.—Henry E. Youtsey concluded his testimony in the Howard trial this afternoon and the defense will tomorrow introduce the defendant, James B. Howard, as the first witness in his own behalf. The defense was granted the privilege of recalling Youtsey on Tuesday if it so desires. The defense has issued subpoenas for a number of witnesses with whom it is expected to contradict Youtsey.

Charter Committee Meets Tonight.

The fifteen republicans who have been waging the campaign for a constitutional amendment will meet the fifteen democrats who have been invited to become members of the committee at dinner at the Union restaurant tonight and seek to outline a definite course of action. If possible the committee will go to Springfield early next week to appear before the legislature.

Washington Lawyer a Suicide.

Washington, D. C., April 17.—Wilson G. Reed, a lawyer, who was a member of the Washington stock exchange until about a year ago, when he sold his seat, shot and killed himself about noon at his boarding house. No cause is known, unless it be some impairment of health and grief over the death of his mother.

CASTRO'S TROOPS WIN BIG VICTORY

Gen. Rolando of Rebel Army Encountered at Guatiro and Defeated.

INSURGENT LOSS HEAVY.

Government Force Expects to End Operations by Capture of Revolutionary Commander.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CARACAS, April 11.—[Delayed in transmission.]—The government has received intelligence that troops sent under Vice President Gomez to Rio Chico to attack Gen. Rolando in the rear while other troops attacked him from the front encountered Rolando's force at Guatero and routed them.

A government army assumed the defensive against the rebels under Gen. Rolando, Gen. Matos' representative, ten days ago. They marched on the camp of the revolutionists, who numbered 3,000, near Guatiro. Gen. Rolando retreated to Capaya and later to Tacarigua. He was ignorant of the fact that President Castro had sent First Vice President Gomez with 1,800 men by sea to this port with orders to attack him in the rear.

Rolando Is Surprised.

The advance guard of Gen. Rolando's force was surprised, and, after a fight lasting fourteen hours, the rebels left in the hands of the government troops 600 men, killed, wounded, or prisoners. The government troops also lost heavily.

The following morning Vice President Gomez captured 1,500,000 Mauser cartridges landed at Rio Chico some days ago for the revolutionists by the Dutch schooner Veloce from Trinidad. The rebels finding the government troops on their rear tried to escape by the road to Guapo and Alta Gracia, but were intercepted by 1,000 government troops, and, after a four hours' fight, the government captured 200 men, forty officers, and 80,000 cartridges.

Among the prisoners were Gen. M. Ortoga Martinez, formerly a minister under President Crespo and Dr. Botancourt, formerly secretary of ex-President Andrade. Found among the killed was Gen. Ramon Guzman, brother of Pablo Guzman, the revolutionary general.

Hope to Take Commander.

In consequence of the combined action of the government forces the position of Gen. Rolando is considered as lost, and he may be captured at any minute.

The government troops attacked the revolutionary forces under Gen. Riera near Coro. The battle, which lasted two days, was indecisive. The town of La Vela de Coro was occupied by the rebels for a few hours, but was recaptured by the government last Friday morning.

Story of Santo Domingo Fight.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

SANTO DOMINGO, April 8.—[Delayed.]—Since Monday morning the government troops have been within rifle range of the city walls, and each day desperate attempts have been made by them to enter, but they have as many times been repulsed by the galling fire of the insurgents and forced to take shelter out of range of their shells. It is believed that the government troops are getting short of ammunition, and that a final desperate effort will be made shortly to enter the city. It seems certain this cannot be done without great slaughter, and gravest apprehension exists that if the government forces do succeed in entering there will be wholesale looting of the city, as was the case in a little town across the river from San Carlos and another nearby town.

All last night bullets flew thick and fast all over the city. Signalman O'Connor of the American cruiser Atlanta was wounded in the left arm, and several balls struck the American consulate.

Later an armistice was obtained by the Red Cross society to bring in the wounded.

Provisions are dear and growing scarcer. This dispatch is sent by courier to Cotuy.

BALKAN CRISIS ALARMS BRITAIN.

Battleship Victorious Ordered from Malta to Volo, Owing to Threatening Aspect of Situation.

LONDON, April 18, 3 a. m.—It is stated that the British battleship Victorious has been ordered from Malta to Volo, on the Greek coast, owing to the threatening aspect of the Balkan crisis.

Sultan's Envoys in Danger.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 17.—The members of the special Turkish mission sent to pacify the Albanians are surrounded by several hundred Albanians at Ipek, and are practically prisoners.

Sultan Preparing for War.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, April 17.—A Constantinople dispatch to the Figaro says the council of war has decided to place the entrance to the Bosporus on the Black sea side in a state of defense. Fifty thousand troops will be brought over gradually from Asia Minor.

SHAMROCK III. LOSES MAST

HUGE STEEL SPAR AND ALL RIGGING SWEPT OVERBOARD.

One Man Drowned in Tangle of Ropes and Sails — Sir Thomas Lipton Thrown Down a Hatchway, but Not Seriously Hurt—Hull of the Challenger Uninjured, but Entirely New Set of Gearing Will Be Necessary—Promise to Meet Race Engagements

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

WEYMOUTH, England, April 17.—The big steel mast of Shamrock III. was broken off short today and all the rigging of the new challenger swept overboard by a sudden squall which caught the boat about a mile outside the harbor. It will be necessary to put in an entirely new mast and supply a new set of sails and rigging.

One man, James Collier, a brother-in-law of Captain Wringe, was carried overboard and drowned.

Sir Thomas Lipton was knocked down a hatchway and one of his hands slightly injured. The hull of the challenger is intact and is not believed to have suffered any from the strain and wrenching out of the mast.

Three Breaks in Mast.

After the mast went over, breaking about seven feet from the deck, it broke again with the weight of the water in the sails. Later, when an effort was made to raise it, the mast buckled again and it was finally taken aboard a lighter.

Generally speaking, the yacht and gear were quite fit to stand all racing strain. The whole accident originated in an unsuspected flaw in a turnbuckle eyepiece of steel, little thicker than a man's thumb.

The yachts were maneuvering in the roadstead under mainsails, jibs, foresails, and gaff topsails prior to the start.

Squall Strikes the Yacht.

Nearly a mile off shore Shamrock III. went about on the starboard tack, when a gust of wind out of Weymouth bay struck the yacht and completely dismantled it. The yacht's decks were crowded with Sir Thomas Lipton's guests, officers, and men. Most of the wreckage went clear of these, and many fatalities were thereby averted.

Immediately after Collier, who was handing a binocular glass to Sir Thomas Lipton, was swept overboard, Capt. Wringe ordered out a boat to search for Collier. Boats were also dropped from Shamrock I. and Erin, and in a couple of minutes these were all heading for the scene of the accident. Collier, however, never reappeared. A number of others were injured by falling gear, but none was seriously hurt. Clearing away the wreckage was a difficult task.

Lipton Promises to Race.

"The whole thing," said Sir Thomas Lipton, "was so sudden that I have not yet had time to realize the full extent of the damage. I heard only a ripping sound forward and then the whole structure wavered. While it was still swaying I was knocked down the hatchway and through the flooring. When I scrambled on deck again the whole thing was over.

"My injuries," added Sir Thomas, "are painful. I was badly shaken up by the fall and have a severely smashed hand, but everything is insignificant compared with the loss of poor Collier, who has been continuously in my service since the time of the first Shamrock."

"It is impossible yet to say how long it will take to refit the boat. My only lasting regret is the loss of the man. All the rest can be made good, and no time will be lost. It certainly means delay. How long I do not know, but it will be some weeks. I still, however, anticipate being able to fulfill my engagements off Sandy Hook on Aug. 20."

News of the accident was telegraphed to King Edward at Valetta, Island of Malta, and Sir Thomas afterwards received a message of sympathy from the king.

Denny Bros. state the dismasting of Shamrock III. will not cause much delay. Another steel mast is well forward and men were at once set to work to complete it. Denny Bros. believe a new mast can be stepped in a fortnight. The new one is longer than the broken one.

In May, 1901, Shamrock II. met with a similar accident, losing its mast and part of the rigging, missing King Edward, who was a guest of Sir Thomas at the time.

ECONOMITES SELL THEIR TOWN.

Sect 100 Years Old Transfers Its Land Holdings to Syndicate of Pittsburg Men.

Pittsburg, Pa., April 17.—All the holdings of the Economites in the Sewickly valley are said to have passed into the hands of a syndicate of Pittsburgers, the consideration being $2,500,000. The sale carries with it the title of 2,600 acres of land, including the town of Economy. Only a half dozen members of the society are living, and the sale means the practical winding up of the Economites, after an existence of over a hundred years. One of the articles of faith was celibacy.

YOUNG CHASE IN A HOSPITAL.

Legal Action in Case of Insane Millionaire Is Impossible for Several Days.

Lafayette, Ind., April 17.—Moses Fowler Chase was taken to St. Elizabeth's hospital this afternoon. It will be several days before any legal action is taken in the case. Young Chase is still in a highly nervous state, and when left alone he talks to himself. He is in the charge of his father.

WE RECEIVE LETTERS from housekeepers who have used our Cocoa and Chocolate for many years, stating that lately when they have ordered our goods other goods of greatly inferior quality have been sent to them. We find it necessary, therefore, for the protection of those who want our Cocoa and Chocolate, to warn them emphatically against these fraudulent practices and to ask them specially to look at every package they receive and see that it bears our trade-mark and correct address, as given below. Under the decisions of the United States courts no other cocoa or chocolate is entitled to be labeled or sold as "Baker's Cocoa" or "Baker's Chocolate."

Trade-Mark

If housekeepers will kindly let us know when other goods are substituted for ours, we will take steps promptly to prevent them from being further imposed upon.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd. Dorchester Massachusetts
ESTABLISHED 1780
40 Highest Awards in Europe and America

Is better than any other five cent cigar that you have ever smoked when it comes to actual quality—aside from your personal preference. "CHILDS" smokers everywhere prefer it to all others

STEELE-WEDELES CO.,
Distributors, Chicago.

Spring overcoats "to beat the band."

Their elegance and service are our best drummers. The very "cymbals" of spring o'coat perfection.

Whenever you want spring o'coats—or spring suits— that hold their shapes—that look well and wear well—and make you want more clothes of the same kind—we're at your service.

$15 to $33 for ideal spring o'coats.
$15 to $35 for the acme of spring suits.
"Your money back" if you want it.

Fine browsing in our spring hat pasture. Lots of daisies among our new Derbies and soft hats. $2 and $3 here for hat satisfaction. $4 for our "Derby specials" in hat perfection.

F. M. ATWOOD,
The Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing.
"ATWOOD BLDG." Cor. Clark and Madison Sts. We fill orders by mail.

"JULIE LE BRETON HAS THE EMOTIONS' GIFT OF THE EMOTION; HER STORMY, IMPULSIVE NATURE SETS THE NERVES OF OTHERS VIBRATING"
—*Milwaukee Free Press.*

Lady Rose's Daughter

By Mrs. Humphry Ward
Author of "Eleanor" and "Robert Elsmere"
ILLUSTRATED BY CHRISTY
HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW YORK

TO
St. Paul and Minneapolis
Round-Trip Tickets, **$13.50**

Burlington Route

The Burlington Route will sell these cheap tickets on two Tuesdays—April 21 and 28. They will be honored on our splendid limited train which leaves Chicago at 6.30 p. m.

TICKET OFFICE, 211 CLARK STREET.
Telephone, Central 3117.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 30, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until 12 o'clock m., on the 9th day of September, 1903, from patentees or their assignees for granting the use of patented improvements in mail pouch and sack opening and closing devices; also in metal clips and devices for labeling mail bags. Blank forms of bids and specifications giving full information, may be had upon application to the Second Assistant Postmaster General, Washington, D. C. R. J. WYNNE, Acting Postmaster General.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL, ETC.—Government Printing Office, Office of the Public Printer, Washington, D. C., April 4, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m., May 5, 1903, for furnishing material, etc., for the use of the Government Printing Office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904. The right to reject any and all bids and to waive defects is reserved. Detailed schedules of the material, etc., required, accompanied by blank proposals, and giving the regulations with which bidders must comply, may be obtained by addressing this office. F. W. PALMER, Public Printer.

Hat Policy

New York—Chicago.

You can get one of a thousand kinds of hats or you can get a KNOX hat. Most others are local hats. The KNOX hat is a universal gentleman's hat.

JOHN T. SHAYNE & CO.
187-189 State Street.
SOLE CHICAGO AGENTS.

INDIGESTION

December 6, 1902.

Radway & Co., New York.
Gentlemen—In regards to "Radway's Pills" I wish to say, that I have never found any remedy that can equal them.
For the past two years I was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and constipation. After eating I would have a sensation of heaviness in the stomach, feel like vomiting, pain and dizziness in the head, and then I would become nervous. I tried everything that was recommended to me. My physician told me I had chronic constipation and a sour stomach. He could relieve me somewhat, but still did not cure me. I was almost in despair. At last a friend persuaded me to try "Radway's Pills," which I did. And I am glad to say, that they not only relieved me, but positively cured me. Even after taking them only a few days, a regularity of the bowels was established, and the dyspeptic symptoms disappeared. Now I feel like a new person.
May God bless you and your wonderful remedy.
B. S. TREXLER,
Allentown, Pa.

Radway's Pills

25c a box. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. RADWAY & CO., New York. for Book of Advice.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, OFFICE of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., March 31, 1903.—SEALED PROPOSALS indorsed "Proposals for Indian School Buildings, Tongue River Agency, Montana," and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at this office until 2 o'clock p. m. of THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1903, for furnishing and delivering the necessary material and labor to construct and complete a combination dormitory, school, and mess, employes' quarters, laundry, warehouse, gashouse, and piping, and water and sewer system on the Busby Ranch, Tongue River Agency, Mont., all in strict accordance with the plans, specifications, and instructions to bidders which may be examined in this office, the U. S. Indian Warehouses, 205 South Canal Street, Chicago, Ill.; and 815 Howard Street, Omaha, Neb.; at the Builders and Traders' Exchange, Milwaukee, Wis.; the offices of the Record of Helena, Mont.; The Tribune of Chicago, Ill.; the Dispatch of St. Paul, Minn.; the Improvement Bulletin of Minneapolis, Minn.; and the U. S. Indian Agent, Tongue River Agency, Mont. For further information apply to this office or to the U. S. Indian Agent, Tongue River Agency, Mont.
W. A. JONES, Commissioner.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 2, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until Friday, the 15th of May, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., for reproducing and furnishing copies of the post-route maps every three months during the fiscal year from July 1, 1903, to June 30, 1904, and during such subsequent years until June 30, 1907, as may be required by the Postmaster General in exercise of the discretion conferred by law. Specifications giving a detailed statement of the requirements to be met in respect to this work, and also the number of sheets required of each edition, and giving full instructions as to the manner of bidding and conditions to be observed by bidders, will be furnished on application to the Topographer of the Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C. The award will be made only to a person or firm having experience in photolithographing and printing maps, and established facilities therefor. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive technical defects. R. J. WYNNE, Acting Postmaster General.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 8, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received until Tuesday, June 2, 1903, at 12 o'clock M., for furnishing all the engraved and printed matter required for the transaction of the Postal Money Order business during a period of four years, commencing September 4, 1903. The Public Printer and the Director of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing are required, by the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1883, to submit estimates for this work in competition with bidders therefor. Blank forms of bids, with samples of blanks, etc., and full specifications, will be furnished upon application to the Superintendent of the Money Order System, Washington, D. C. The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any or all bids, to waive technical defects, and to accept any part or portion of any bid and to reject the remainder. R. J. WYNNE, Acting Postmaster General.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1903.—Special proposals will be received at this Department until Monday, May 4, 1903, at 2 o'clock p. m., for furnishing paper, blank books, and other stationery, rubber goods, wrapping paper, twine, scales postmarking and rating stamps, rubber stamps, canceling inks, inking pads, packing boxes, typewriting machines, artists' drawing materials and other supplies mentioned in proposals and specifications, as they may be ordered from time to time during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1903, and ending June 30, 1904, for the use of any branch of the departmental or postal service. Blanks for proposals, with specifications and full instructions, will be furnished on application to the Superintendent of the Division of Postoffice Supplies, Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C. H. C. PAYNE, Postmaster General.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY, ETC.—Government Printing Office, Office of the Public Printer, Washington, D. C., April 4, 1903.—Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock p. m., May 4, 1903, for furnishing stationery, fuel, ice, hardware, plumbing, and electric supplies, lumber, etc., for the use of the Government Printing Office during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904. The right to reject any and all bids and to waive defects is reserved. Detailed schedules of the stationery, fuel, ice, etc., required, accompanied by blank proposals, and giving full regulations with which bidders must comply, may be obtained by addressing this office.
F. W. PALMER, Public Printer.

OFFICE CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, Observatory Office Building, Des Moines, Iowa, April 15, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 2 p. m., standard time, May 15, 1903, for constructing Sewage Purification Plant, Fort Des Moines, Iowa. Information furnished on application. U. S. reserves right to accept or reject any or all bids or parts thereof. Envelopes to be indorsed "Proposals for Sewage Purification Plant," addressed Major R. B. TURNER, Q. M.

THE
H-WESTERN
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The North-Western
first-class tickets at
sale Tuesday
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T OFFICES
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KNOX
HATS.
New York—Chicago.
get one of a
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get a KNOX hat.
hers are local hats.
NOX hat is a uni-
entleman's hat.
HAYNE & CO.
State Street.
AGO AGENTS.
ESTION
December 6, 1902.
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B. S. TREXLER,
Allentown, Pa.
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York, for Book of Advice.

THE INTERIOR, OFFICE
Washington, D. C., March
ROPOSALS indorsed "Pro-
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A. JONES, Commissioner.

TMENT, WASHINGTON,
03.—Sealed proposals will be
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RTMENT, WASHINGTON,
03.—Sealed proposals will be
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R. J.
master General.

RTMENT, WASHINGTON,
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H. C. PAYNE, Postmaster

TATIONERY, ETC.—GOV-
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PALMER, Public Printer.

TING QUARTERMASTER'S
Building, Des Moines, Iowa,
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RIVALS MEET IN "AMEN" CORNER.

Republican and Democratic Leaders Enjoy Their Third Annual Dinner.

VREELAND SCORES FOES.

President of Metropolitan System Declares Stockholders Need Have Naught to Fear.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE.
New York, April 17.

Political adversaries and leaders of rival parties met and mingled amicably tonight at the third annual dinner of the "Amen corner" of the Fifth Avenue hotel. Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall, was seated between Senator Platt and Mayor Low, at the right of the presiding officer, while on the left sat John C. Sheehan and former Senator Thomas C. O'Sullivan. Despite the hostile politics represented by these leaders they chatted merrily throughout the feast.

"Amen Corner" Has Its Third Annual Dinner.

Soon after the guests were seated the fun was started by the waiters, who carried around the banquet hall large canvas banners upon which were painted prize fighting scenes depicting Low, McClellan, Grout, and Sturgis opposed against one another in a roped arena. Mayor Low upon being introduced said:

"I must confess the sincere sympathy I feel for my friend Murphy, seated, as he finds himself, between the devil and the deep T. C."

Just before the mayor spoke the secretary of the Amen corner read aloud from a flaming red poster this notice:

"State of New York, ss.—Seth Low, Mayor: In answer to the persistent rumors that the Amen corner has in some mysterious way raised a fund of $30,000,000 to promote your reflection, I, John Doe, a well known and useful citizen, do hereby certify that the corner has not yet raised $1 for any such purpose. JOHN DOE."

Former Lieut. Gov. Woodruff eulogized Senator Platt and went out of his way to criticise unpleasantly the so-called "insurgent" senators at Albany.

After Mr. Woodruff's speech Senator Platt left his place and retired to his room as though surfeited with adulation. Music was a most attractive feature of the evening. "Mr. Murphy," to the tune of "Mr. Dooley," made a distinct bit as sung by Brother Bull, the Amen members joining in the chorus.

Speaking of Metropolitan railway affairs, President H. H. Vreeland today said: "The stockholders of the Metropolitan Street railway who have seen their property develop from twenty-five or thirty competing horse car lines into the united, harmoniously operated system of mechanical traction that now serves the convenience of the people of New York, may accept without reserve my assurance that their company has an abundant surplus, that there has been no misappropriation of the funds, no marking up of its assets, no concealment of its liabilities, and no higher expense of construction than the urgency of the work justified, and the progress of the trial before Magistrate Barlow will prove that not a single one of the inferences suggested by Amory's testimony and Philbin's statement is justified by the facts."

Vreeland Hits Back at Foes of Metropolitan.

Then Mr. Vreeland struck back at the enemies of that corporation, and he alleges that the recent attacks were made for the purpose of driving down the price of Metropolitan securities.

Mr. Vreeland also gave for publication a letter he had just received from Stephen Little, the expert employed to go over the same ground covered by experts employed by Philbin. Little asserted positively that the charges made by Amory and Philbin are absolutely unfounded.

Wrangling, with violent disputations between the opposing counsel, marked the hearing of the charges again t H. H. Vreeland made by William N. Amory today. Just before the adjournment it appeared as though blows would be exchanged by James W. Osborne and Delancey Nicoll. The lie was passed. Osborne accusing his opponent of making a statement absolutely false. Magistrate Barlow announced that he would not again tolerate such conduct.

A $250,000 gift by Andrew Carnegie to the Mechanics and Tradesmen's institute was announced tonight at the closing exercises of the institute's school department.

"The most potent force in the republican party of the state today is beyond question Gov. Odell. If the governor cares to continue as the republican leader he can unquestionably be such, and if he does not take it there is no leader at the present time in sight that I can see. It will have to be a so-as-you-please until one develops," is the way Senator Edgar T. Brackett, leader of the three insurgent republican senators, hailed Gov. Odell today as the leader of his party. He declared the reign of Senator Odell at an end.

Odell Declared Only Leader of Party in State.

Senator Brackett, in behalf of the judiciary committee, made a favorable report of the nomination of Assistant District Attorney Morgan to succeed John McCullagh as state superintendent of elections. There was no negative vote on either side of the house.

Senator Platt today declared there was no split in the republican party and no fear of one.

"Al" Adams, known as the "policy king," and reported to be worth several million dollars, was found guilty tonight of conducting a policy game. Notice of appeal at once was served and Adams will come up for sentence on Tuesday morning.

The threatened strike movement of the "L" road employés was practically settled tonight after a conference between the executive committee of the "L" employés, John P. McDonald, the contractor for the subway, E. P. Bryan, vice president and general manager of the Interborough Rapid Transit company; and William D. Mahon, the president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employés. A further conference will be held next Monday, when Mr. Bryan thinks the differences will be definitely settled.

Threatened Strike Practically Settled.

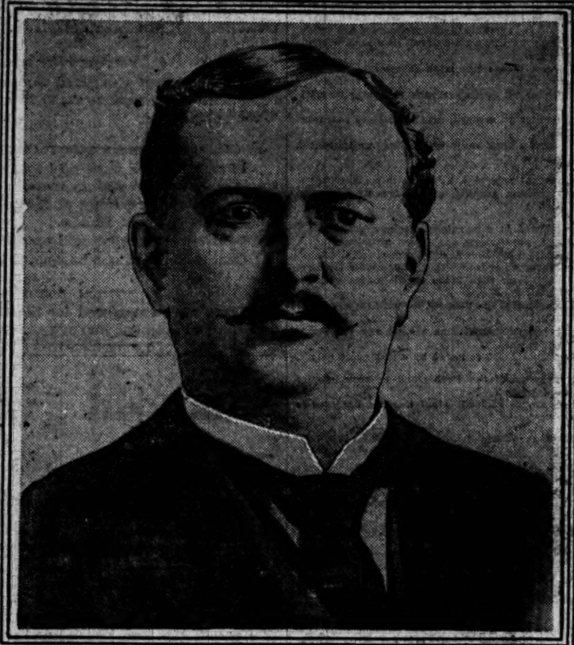
Gloom pervaded the Ninth district when it became known that the Appellate division of the Supreme court today had handed down a decision that Judge Leventritt was wrong in awarding Peter J. Garvey, William S. Devery's man, a peremptory writ of mandamus whereby the Tammany general committee is required to recognize Garvey as a member and admit him into its councils. "That's just a foul tip," commented Devery when he heard of the decision. "It means we've got to go to bat again. We ain't put out."

Supreme Court Decides Against Devery.

J. Pierpont Morgan celebrated the sixty-sixth anniversary of his birth today. It is an unusual thing for Mr. Morgan to be at home on April 17, for this day generally finds in the vacation which he is accustomed to take in Europe every spring. This year, however, his departure has been delayed, and consequently he celebrated at his home by remaining away from business altogether. Mr. Morgan now has been actively engaged in business for forty-six years. He became a bank clerk in 1858.

J. Pierpont Morgan Passes 66th Birthday Quietly.

MISSING MISSOURI OFFICIAL ACCUSED OF HANDLING LEGISLATIVE BOODLE MONEY.



LIEUT. GOV. JOHN A. LEE.

OPERA SEASON A SUCCESS.

ENGAGEMENT ENDING TONIGHT NOTABLE IN MANY WAYS.

Management Gives Out No Figures, but Audiences Have Been Generally Good Throughout the Engagement—Stars Withstand Chicago Climate and No Sudden Changes Are Necessary—Music Lovers Constitute a Large Part of the Audiences.

With the fall of the last curtain on Wagner's Götterdämmerung at the Auditorium tonight will end an opera season "highly successful" and evidently satisfactory to the management.

George H. Wilson, Mr. Grau's agent, would give out no figures on the finances of the season last night, but added, "We shall not have to walk the ties back to New York."

"Up to the present time 'Don Giovanni' and 'Tristan and Isolde' have been the banner performances, from a financial standpoint," he continued, "but judging from the advance sale for 'The Magic Flute' and 'Götterdämmerung,' the last two performances of the season will be fully as successful, if not more so, than those mentioned. We were exceedingly fortunate inasmuch as not a single change of the repertory, and not even a substitution in any cast had to be made during the entire Chicago engagement owing to the indisposition of any singer.

"One of the most gratifying features of this year's season in Chicago was the fact that an unusually large percentage of music lovers attended the performances. Compared with former seasons the majority of real music lovers over those who merely attend the opera because it is considered a semi-society event was greater than ever before. The even excellence of the performances from a musical standpoint, has been generally commented on by connoisseurs during the present season, and not a single serious complaint has been made concerning the work of the orchestra and singers."

Season Is Satisfactory.

The present engagement has as a whole been the most satisfactory Mr. Grau's forces have given here in several years.

Wagner has predominated not by actual number of performances given but because the music dramas performed are of an impressiveness and magnitude that caused them to assume first place in the auditor's memory, and in a measure to dwarf the effects the other operas produced. The "Ring" trilogy has been given as nearly in its integrity as the operatic conditions existent in this country make feasible. "Die Meistersinger" had a truly exceptional presentation, and the high mark of the entire engagement was reached in the performance of "Tristan and Isolde," offered by the company last Saturday.

The singers engaged in these two last named representations seemed inspired by the conditions about them, and, as one of them said when speaking of the performance: "Not since I have been with the company have we given either the 'Meistersinger' or 'Tristan' as we did last Thursday and Saturday." They both of them were presentations in every respect notable, and it is safe to say that seasons will come and seasons go before the superior of them will be heard.

New Conductor and New Singers.

The presence of the new Wagnerian conductor, Mr. Hertz was in large measure responsible for the excellence of these five performances, for he has proven himself a leader of rare intelligence, admirable routine, and temperament that is at once abundant and sane. Had the season brought us naught else of worth, the privilege it has afforded of enjoying the reading of the Wagnerian scores Mr. Hertz has offered would alone serve to raise it into prominence. The new singers the engagement has introduced to the Chicago public have also been satisfactory beyond the customary. Mr. Burgstaller as Siegmund and the young Siegfried demonstrated his right to be considered among the eminent portrayers of these rôles, his acting being admirable and his singing praise meriting; and Mr. Anthes by his Walther and his Tristan claimed immediate recognition as a robust tenor of excellent powers. Mr. Dani has had little to do, but in the one part in which he appeared was able to win the favor of his hearers.

Neglected Opera Is Reintroduced.

The introduction into the repertory of "The Daughter of the Regiment" and "Don Pasquale" served not only to give Mme. Sembrich's admirers an opportunity to hear her in some of her most delightful work, but also to reintroduce to the public a style of opera that had been long and unjustly neglected. The comedy operas of Donizetti proved to be in nowise lacking in vitality and in the power to entertain and please when adequately performed, and it is to be hoped that the success attending the revival of these works will encourage the management to include one or more of them in the repertory of future seasons.

Mozart has been represented by two of his best creations—"Don Giovanni," which was presented in admirable manner by a veritable all star cast, and "The Magic Flute," which last year was the most successful offering of the season from a financial view point, and which will be given this afternoon before a sold out house.

Verdi's name appeared twice in the list of composers, his "Aïda" being heard during the first week, and his "The Masked Ball" being revived last Tuesday evening. The rehearing of this once widely popular opera possessed interest more from a historical standpoint than from any great attractiveness it has for present day patrons. The revival of Meyerbeer's "The Prophet" was acceptable chiefly for the work done by Mme. Schumann-Heink as Fides, the performance aside from her remarkable singing being one of the least satisfactory of the engagement.

THE PROPHET.

A Grand Opera in Five Acts.
BY
G. MEYERBEER.

Presented at the Auditorium, Chicago, by the Metropolitan Grand Opera Company, April 17, 1903. The cast:

Fides	Mme. Schumann-Heink
Bertha	Miss Marilly
Jean de Leyde	Mr. Alvarez
Zacharie	Mr. Edouard de Reszke
Oberthal	Mr. Journet
Jonas	Mr. Jacques Bars
Mathisen	Mr. Declery
Un Officier	Mr. Bégué
Un Paysan	Mr. Vanni
Un Hérault	Mr. Vanni
Un Anabaptiste	Mr. Cernusco
Conductor, Mr. Flon.	

The revival of "The Prophet" last evening by the Metropolitan company attracted one of the largest audiences thus far of the season. The entire lower floor was sold out, the balcony was well filled, the boxes were nearly all occupied, and the upper parts of the house contained few empty places. It was an audience that came to watch and enjoy Mme. Schumann-Heink in what was reported to be one of her finest artistic achievements—a curiosity to hear an opera of Meyerbeer, no prominence of any other singer engaged in the cast, could have been responsible for such a show of public interest. It was a tribute, pure and simple, to the admired and remarkably gifted mezzo-soprano, and it can not justly be said that the work she did last evening as Fides warranted such a tribute.

The rôle is one which few singers of the present day can compass, not only the music being written for a voice of exceptional range but the emotional and dramatic abilities demanded being of uncommon sort. Mme. Schumann-Heink, while it cannot with exact observance of the eternal verities be said that she impressed and inspired as completely with her work last evening as she has done in the past in other rôles, nevertheless gave the music of the part in splendidly dramatic style and with that tonal opulence for which she has long been famed. Her Fides is a majestic figure, and her delivery of the "O, mon fils!" in the second act, and of the prayer and the recognition scene in the cathedral act, was truly remarkable. The audience rewarded her with countless recalls and heartiest applause.

Aside from the achievements of Mme. Schumann-Heink, however, there was less in the performance to admire than in any other the company has offered this season. Of how artificial, flamboyant, and tawdry the greater portion of the Meyerbeer score is it is unnecessary to dwell upon at the present time. The effect loving spirit of the French people was pandered to with gladness by the German-Italian-French composer, and the result was music that has in it precious little of enduring vitality or beauty. And the maidenas the score was rendered all the more evident last evening by the uneven manner in which the entire performance was given.

The orchestra, under Mr. Flon's easy going leadership, rattled off the notes as fast as the singers would allow, the chorus was more deadly indifferent to what it was doing than it usually is—and that is saying much—the ballet was amateurish and common in inexcusable degree, and the principals, aside from Mme. Schumann-Heink and Mr. De Reszke, and Mr. Journet, were by no means up to the standard maintained by the company in its previous performances.

Mr. Alvarez had a bad night, starting out with some untoward throat condition that caused him to sing distressingly off key throughout his first scene, and left his voice without any charm or sensuous beauty during the rest of the evening. He has but faint conception of the dramatic import of the rôle of the Prophet, being content to walk through it in purely conventional manner, and his singing last evening was little more than a series of vocal explosions. His best vocal work was done in the closing scene of the cathedral act, when he supposedly restores his mother to reason. Here he sang a few phrases clearly, cleanly, and beautifully, but they only served to emphasize the unsatisfactory quality of the rest of his work.

Miss Marilly struggled bravely with such of the music of Bertha as was retained, but she could compel little more than the auditors' commendation for the earnestness of the endeavor. Mr. De Reszke tried to be interesting as the leader of the three doleful and tedious Anabaptists, but he seemed to feel the prevalent depression, and only by singing carefully, so as not to drown his weak companion in ensemble work, and then letting out when he had a bit of solo, was he able to add something to the enjoyableness of the performance. Mr. Journet, as Oberthal, did what little was required of him in acceptable manner. W. L. HUBBARD.

For today, the last of the opera season, two bills of more than usual importance are announced. For the matinée, which will begin at 1:45 o'clock, Mozart's "The Magic Flute" is scheduled. The cast will be as follows:

Astrifiammante	Mme. Sembrich
Tre Damigelle	Mme. Louise Homer Mme. Seygard Miss Carrie Bridewell
Papagena	Miss Fritzi Scheff Miss Marilly
Tre Genl	Mme. Van Cauteren Mme. Mapleson Mme. Gadski
Pamina	Mr. Salignac
Tamino	Mr. Edouard de Reszke
Sarastro	Mr. Campanari
Papageno	Conductor—Mr. Flon.

And in the evening, beginning at 7:30, the "Götterdämmerung" will complete the "Ring of the Nibelung" trilogy, which it has been our privilege to hear during the engagement. The cast reads thus:

Brünnhilde	Mme. Nordica
Gutrune	Mme. Reuss-Beice
Waltraute	Mme. Schumann-Heink
Woglinde	Mmes. Fritzi Scheff
Wellgunde	Miss Carrie Bridewell
Flosshilde	Mme. Schumann-Heink
Siegfried	Mr. Burgstaller
Alberich	Mr. David Bispham
	Conductor—Mr. Alfred Hertz.

DID LEE PEDDLE MISSOURI BOODLE?

Who Paid State Senators $27,000 Contributed by Baking Powder Companies?

NO TRACE OF FUGITIVE.

Missing Lieutenant Governor Is Said to Have Confessed to Cole County Grand Jury.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—[Special.]—The authorities of St. Louis and Jefferson City are in possession of information which leads them to believe that Lieut. Gov. John A. Lee, who apparently has fled from the state, personally distributed $27,000 of the baking powder trust boodle to certain members of the senate who voted as the trust wished. This, in connection with the fact that Lee has at least twice testified he knew nothing of boodling at either the forty-first or forty-second general assembly, is said to explain his evidently earnest desire to avoid appearing before the grand jury.

Lee has completely disappeared as far as the authorities here or at the state capital can find. He left the Alton train which departed from Kansas City somewhere in the state, at either one of several places where he could have taken another train, either toward St. Louis or in the opposite direction. That he did not come to St. Louis seems certain.

Three More Indictments Voted.

Three indictments were returned by the Cole county grand jury tonight. Two of these are believed to be against a senator for soliciting bribes from Whitney & Layton, St. Louis independent baking powder manufacturers. The other, it is thought, is the result of Lieut. Gov. Lee's confession in the grand jury room last Wednesday night. Three other indictments probably will be returned tomorrow.

It is said that just before Lieut. Gov. Lee's precipitate flight from Jefferson City, where he had a brief hearing before the grand jury, after a day of "nervous prostration," the lieutenant governor broke down, and briefly unfolded to the jurors a tale of legislative corruption which astounded even those men, who already had heard much.

The story which the authorities are now investigating is that Lee met a number of the alum senators at the Laclede hotel here two years ago; that he then distributed $27,000 to those who voted in the interests of the baking powder trust. The registers of the Laclede hotel have been taken to Jefferson City in an effort to corroborate the story, and find exactly who among the senators were present at the meeting. It is asserted that nearly twenty senators were present and that they met in the room of one, where Lee counted out the cash to each.

Lee's own statement to Attorney General Crow, made at the time when he turned over the now famous $1,000 check which he received from Legislative Agent D. J. Kelly, is the basis of the present inquiry into the doings of the assembly two years ago.

Lee's Alleged Confession.

An official closely in touch with the Cole county grand jury said today that Lieut. Gov. Lee had furnished Attorney General Crow and that body with startling testimony to the effect that he himself was the head and front of the baking powder trust interests in the last two legislatures, this after Lee had sworn otherwise to the St. Louis grand jury. This official further stated that the lieutenant governor went all to pieces when before the Jefferson City inquisitors, and in his flounderings and attempts to protect himself was finally cornered, and not only told all about the alum baking powder boodling and his connection with it, but made statements and gave testimony relating to other deals which fairly startled the grand jury.

Lee's statement to Attorney General Crow regarding the alum baking powder boodling and the $1,000 which had been sent to "Brother Bob" for him was tame compared with the startling admissions he made at Jefferson City. The testimony in question given by Lieut. Gov. Lee as to other boodling transactions was given voluntarily, while Lee was in a state of nervous excitement. The substance of what he testified to in Jefferson City was immediately communicated to Attorney Folk for use at this end.

Information has been filed before the Cole county grand jury by Attorney Folk charging Daniel J. Kelley with attempting to bribe Lee, to kill the alum bill in the senate.

Work of the St. Louis Jury.

The local jury had a number of witnesses before it today, among them being H. S. Cronk, Moses Sash, promoter of slot machines; W. P. Carr, Samuel O'Fallon, W. B. Taaffe, Hermann Essman, and Cain Whitecotton of Steeleville, Mo., who are said to have seen Senator Frank Farriss flash a number of $500 bills in that town shortly after the adjournment of the legislature, and Colin Selph of St. Louis, publisher of the World's Fair Bulletin, and who maintained sumptuous headquarters in Jefferson City during the session.

It is reported that Selph was asked leading questions as to the disbursements of money among impecunious legislators, which it is said was distributed in the headquarters he had established. Of course, just what the witnesses told when they went before the inquisition can only be conjectured.

Among the stories afloat today are that the get rich quick concern of E. J. Arnold & Co. placed $10,000 where it would insure that concern from legislative interferences.

Reported Telegram from Lee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—The Republic tonight received a telegram purporting to come from Lieut. Gov. John A. Lee, sent from a telegraph office in the Auditorium hotel, Chicago, which reads:

Report from Kansas City that I denounced Folk is an abominable lie. I esteem him highly and have always been his friend. Will return after a few days' rest, which is absolutely essential.

HIGH SCHOOL PUPILS ON STAGE.

Marshall Seniors to Give a Comedy at Steinway Hall This Afternoon and Evening.

Pupils of the Marshall High school will present the senior play, a three act comedy, "Our Boys," at Steinway hall this afternoon and evening. Those who will take part are:

Herbert L. Tear,	Guy Whelan,
George C. Richardson,	Miss Persis Rollins,
Joseph R. Feldmann,	Miss Elodie Stewart,
Ralph H. Kilner,	Miss Frances McCurdy,
Jose W. Hoover,	Miss Mildred Hatton.

Music between the acts will be furnished by the school Mandolin club.

Receives Dividend from Mutual Life.

A telegram from New York, dated April 17, reads as follows:

Quincy Ill., March 17, 1903.—F. E. Hitchcock, manager, the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, Springfield, Ill.—Dear Sir: In October of 1902 I received at the hands of your district manager, Mr. Gaylord Davidson, a check for $1,149.40, issued by the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, in payment of the first ten year distribution on my policy No. 519,133. This dividend represents 6 per cent interest on the investment, and I considered it a liberal settlement. On the 8th of May, 1902, I cashed a $10,000 fifteen year endowment policy, No. 300,236, in the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, which also showed fine results.

"The best recommendation I can give the company aside from this statement, which you are at liberty to use, is to take additional insurance in it, which I have done through Mr. Davidson.

"Of my other policies I hold in the Mutual Life one is a $10,000 fifteen year endowment, which will mature in 1904. It is hardly necessary for me to add that I consider the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York in every way worthy of public confidence.
Respectfully, CHAUNCEY H. CASTLE,
President of the Comstock Castle Stove Company."

If you are honest your credit is good for a diamond. Loftis Bros., 92 State street.

SUNNY
AGE AND PURITY MAKE SUNNY BROOK
BROOK
ITS UNFORGETTABLE FLAVOR WINS WITH CONNOISSEURS
WHISKY

ALARM IS FELT FOR NAVY.

FREQUENCY OF ACCIDENTS TO THE BATTLESHIPS WORRIES.

Likely to Make Necessary Changes in Equipment That Will Cost Many Millions — Administration Officials Fear That Efficiency of the Service Is Impaired—Damage Already Done Means Heavy Loss to Nation—Gossip of the Capital City.

(Continued from first page.)

Charges have also been made that the International Paper company, which manufactures the paper for postal cards, has been furnished information by some interested person in the department which enables the company to underbid its competitors. The same charges have been made regarding the twine contract. Assistant Postmaster General Bristow will conduct the investigation to determine if there is any foundation for them.

Charges of fraud in furnishing the postoffice department with mail equipment have been made by the Central Labor union of this city. The government, it is asserted, has been defrauded, as the goods furnished were far below the requirements of the specifications. This union also asserts when the wages of the operatives in the mail repair bag shop of this city were reduced from $2 to $1.75 per day the salary of the superintendent and other officials were increased $200 per annum. It is intimated that the reductions in the pay of the operatives was made so as to provide for the increase of compensation for the officials.

***

Count Giuseppi Della Gherardesca's engagement to Miss Harriet Taylor was announced here today. Count Gherardesca is the honorary attaché of the Italian embassy and one of the most popular young men in the diplomatic corps. He met Miss Taylor, who is the daughter of Henry E. Taylor of New York, in that city about five years ago, while making a tour of America. He belongs to one of the oldest houses in Italy. His father is Count Alberto Della Gherardesca of Florence and his mother, Josephine Gherardesca, was, before her marriage, Miss Fisher, the daughter of Joseph Fisher of New York.

The count was educated in Italy and speaks several languages fluently and is decidedly the most attractive young bachelor in the diplomatic corps. The wedding will take place in New York in May or June, after which the count and his bride will visit Italy.

***

Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page gave a ball to thirty couples tonight in honor of her daughter, Miss Florence Field. Among the guests were Miss Christine Roosevelt. A number of young married persons were invited to take part in the dance and meet Mrs. Preston Gibson of Chicago, who is visiting her mother, Mrs. Page.

ROOSEVELT TO SEE GEYSERS.

President Expects to Visit the Yellowstone Falls Before Resuming His Journey.

Cinnabar, Mont., April 17.—President Roosevelt left the quarters of Maj. Pitcher at Fort Yellowstone this morning for Norris, where he will spend most of the remainder of his stay in the park. The geysers are in the neighborhood of Norris. If he has time he will visit the falls of the Yellowstone. The president has decided that he cannot accede to the requests of the labor organizations to refrain from riding on the Union Pacific road because of a strike on that line. His itinerary was arranged months ago, and much as he would desire to favor the union men, he says he cannot disappoint thousands of people by changing his plans at this late day.

OBITUARY.

THE REV. DAVID SUMNER JOHNSON, formerly of Chicago, died yesterday at National City, Cal., aged 69 years. He was pastor of the Hyde Park Presbyterian church from 1867 to 1881. From the Hyde Park church the Rev. Mr. Johnson went to Springfield, where he was pastor of the Second Presbyterian church for fourteen years, afterwards serving seven years at Hinsdale. His health then demanded a change of climate, and he was transferred to National City. He was a graduate of Williams college and Auburn Theological seminary. A widow and seven children survive him. The body will be brought to Chicago for burial.

ALFRED JACKSON, electrician of the Chicago fire department, died of pneumonia at the West Side hospital, and was buried yesterday at Oakwoods. Jackson was born in Kansas 22 years ago. After coming to Chicago he had a series of accidents. By a fall from his buggy he broke his shoulder blade and collar bone. He was shot through the lung in a street car holdup, and had an eye put out by a line wire. His brother, William, is employed in the city electrical department.

JOSEPH ALONZO SLEEPER, one of the oldest lawyers in Chicago, died yesterday at his residence, 5745 Washington avenue. He was born in Bethany, N. Y., on Oct. 15, 1819, was admitted to the bar in 1844, and came to this city in 1863, after having practiced in New York state for several years. He left a widow, but no children. Short funeral services will be held at the residence tomorrow afternoon, and the body will be taken to Janesville, Wis., for interment.

LOUIS BOIES, aged 39 years, son of Gov. Boies, and a member of the law firm of Boies & Boies, at Waterloo, Ia., died yesterday at his home in that city of typhoid fever.

Final Dividend from Insolvent Bank.

The last and final dividend of 2¾ per cent was ordered by Judge Holdom yesterday to be paid by the receiver of Wasmansdorff & Heineman, the banking firm which failed Dec. 21, 1896. The total dividends paid will be 17¾ per cent.

WOMEN WANT AUSTRALIAN VOTE

First District Clubs Discuss System for Their Conventions—Mrs. R. H. Wiles Opposes It.

The question of having the Australian ballot at elections of the Federation of Women's Clubs was discussed yesterday afternoon, but no action was taken. The matter came up at a meeting of representatives of clubs in the First congressional district, held in the Woman's club rooms in the Fine Arts building.

Mrs. Robert H. Wiles, whose name was a storm center a year ago in the anonymous letter incident, took part in the discussion. She objected to the system as too cumbersome.

The plan was advocated by Mrs. John D. Sherman. Miss Catherine Goggin, and others. The subject will be taken up at the convention of the state federation at Cairo in October.

It was announced that there was $2.25 in the treasury, and $2 of this was appropriated to pay a printing bill.

DEATHS.

[For other death notices see page 9.]

CONNOLLY—Martin, beloved brother of Philip and Bridget Connolly, native of Cappamore County, Limerick, Ireland. Funeral Sunday at 9 a. m. from the residence of his brother, Philip Connolly, 3116 Union-av., to St. Patrick's church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel. Member of Holy Family Court No. 1, C. O. F.

RAGGIO—Margaret, beloved wife of the late Antonio Raggio, mother of Mrs. A. G. Bonziano, Mrs. J. Cofrisht, Mrs. F. Chocolo, Mrs. M. J. Molon, Anthony, and Thomas Raggio. Funeral Sunday, April 19, at 2 p. m., from residence of her daughter, Mrs. F. Chocolo, 973 W. Van Buren-st., to the Church of the Assumption, by cars via C. and N. W. railway to Calvary. Italy papers please copy.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

OWING TO THE RECENT DESTRUCTION OF our plant by fire at 16th and Clark-sts., we beg to announce to our friends and patrons that we have made arrangements to take care of our business as in the past, and a new plant will be erected as soon as possible. Present office, 1616 Armour-av. Telephone South 1543.
REPUBLIC OIL CO.

LOUIS F. POST WILL LECTURE BEFORE THE Henry George association tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock at Handel hall on "A Review of the Work of the National Congress During the Recent Session."

RECITAL HALL
TODAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.
Herbert Butler, Violinist.
Mrs. Herbert Butler, Soprano.
Miss Irene Mansfield, Whistler.
The public is cordially invited.
ROTHSCHILD & CO.,
State and Van Buren Sts.

DEARBORN
A Pace Maker for Summer Productions.
THE TENDERFOOT
AN OPERATIC COMEDY. OVERTURE AT 8 P. M.
That "The Tenderfoot" will have a successful run was regarded as certain by the first night audience.—W. L. Hubbard in The Tribune.
MATINEE TODAY.

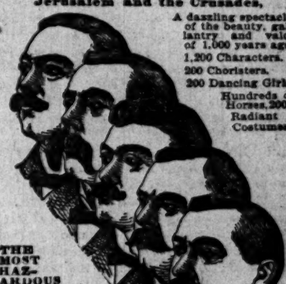
ILLINOIS TODAY AT 2. TONIGHT AT 8.
DAVID BELASCO PRESENTS MRS.
LESLIE CARTER
IN HIS NEW PLAY DU BARRY
Every Night Except Sunday.
Seats for Seventh Week Go On Sale Monday at 9 a. m. Orders by mail must contain remittance and self addressed return envelope.
SPECIAL! Because of the great demand for matinee seats Mrs. Carter consents to give Wednesday matinees respectively the 23d and 29th of April. Seats for these special performances now on sale.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
MATINEE TODAY
ANNA HELD
In THE LITTLE DUCHESS.
PRICES—25c to $1.50.

STUDEBAKER TONIGHT. Regular Matinee TODAY.
12TH WEEK—ONLY 3 WEEKS MORE.
Henry W. Savage Presents
A GRAND NEW EDITION OF
GEO. ADE'S CONTINUING FAVORITE OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES
PEGGY FROM PARIS
MUSIC BY WILLIAM LORAINE.

POWERS' TODAY AT 2:15. TONIGHT AT 8:15.
E. S. WILLARD
MATINEE TODAY (Last Time) "TOM PINCH"
TONIGHT (Last Time) "THE MIDDLEMAN"
NEXT WEEK—CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
ETHEL BARRYMORE
In "A Country Mouse" and "Carrots."
Miss Barrymore in Both Plays.

McVICKER'S JACOB LITT, Lessee & Manager.
The Safest Theater in the World—20 Exits.
MATINEES TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.
ANDREW MACK
In Boucicault's Best Play.
ARRAH-NA-POGUE

COLISEUM.
This afternoon at 2:15, tonight at 8:15, and every afternoon and night until and including April 25. Doors open at 1:15 and at 7:15 for the inspection of the biggest menagerie in the world.
RINGLING BROTHERS' CIRCUS
Jerusalem and the Crusades.
A dazzling spectacle of the beauty, gallantry and valor of 1,000 years ago.
1,200 Characters.
200 Choristers.
200 Dancing Girls.
Hundreds of Horses, 2000 Radiant Costumes.

THE MOST HAZARDOUS ACT EVER SEEN.
"CRAZO," in his death-defying, dare-devil LOOP-THE-LOOP ride, from the dome of the Coliseum, on a bicycle, at a velocity of 120 miles an hour, making one-fourth of his ride upside down.
100 sensational circus acts. 350 circus performers. Hundreds of wonderfully trained horses, all in one act. Greatest trained elephants in the world. Three herds of them. Two groups of marvelously educated seals.
Today, the three months' old little elephant, and her mamma, and Miss "Sahara," the two weeks' old little camel, and her mamma, will hold daily receptions in the menagerie for the ladies and children.
Seats on sale at Lyon & Healy's and at Coliseum. Prices—50c, 75c, and $1.00; box seats, $1.50; gallery, 25c.

LAKESIDE JOCKEY CLUB—ROBY RACE TRACK.
April 15 to April 25. 6 races daily.
Take 12:00 p. m. for Union Station, at 12:20, 12:50 and 1:20 p. m., stopping at Archer-av., 41st-st. and Englewood. Regular train at 1:55 p. m., stopping at all stations L. S. & M. S. R. R., foot of Randolph-st., at 1 and 1:20 p. m. (leaving Van Buren-st. two minutes later), stopping at Park Row (Central Station), 22d, 39th and 63d-sts. All local and urban trains between Central Station and 63d-st. will take passengers on race tickets, transfer to race trains being made at 63d-st. Round trip on specials 25c. L. S. & M. S., depot, Harrison-st. and 5th-av. Regular trains at 7:52 and 10 a. m. and 12:08 p. m., stopping at all stations, returning at 4:50 p. m. Alley L, stopping at all loop stations, connecting at 63d-st. with surface electric direct to race track. Admission $1.

HAYMARKET
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Merville, Booth & Elmore. Scott Brothers.
Johnnie Cantwell. Johnson, Day & Report-Lorella.
Klein, Ott & Nickerson. Bonnie Thornton.
Moung Mya. Young America Quintet.
Lottie West Symonds. The Two Ballyns.
Schiller Brothers.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

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Daily, without Sunday, one month	.50
Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.50
Daily, with Sunday, six months	3.25
Daily, with Sunday, three months	2.00
Daily, with Sunday, one month	.75
Sunday issue, one year	2.50
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DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903.

LIPTON'S BAD LUCK.

Shamrock III. has met with an accident which almost repeats the experiences of Shamrock II. two years ago, when a falling spar tore away its rigging and nearly carried away the present king also. It is not likely that Shamrock III.'s bad luck will seriously interfere with its owner's plans, as accidents of this kind are expected and discounted, but it shows how much of strength and ability is sacrificed in racers of this character in order to secure speed. In this case the loss of rigging and spars seems to have been complete, for naturally when main shrouds and mast were carried away close to the deck, everything in the shape of sails, spars, and gearing went with them.

Fortunately, the mast and the heavier gear fell overboard instead of on deck, and yet one of the crew was knocked overboard and drowned, and others had more or less severe injuries. Sir Thomas Lipton's escape was almost as narrow as that of the king two years ago. Shamrock III. started off in good form on the port tack with its lee decks awash, as the wind was high and sea rough, and in going about on the starboard tack a sudden squall struck it and in an instant everything went by the board. It was an accident which might happen to Reliance or Columbia, or any of the defenders, for they are not built with reference to standing up against sudden and heavy squalls, though they may be able to stand heavy wind blowing steadily. It will be a warning to Shamrock's owners to make everything as strong as possible and to provide as far as they can against just such possibilities. Such an accident in the contest off Sandy Hook might cost Shamrock III. a race, even if the result was not permanent disablement. Meanwhile sailors, who are superstitious as a class, will look upon it as a bad omen, not only that Shamrock III. has inherited the ill luck of both predecessors, but that on the day when Reliance was launched Shamrock III. was badly beaten by Shamrock I.

THE IRISH AND THE LAND BILL.

The enthusiasm for the Wyndham land purchase bill shown by the Irish nationalist convention in Dublin yesterday testifies to the real nature of the Irish question. It is primarily agrarian and not political. If the English government had consented to the transfer of the landlords' estates to the tenants twenty years ago it is possible that home rule would never have beaten a liberal administration or created a unionist party.

John Redmond said to the convention:

"There are in the lives of nations, as there are in the lives of individuals, opportunities which, once lost, can never be regained. Such an occasion I believe the present to be." If the Irish get the land they will have won the substance of the freedom for which they have fought, even if the English retain the shadow of dominion. The restoration of an Irish parliament can wait. It is of much more importance to get the land. When that has been secured the parliament will be likely to come.

The British government proposes to take a great and unprecedented step toward undoing the wrongs done Ireland in the past, but the work can only be carried to completion by the cooperation of the Irish themselves. Mr. Wyndham's bill may not be in all respects what all the tenants wish it to be, but they may safely intrust their interests to their representatives in parliament, who will not be so unreasonable as to reject nineteen-twentieths of the loaf because they cannot get it all.

KEEP THE CARS ON LAND.

A whimsical person like Charles Lamb could write a good essay on "The Inconveniences Resulting from Being Precipitated Into a River in a Closed Car." The Chicagoans who narrowly missed being so precipitated day before yesterday will not be able to write a Charles Lamb essay, but they will be able to do something else. They will be able to put up a shout for bascule bridges. The bascule bridge is a great corrective to adventurous motormen and to vagrant cars. If the car runs by the danger signal and tries to shoot across the river over the deck of a passing boat the bascule bridge simply interposes itself and throws the car back on the same side of the river from which it came. The most headstrong car finds its temper cooled when it is put to climbing an angle of sixty degrees.

If the aldermen from the north and west sides will therefore put the bascule bridge down as one plank in their platforms they probably will get returned to the council with vastly increased majorities. The bascule bridge is a small thing to promise. One aldermanic candidate in the last election used as a campaign slogan the alluring sentence: "Trust me and get rid of the trusts." He proposed to make his membership in the Chicago city council the means of arresting the process of industrial consolidation in the United States. To such an alderman the bascule bridge will be a bagatelle.

Besides, it will be remembered that a few weeks ago when Ald. Patterson, running for reelection, failed to arouse enthusiasm on franchises, street cleaning, and improved city accounting, all he had to do was to say that he would never vote for a street car deal which did not include the abolition of the owl car and a ten minute electric service on Madison street from midnight to dawn. His audience invariably and immediately climbed upon chairs and vented shouts that almost blew out the gas.

Greater comfort and greater safety in street car travel are live issues. There is no way in which comfort and safety are more impaired than by allowing cars to fall into the river. Give us the bascule bridge.

SELECT MEN WHO WILL BE WORKERS.

The legislature has kindly repealed the act of 1901 increasing the number of Circuit and Superior court judges. Its action will grieve some aspirants for judicial honors. It will gratify the county board, which will not have to provide for the salaries of new judges and their bailiffs and for the expense of fitting up courtrooms. The repeal bill has passed in the nick of time. The democratic judicial convention, which meets today, might otherwise have nominated twenty-one candidates instead of fifteen.

Since the number of judges is not to be increased it is all the more important that the men who are put in nomination by the two conventions shall be of the best possible quality. Because of the bankruptcy law, and for other reasons, litigation in this county is decreasing. If it were not for personal injury cases the civil courts would have comparatively little to do. It is true that business is sadly in arrears at this time. Whoever brings a suit must be resigned to a long wait before it comes to trial. The delayed cases can be disposed of and new suits receive reasonably early attention if all the judges will work as hard as some of them do. The average amount of work has been too small, and to that is due largely the crowded condition of the dockets.

The delegates to both conventions ought to bear it in mind that the phrases in the bill of rights of the constitution to the effect that men are entitled to right and justice, promptly and without delay, were not meant as mere "glittering and sounding generalities." Therefore, in making nominations they should not allow themselves to be unduly influenced by considerations of any kind which may interfere with the nomination of the best men. If several good men happen to live in one part of the city it is no reason why they should not all be selected. The delegates should not be governed by personal feelings to the prejudice of the public. It may go against the grain to drop a man who has been long on the bench, who is pleading for a renomination, and who may be unable for a time to earn at the bar what he has been getting on the bench, but if he cannot keep up his end—if he is not worth $10,000 a year as judge—he should be denied a renomination.

The voters have the last word. Conventions necessarily will be governed to a considerable extent by political considerations. The voters will not be. They will discriminate between the workers and the drones and select out of the thirty men tendered by the conventions the fifteen whom they consider best qualified to administer civil and criminal justice.

OIL TANK REFORM.

Explosive oil tanks have become a subject of considerable urban importance. No one wants to see a river of burning oil flowing down the street in front of his house and perhaps splashing up over the sidewalk and trickling into his property. Yet such a catastrophe is easily conceivable as long as oil is stored in large quantities within the city limits. It is not surprising, therefore, that efforts are now being made to devise an improved method of oil tank management.

To the reporter, of course, the first reform that suggests itself is that some way should be found of delaying an explosion until a notebook and camera can be hurried to the scene. At present we have pictures of oil tank explosions only after they have happened and the descriptions of such explosions lose much of their value because they are not the descriptions of eye-witnesses. It is probable, however, that it will not be possible to gratify the wishes of the reporter in this respect and that oil tank reforms will have to be based on the larger interests of the public. These interests demand either that oil tanks shall be removed to the prairie or that they shall be so encircled with walls that after an explosion the oil will not be able to flow off the premises. Water cannot cope with burning oil. The only remedy for it is solitary confinement.

One may hope, therefore, that the city council will devote itself as soon as possible to such a recasting of the oil ordinances as will either place oil tanks where there is no property to be destroyed or will make it obligatory to surround oil tanks with a brick or stone confinement of an adequate kind. A decent regard for public safety will force prompt and effective action.

DESERTIONS FROM THE NAVY.

Why build more battleships and armored cruisers if the men to man them cannot be had? The navy department finds it a difficult matter to keep the ships it has in commission supplied with seamen because of the large number of desertions. About 300 men take French leave monthly, and it is not easy to catch the runaways or to get new men to fill their places. Apparently, sea service is unattractive.

It is not unattractive because seamen are poorly fed or clothed, or because they are ill treated. The sailor who leaves a merchant vessel for a warship goes from purgatory to paradise. The man on a naval vessel has to submit to rigid discipline. He has a good deal of hard work to do, but if he does it his life is in other respects an easy one. Yet when given shore leave he is only too apt to desert. He knows what the consequences will be if he is caught. If not caught he at least forfeits whatever pay may be due him, but he runs away.

Probably there would not be so many desertions if men had a better idea when they enlist of the duties which await them. There are men who believe that romance and adventure are to be found on board ship, and they enlist in the hope of leading an exciting life. They would be gratified perhaps in war times. They are not in peace times. They find their work a little too monotonous, and the discipline more strict than they had expected. They know that when times are good they can get from private employers more money than the government gives them and will not have to work so hard. As they think the country does not particularly need their services, they leave the ship when they are homesick or are tired of the sameness of their work.

The man who has ambition, and who wishes to make his way in the world cannot be content with a sailor's life. There is no hope of advancement. In the army a man may rise from the ranks. In the navy he has been unable to do so. Even if he could, the chances in his favor would be so small as hardly to be worth considering. Therefore, the number of men to whom the navy can look for steady, faithful service and who reenlist when one term of enlistment has expired is quite small. It is not clear how the number is to be increased. Larger pay would stimulate enlistments, especially in hard times, and it may be that that will have to be resorted to finally to get and keep the class of men needed in the navy. The navy department has issued orders to officers to use discretion and tact in the treatment of their men. That may improve the situation a little, but more radical measures will have to be taken to put a stop to the desertion evil.

County Superintendents in a Rage.

County superintendents of schools have been paid out of the $1,000,000 raised annually by taxation for the support of public schools throughout the state. They have been drawing out of that fund from $140,000 to $150,000 yearly. The different county boards audit the accounts of the superintendents and send them to the auditor of state, who pays the bills out of the school fund. The legislature proposes to change the system, making the counties pay the superintendents' expenses and thus increasing by about $150,000 the amount expended on the education of the children. The superintendents are enraged. They are organizing to compel the legislature to abandon its intention. They prefer the present system of payment. They know that if the county had to pay their expenses their accounts would be much more closely scrutinized than at present, and they would not get so much money as they do. The fact that the county boards will keep a more careful watch on the superintendents than they do now is one reason why the change should be made. Furthermore, it is high time to increase the expenditure for public school purposes. The school fund has been $1,000,000 a year for a long time in spite of the great increase in the number of children of school age. The general assembly might well have made the appropriation a million and a half and ordered that every cent of it be used for the benefit of the children. It is not prepared to do that, but it proposes to let the children have the entire amount of the $1,000,000 school fund, and it should stick to its plan, no matter how indignant the county superintendents may be. Each county should take care of its own superintendent out of county funds.

HELIGOLAND is washing away. When it has disappeared entirely Germany would seem to have a right to rule that part of the ocean where it formerly stood.

MR. PLATT speaks softly, but Gov. Odell appears to carry the bigger stick.

THE HON. BILL JOEL STONE has not been as successful as usual in hiding his shells this time.

AN Iowa paper says that Carter Harrison as a presidential candidate "couldn't carry one state." There's more than one state he couldn't carry.

AS NEXT governor of Illinois, what a violent contrast Mr. Deneen would be!

THE name of William J. Bryan was hissed the other evening at a Tammany meeting. In due time Mr. Bryan will proceed to write Tammany out of the democratic party. Now is the time to subscribe for the Commoner.

THE idea that Mr. Knox did not know what he was doing when he brought suit against the Northern Securities merger will evoke one of President Roosevelt's broadest smiles.

IN A MINOR KEY.

The Retort Juvenile.

"May," said Mrs. Upjohn to her youngest, "you shock me with your rude behavior. You are a perfect tomboy. Why can't you be like your little playmate, Lella Green? She is gentle, soft-voiced, well behaved, and always ladylike."

"Yes," said May, "but so's her mother."

Compelled to Be.

"Haven't you any smoke consumers in this town?" asked the stranger, wiping a chunk of soot out of his eye.

"Yes, sir," coughed the native. "There are about 2,000,000 of us."

Mean.

"I don't wish to take up your time," the caller said, "unless you think it likely I might interest you in the subject of life insurance."

"Well," replied the man at the desk, "I'll not deny that I have been thinking some about it lately. Go ahead. I'll listen to you."

Whereupon the caller talked to him forty-five minutes, without a break.

"And now," he said at last, "are you satisfied that our company is one of the best, and that our plan of doing business is thoroughly safe and conservative?"

"Yes."

"Have I convinced you that we furnish as good insurance as any other company, and at rates as cheap as you can get anywhere?"

"Yes, I am satisfied with the showing you make. Perfectly satisfied."

"Well, don't you want to take out a policy with us?"

"Me? O, no. I'm a life insurance agent myself. I thought I might be able to get some pointers from you."

The Professor.

"This," observed the doctor, as they were strolling through the park, looking at the animal, "is what they call the oryx."

"I don't care what they call it," said the professor. "It's a lawbreaker."

"How?"

"Can't you see? It's a merger of the horse, the donkey, and the antelope."

And the sun went behind a cloud.

Uncle Eph'm.

"Dey say size don't count," said Uncle Eph'm, "but hit sutt'nly do count in de case of watermillions an' elephunts."

Came and Went.

Allyn—"Scadmore made his money in one of these 'get rich quick' concerns, did he? How did he lose it?"

Uri—"He started one of these 'get your food slow' lunch counters."

Tip from Headquarters.

Mrs. Strongmind—"You are bringing me a cheaper kind of steak than you used to bring. I want the porterhouse."

Marketman's boy—"That's the kind your husband told us to bring here after this."

Mrs. Strongmind—"You mustn't mind a little thing like that."

At the Liars' Club.

"Have you got the plans for your new house completed yet?" some one asked him.

"Not quite," he replied. "There is a difference of opinion between my wife and me as to the interior arrangements. She says the pantry is too large and that there are too many closets."

Without another word the medal for the biggest lie of the evening was awarded to him. C. W. T.

PERSONAL.

It is understood that Sir Thomas Lipton is to race for a peerage as well as the America cup.

Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland says he will not accept the democratic nomination for governor of Ohio.

Dr. Lapponi declares that the pope is an excellent patient, observing with promptitude the prescriptions submitted to him.

Dr. William F. Smith, who occupied the chair of anatomy at the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Baltimore, is dead.

Trained Nurse Cawardine, up in Labrador, is responsible for the health of 5,000 permanent population on and near Caribou island.

Chevalier Rene de Knyff, who has inspected the course on which Count Zborowski lost his life, says three-fourths of the corners are too sharp.

The king of Siam is reported as saying that he knows full well that his kingdom will some day be gobbled by the English or the French.

Dr. Duncan S. Johnson, professor of botany at Johns Hopkins university, has gone to Jamaica, where he will do special work along botanical lines.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY.

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EULALIE'S unsuccessful appeal to the vatican to annul the bonds of her marriage to Prince Anthony of Bourbon Orleans, duke of Galliera, which failed largely owing to the strong opposition on the part of the court of Madrid to her appeal, serves to call attention to the fact that there are at the present moment no less than four other ladies of royal rank who have similar applications now before the pontifical authorities at Rome.

And in these four—or five, if I include the Infanta—I do not comprise the ex-crown princess of Saxony, who has as yet filed no application for the annulment by the church of the marriage. Nor has the crown prince, for the matter of that, a circumstance which excites some little speculation and comment, not only at Rome but also at the various European courts.

For the Saxon government has been quietly notified that an application on the part of the prince or of the princess would be favorably considered in view of the fact that the superior and two nuns of the convent in which the ex-crown princess sought refuge at the time of her engagement to the crown prince of Saxony already have furnished testimony on oath to the effect that Princess Louise was forced into the marriage against her will by her parents, and they, that is to say the nuns, experienced the utmost difficulty in inducing her to submit to the authority of her parents in the matter.

As I have mentioned before, the vatican will always annul a marriage if it can be proved to its satisfaction that one or another of the parties to the alliance was not a free agent in the matter, one of the most notable cases of annulment of a princely marriage on grounds such as these being the dissolution of the marriage of the reigning prince of Monaco and his first wife, Lady Mary Hamilton.

According to some the Saxon crown prince will take no step towards securing an annulment of his marriage until after the birth of the ex-crown princess's child, a few weeks hence. According to others he will abstain resolutely from making any move whatsoever in the matter, hoping in course of time to become reconciled to his unfortunate wife.

Among the applicants are Princess Louise of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, whose appeal was filed before the scandal which resulted in her being placed under restraint at Dresden as a lunatic. She, too, was able to prove by means of four reliable witnesses that she was forced against her will into the marriage by her father, King Leopold, who left her no choice.

Subsequently Prince Philip of Saxe-Coburg wished to take advantage of this evidence furnished by his wife in order to rid himself of her, but owing to differences with his father-in-law, King Leopold, on the subject of money matters, the Belgian monarch has always opposed the grant of a decree of annulment by the vatican, and the papacy, being anxious to remain on good terms with the Belgian monarch, absolutely declined to give way to Prince Philip's demands.

Then there is the American born princess of Monaco, formerly Alice Heine of New Orleans, who wishes to get free, as far as the church is concerned, from her marriage to the present ruler of Monaco, her object being, of course, to wed some one else, probably the composer upon whom she has showered so many favors. It is doubtful, however, whether she will get her decree from the church, for she was a perfectly free agent in marrying the prince of Monaco and knew quite well what she was about.

Of course the Infanta Eulalie's anxiety to get a divorce is likewise due to her wish to wed a man of a rank far inferior to her own, and it is on account of their objections to him that the Spanish royal family, especially the young king and the widowed queen, have brought every possible influence to bear upon the vatican to prevent its being granted.

Indeed, Leo XIII., having been warned in advance, listened to what she had to say, told her that the question was one for the congregation of the council to determine, and that he could do nothing in the matter. He thereupon commenced talking of something entirely different, and continued to do this every time that she showed a disposition to return to the subject. The consequence was that she left Rome in a dissatisfied frame of mind, declaring that she had found the holy father much aged and quite feeble minded.

With regard to Princess Philip of Saxe-Coburg, it is related that when she appealed to her mother to save her from the marriage into which she was being forced by her father, Queen Henrietta sadly replied: "My child, my father, Archduke Joseph, allowed me to follow the dictates of my heart, and to marry, of my own free will, Leopold, duke of Brabant. You see how our marriage has turned out. You cannot find more misery, and you may have much more happiness, in wedding the man whom your father is compelling you to accept as a husband."

The Brussels Etoile Belge, which is the official organ of the Belgian court, publishes in its most recent issue an official announcement to the effect that, "although some eight months or more have elapsed since the death of Queen Henrietta, it has been found impossible to make any settlement of her estate, owing to the difficulties raised by Count Lonyay, the husband of Princess Stephanie."

Some time back the Etoile Belge published another official announcement to the effect that "the late Queen Henrietta had considerably overrated the extent of her resources and of her estate, and that, in consequence thereof, King Leopold had directed the reduction of all her bequests by 33⅓ per cent."

It is this announcement that enables one to understand the difficulties raised by Princess Stephanie, who is one of the chief legatees of her mother's estate, and by her husband, Count Lonyay. They declined to consent to the reduction or to accept the figures of King Leopold's representatives, contending that Queen Henrietta had all her affairs in wonderful order, was quite clear headed until the last, and knew just what she was about.

Without entering into the merits of the question, it is certainly to be regretted that King Leopold, who gave so little attention to his consort's wishes during her lifetime, should not have honored her wishes in death, and have furnished, out of the immense fortune which he derives from the Congo, the relatively small sum that may or may not have been needed to pay in their entirety her bequests. It would, at any rate, have spared the Belgian people and the world at large another one of those numerous scandals that seem to pursue so relentlessly King Leopold and the members of his house.

Princess Julia Montenuovo, whose engagement to Count Dionys Draskovitch has just been announced, is one of the beauties of the court of Austria, the eldest daughter of the grand master of the court, Prince Alfred of Montenuovo, and a great-granddaughter of Empress Marie Louise of France, who, born as an Austrian archduchess, married, after the death of Emperor Napoleon, her Austrian chamberlain, Count Adam Neipperg, whom Sardou has portrayed in his Napoleonic drama, "Madame Sans-Gêne."

The son of this second marriage of Marie Louise was created by her father, the Austrian emperor, a prince of Montenuovo, which is the Italian for Neipperg.

Retort Courteous.

The Johnson City Comiet says we air the ugliest editor in Tennessee. We don't pretend to be no Apollinaris Belvidere, but if we was as ugly as Cy Lyle we would go out and drown ourself in water.—Harneman (Tenn.) Free Press.

Nothing to Bet On.

In life's gigantic poker game
Full many a man of honored name,
Without a telltale look or blush,
Is betting on a bobtail flush.
—Brooklyn Eagle.

Lost in Transit.

"The per capita money is $60, is it?" sneeringly asked the Kansas editor. "Well, I'd like to know who's got that $59 and 60 cents belonging to me."—Kansas City Journal.

Money Saving Patriotism.

St. Louis boodlers are patriotic. They are coming forward with confessions, thereby relieving the state from the expense of criminal actions.—Buffalo Courier.

Two Kinds.

Bores are of two kinds—gimlets and augers. The gimlet bores you by yourself; the auger bores you in a crowd.—Atlanta (Ga.) Journal.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

THE KAISER AND REFORM.

The kaiser is a monarch of amazing versatility;
The compass of his wisdom rather stretches probability;
And with it is combined an intellectual agility
That marks him as a marvel, as a man without a peer.
The object of his life is to revise all things revisable;
To criticise all earthly things that may be criticisable;
To patronize all science, art, and letters patronisable,
And take a hand in everything on our distracted sphere.

The original reformer, he'd reform a seraphim;
But—to reform himself, alas! has not occurred to him.

He's learned in mineralogy, geology, zoölogy,
Theology, psychology, pathology, philology,
Mythology, phrenology, astrology, cosmology,
And every other 'ology that learning can explore.
He's loaded up with ideas on all matters educational,
And disconcerts the pedagogues with theories irrational.
His ideas and suggestions are, to say the least, sensational,
And usually are followed by a pedagogic roar.

The language of the Fatherland he would revise and trim;
But—to revise himself, alas! has not occurred to him.

But far above his yearning to reorganize theology,
To clarify philosophy and simplify psychology—
Above a passion to reform the rules of etymology,
One pet reform he nursed and watered with especial care:
To change the atlas of the world, especially that part of it
That's labeled South America; he'd make another chart of it.
But as we saw his little game and rather got the start of it
His plans for Greater Germany are somewhat in the air.

We'll hear from this reform again. But in the interim
A project to reform himself will not occur to him.

DO you remember—that in 1903 Graeme Stewart was a candidate for mayor of Chicago?

WITH all our "vulgarity and wealth" it will be some time before we pull off a coronation or a durbar. The big shows are to be found in the land of John Bull.

ECONOMY, Pa., has wound up its affairs and the Economites are no more. "Race suicide" was one of their tenets.

"THE HAPPY COUPLE."

Jennie, standing by the bridegroom in faultless white, seemed to be the gem of the immortal, representing all of the beauty, innocence, and purity of her noble sex. She is cultured and refined, can play the piano or organ, do a neat washing, prepare a delicate meal, and fill any noble station in life adapted to the fair sex. She is beloved not only by her family but all who know her highly appreciate her feminine beauty and qualities. She has no enemies, but her friends are numerous and devoted, and they all encircle her with their love and well wishing—wishing her a happy and prosperous life. The bridegroom is a noble young man bearing the evidence of culture and refinement and brings with him from his Illinois home the respect and esteem of all who know him. Those of Missouri who are acquainted with him know him to be honorable and upright, and Miss Jennie's friends believe that in her choice of a companion she has chosen wisely and he will lead her a happy life and care for her every want.—Adrian (Mo.) Journal.

A BREAD famine in Chicago is threatened; but, as a distinguished lady once remarked, why can't we all eat cake?

VICTIMS of footpads continue to be "relieved of their valuables." The country is so prosperous that it is a positive exertion to carry valuables around.

IN "THE COCKPIT OF EUROPE."

Scutaria, Albania, April 17.—[Special.]—To resume where I left off when the wireless broke:

"Pray be seated," said the beautiful Albanian in a low, musical voice. I selected a sofa built for two, and motioned her to take the unoccupied seat. She declined, and drew up a straight-backed chair within easy talking distance. I still wore my mask, which completely concealed my face.

"Prince Kastriotl," she began, "I have something to say which must be spoken, let the consequences be what they may. I refuse the throne of Albania! I cannot, be your queen!"

"What!" I cried. "Stay!" said she. "Hear all! Yesterday, in a café, I saw my affinity, the one man I can ever love."

"His name!" I demanded, simulating hoarseness. "He is an American," she replied, "an American war correspondent. His name—Josh Slinger."

With a dramatic gesture I tore away my mask, rose to my feet, and extended my arms. She gave a gasp of surprise, and then, with a long drawn sigh, sank into my arms. "My own," said I. "My life!" said she.

In a few words I explained the peculiar and complicated state of affairs. "And what of the future?" asked Zuzu, for such is her charming name.

"Why," said I, as carelessly as if I were proposing a game of tennis, "I shall take the throne of Albania, sit on it, and invite you to a place at my side!"

"What a hero you are!" she exclaimed, fixing her gray-blue eyes on me with a look of unutterable devotion.

"Pshaw!" I replied. "You forget that I am an American."

"I was not mistaken in you," said she, standing off a moment to admire me. "Your face expresses strength and kindliness of character. You are athletic and tall, with a back that lacks perfect straightness because of the muscles across the shoulder. You are just like a hero in a Ladies' Home Journal story. You are the man whom I can love."

"Permit me," said I, "to reciprocate by saying that your mouth is sensitive, your nose adorable, your eyes sildereal, your forehead noble, and your tout ensemble perfection."

I bade her a tender farewell and returned to the ball.

From now on there will be something doing in Albania. JOSH SLINGER.

IF a few tobacco munching hogs were thrown out of street cars it would certainly help some.

"MERE man," decided the old maids' convention, "is no more an absolute success than the mule." Except in kicking. Both are star kickers.

SIR TOMMY'S hand was hurt in the Shamrock smash, but the dispatches do not say whether it was his glad hand or his lavish hand. It certainly wasn't his winning hand, though it may have been his hidden hand, as up to date he has refused to "show his hand."

THERE was a time when a street car could plunge into the Chicago river without drowning the passengers.

NO DAMAGE DONE.

Frank Paul dropped down on his people for a short visit last week.—West Union (Ia.) Gazette.

THIS is Mr. Darrow's birthday. Among those who will not send congratulations is "Friend Dan."

MEDITATIONS OF DOGDAZE.

A man nearly blind with a sty,
Sought a healer, who said to him "Fie!
You think you have got it,
But really you've not it—
The trouble is all in your eye."

THE old maids have been heard from on the "race suicide" issue, and a few remarks, to close the discussion, are in order from the gentlemen that attend mothers' congresses.

CHARLEY KRIME has been licensed to wed. "And still we wonder at the increase of Krime."

THERE are two things this country is long on—directors who do not direct and inspectors who do not inspect.

LAST night of the opera. Now guess how much money Impresario Wilson has made.

STILL there are undoubtedly a few honest men in St. Louis.

TONIGHT'S opera is the one to which you take your lunch basket.

THE wind is in the palm trees and the bock is on the beer. B. L. T.

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903.

DO YOU REMEMBER THAT—

ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO TODAY:

Aaron Burr, vice president of the United States, was given the degree of doctor of laws by Princeton university.

FIFTY YEARS AGO TODAY:

Vice President King died at his home in Selma, Ala., from an illness which rendered him too weak to stand without support when he took the oath of office at Washington.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO TODAY:

Florida negroes were said to be enticed to Cuba under pretended labor contracts and sold into slavery there.

Nihilist riots occurred at Moscow over the arrival of fifteen Kieff university students en route to Siberia.

Over 200,000 English mill operatives struck against a decrease in wages.

Gen. U. S. Grant was banqueted by American residents at Florence, Italy.

TEN YEARS AGO TODAY:

Plans were announced for the Columbian exposition intramural railroad, the first third rail electric line and the model of Chicago's present elevated system.

Caught in the Crowd

JASPER HOWLAND of St. Louis, who is the son of "one of our old southern families," came up to Chicago this week. It was his first visit. This is his story of what happened to him.

"Down in St. Louis I live at the Southern. When I want to go anywhere I get on a mule car and go on out without being crowded or rushed to death.

"In the lobby of the hotel down in St. Louis there is a big clock about eight feet tall. The pendulum is six feet long. It swings slowly back and forth, saying 'T-i-c-k t-o-c-k plenty—of—time plenty—of—time.'

"I got on the train to come up here to Chicago. The train ran into the station like a whirlwind. Before we stopped a porter grabbed my bag and threw it off on to the

"WILLIAM, GET UP!"

platform. I fell off on top of it. Then another man grabbed me and before I knew it he had thrown me into a cab, with my bag on top of me. The horse went away at a gallop and stopped in front of a building so high than I couldn't see the top of it. They chased me into an elevator and shot me up sixteen stories while I was trying to catch my breath. The man who was carrying my bag threw open a door. He tossed in my bag and I fell in, almost exhausted, on the bed.

"'Anything more you want?' snapped the boy.

"'No,' I gasped. 'Just leave me alone.'

"Then I looked up. On the mantelpiece stood a little round clock not much bigger than a watch. It was ticking away at the rate of forty miles a minute.

"'Tick-tick-tick-tick,' it said. 'Tick-tick-git-there-git-there-git-there.'"

In a big boarding house in one of the western suburbs live a strange couple. They have been married for a long time, but never since they have lived in this house have they said a word to each other.

The husband has a room on one side of the hall on the fourth floor. Exactly opposite on the other side of the hall is the room occupied by his wife.

They come down to meals with each other and sit side by side. They are polite enough to each other and sometimes one will ask the other to pass the butter. But their conversation is confined strictly to business.

One night last week, hours after the last occupant of the house has retired, fire broke out at the rear of the house. Some one had tossed a lighted cigar butt into a pile of rubbish at the rear and shortly after midnight the flames broke out and the whole house was filled with smoke.

The landlady was the first one to discover it. She grabbed a big bell and ran through the long halls ringing her bell and crying "fire" at the top of her voice.

The woman on the fourth floor was quickly aroused. She hastily dressed and started to leave her room. As she closed her door she noticed that the door of her husband's room across the hall was still tightly shut. Though they were not on speaking terms she could not go down to safety and leave him to suffocate.

She tried the door. It was locked. Evidently he had not been awakened by the alarm of fire. She rattled the door without arousing him. Then she broke her rule and called to him.

"William," she cried, "get up! get up!"

The shrill voice of his wife startled him from a sound slumber. He sat up in bed and answered in a sleepy tone of voice.

"What for, dear?" he asked.

Apparently the answer—or perhaps the term of endearment used—aroused the woman's temporarily stilled antagonism.

"You get up and look out the window," she snapped, "and you'll find out what for mighty quick."

Some people will remember the famous Cherry sisters, who for several seasons were one of the sensations of vaudeville. Few stage performers have ever been able to attract larger crowds. The only trouble with them was that along with the crowds they also attracted a large line of tomatoes, carrots, decayed apples, and other tributes of appreciation.

Finally, when variety became "refined vaudeville" theatrical managers hesitated to bill an attraction which was so certain to appeal to the top gallery in the vegetable line and the Cherry sisters were driven out of business.

At present the Cherry sisters are the owners and managers of a hotel down at Hot Springs, Ark.

A Chicago man spent two weeks at this hotel during the last winter. The chief factotum around the hotel was a red headed boy, who had plainly just blown in from the back woods. One of the boy's tasks was to keep the box in each room filled with wood, the house being heated with wood stoves. Feeling in a generous mood one afternoon the Chicago man handed the boy a tip of a quarter after he had finished piling the box high with hard maple. It was evidently the first tip the youth had ever received. He held the coin in his open palm and looked up in astonishment at the donor.

"What's this for?" he asked.

"Why, that's for putting in the wood," answered the Chicago man carelessly and forgot all about it.

There were some twenty other lodgers in the hotel kept by the Cherry sisters. The next morning each of them found pinned to his or her bed a small piece of paper. On it the red headed boy had painfully written the following note:

"You owe me 25 cents for putting in the wood. Pay up at once."

One of the guests complained to the Cherry sisters and they, with that absence of all sense of humor which made them such an attraction on the stage, immediately called in the youthful and red haired financier and discharged him.

The Chicago man whose tip had been responsible for it all did not hear of the climax until the boy had left the house and entirely disappeared. And he now has an uncomfortable feeling that he is personally, though unintentionally, responsible for the downfall of the boy.

Almost everybody who knows Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, is entirely confident of his sincerity and devotion to the cause to which he has given up his life. At the same time Mr. Gompers has some enemies and a few of them live in Chicago.

Those labor leaders who do not like Mr. Gompers are accustomed to say that he is too fond of holding the center of the stage. They accuse him of a perfectly natural liking for brass bands and red fire. Not long ago some of these Chicago men, half in jest, played a scurvy trick on the dignified president of the American Federation. Gompers had been attending an important labor convention at Kansas City, where he had played a conspicuous part. The conspirators sent him a telegram.

"Come east by way of Chicago," the telegram read. "Will meet you with band and big delegation. Splendid reception planned. Want speech from you. Wire hour of your arrival."

Nothing suspecting, Mr. Gompers arranged

THE HAND ORGAN STRUCK UP.

to come home through Chicago, and sent a message announcing the train on which he would arrive. When he got in at the Union station he was met by about thirty Italians. Each of them wore on his coat a huge pasteboard badge. On each badge was printed in big letters the words: "Hand Organ Grinders' union No. 1."

Mr. Gompers was astonished, but said nothing. As he stepped off the train another man appeared. He was carrying a small hand organ and on his shoulder sat a monkey. The newcomer, frantically turning the crank, fell in exactly in front of the great labor leader and led the way up the stairs. At the top one of the conspirators, whose identity was concealed by the crowd, called out: "Now, we're ready for your speech, Sam."

Gompers jumped into a waiting cab and fled away. He was driven straight to another railroad station, where he took a train for New York. H. M. H.

Servants Make Good Critics.

A great many people live to please their servants. They save and pinch in order that they may spread themselves before butler, maid, and cook. And, poor fools, they do not perceive that butler, maid, and cook thoroughly understand the situation. But seriously, trained servants are marvelous critics. There is a family in our swellest avenue who will admit that they also are qualified teachers.—New York Press.

Listening to the Dippy Ones.

"And how," asked the visitor to the insane asylum, "do you amuse yourself in this place?"

"Easy," replied the inmate. "We have a picnic listening to the lunatics that come here and ask crazy questions."—Baltimore News.

Wilted Right Away.

"Wilt thou have this woman to be thy lawful wedded wife?" asked the clergyman. "Wilt thou promise to her honor and cherish? Wilt thou swear to her cleave unto?"

"I wilt," responded the bridegroom, who was a grammar crank.—Newark News.

Intellectual Food for the Pope.

Mr. Roosevelt has sent to the pope ten volumes of the messages of the presidents. He must imagine that the veteran of the vatican is leading the strenuous intellectual life these days.—New York Evening Sun.

And Papa Got It.

Copley—"That's a pretty good cigar you're smoking."

Popley—"Yes; that's a 10 center you gave me."

Copley—"I gave you? I guess you're mistaken."

Popley—"O, no. The only dime I found in our baby's bank this morning was the one you put in yesterday."—Philadelphia Ledger.

What He Might Do.

Senator Stone of Missouri says that he is anxious to set himself right before the public concerning his connection with alum legislation. The best course for the senator is to reform the election laws of his state so that there will be no more boodle legislatures.—New York Mail and Express.

Certainly Will.

If the $1,000 bill flashers of the Missouri legislature don't look out the lawyers will get

SAYS UNIONS LACK HEART

SCHOOL TRUSTEE WOLFF ARRAIGNS THEM VIGOROUSLY.

Ultimatum That the Board Must Pay Its Old Carpenters the Full Scale Rouses Member to a Denunciation of the Way Aged Workmen Are Treated by Their Fellows — Three Called for Trial Because of Laziness.

A vigorous arraignment of what he characterized as the "uncharitable" attitude of the labor unions toward their aged and infirm members and a strong plea for the exercise of mercy by the brotherhood of labor man toward the old men was made yesterday by Trustee John F. Wolff of the board of education.

The denunciation was the result of an ultimatum delivered by A. W. Simpson, president of the carpenters' union, to the buildings and grounds committee against the payment of smaller salaries than those demanded by the union wage scale to aged carpenters. "All carpenters in the employ of the board of education must be paid the same wages without respect to their age," he asserted.

Chairman Downey protested. "No man 60 years old," he said, "can get a job from a contractor. Invalids and crippled old men cannot and are not worth $4 a day to any employer. They admit they cannot earn that amount, and they welcome the opportunity to work for less. By taking this action you are consigning all these old men to the poorhouse."

"It is not the union that is consigning them to the poorhouse," declared Simpson; "it is the board of education."

Wolff Scores Labor Unions.

This statement brought Trustee Wolff to his feet. "This is not a charitable institution," he declared. "It comes in poor grace from a labor union to come here and tell us to pay these old men, who can find no employment elsewhere, the wages received by younger and able bodied men. It is the union, by making this demand, that is forcing these legalids and cripples out into the cold world. In the cold world, among corporations, it is pound for pound, but in a brotherhood we expect mercy and charity. We are willing to hire these men at what they are able to earn. I believe in organized labor, but I think the union ought even to remit all dues after their members have reached 65 years of age and let them work for what they can earn, for certainly the competition of these decrepid workmen cannot jeopardize the opportunities of the young and energetic workmen."

The ultimatum of the union heralded a general upset in the carpenter force of the board. It was pointed out by Architect Mundie that several of the carpenters are cripples and cannot leave their benches without the aid of a cane. "Some of them are lazy and indolent," he said, "and cannot do the work of a man."

Three Carpenters to Be Tried.

Trustee Downey moved that action in regard to the union's ultimatum be deferred thirty days. President Mark declared that there was no excuse for delaying action in regard to the men whom Mundie had characterized as lazy for thirty hours. As a result Carpenters Henry Eggers, L. Koppelgin, and O. Vaughan were cited for immediate trial on charges of incompetency.

A pension bill for the benefit of all employes of the board except the teachers was read to the committee by Trustee Thorp and its indorsement by the committee solicited. Trustee Wolff declared that the board's approval would kill it. Every boost the board makes is a knock," said he.

Trustees Plamondon, Thorp, and Chvatal were appointed a committee to expend the $4,000,000 school building site fund. This is the largest fund to be expended for one purpose in the county.

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Mrs. Henry A. Blair Gives a Dinner Dance for Her Daughter, Miss Natalie.

One of the first of the Easter dances was given last evening by Mrs. Henry A. Blair of 2135 Prairie avenue for her daughter, Miss Natalie Blair. It was a dinner dance, and forty young people were present. The cotillon was led by Mr. Hugh Johnston.

Today Mrs. Blair and Mrs. Chauncey Keep will give a party for Anita Blair and Henry Keep, inviting girls and boys between the ages of 12 and 14.

Miss Rowena Gilbert and Miss Zoe Madden gave a tea yesterday afternoon from 4 till 6 o'clock at the residence of Miss Gilbert, 3636 Calumet avenue. Two hundred invitations were sent out. The hostesses were assisted by Miss Mae Press, Miss Katherine Richards, Miss Belle Hall, Miss Bertha Grinnell, Miss Susie Hoyne, and Miss Elsie Dixon.

Mr. and Mrs. Eli J. Carpenter have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Cora Livingston Carpenter, to Dr. Arthur Jackson Anderson, Tuesday evening, April 21, at 7:30 o'clock, at the Union Park Congregational church. A reception will be held immediately after the ceremony in the church parlors. Dr. and Mrs. Anderson will be at home after June 1 at 13 St. John's court.

Miss Edith Blair of 110 Rush street is in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Thomas Nelson Page, and is to be present at a large ball which Mrs. Page will give for her daughter, Miss Florence Field. She will be joined by her mother, Mrs. Edward Blair, in New York on May 1, and they will spend some time in the east.

The Arbutus club will give its post-Lenten informal party tonight at Illinois hall. The promenade will be led by Miss Edith Van Deusen and Mr. John J. Keating, assisted by Miss Mae Hannon and Mr. William P. J. Bailey.

The Colonial Dancing club of the south side gave its fourth annual formal dance last evening at the Chicago Beach hotel. Seventy-five couples were present.

The Rev. John C. Sage of Dubuque, Ia., and Mrs. Sage are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. Hiram Pearsons Murphy of 4402 Greenwood avenue.

At the meeting of the Young Fortnightly on Monday Mrs. Bingham will read a paper on "Legends of Famous Pictures."

The Ashland club gave its post-Lenten dance last evening. One hundred and seventy-five couples were present.

The University of Chicago chapter of the Delta Tau Delta fraternity gave its annual ball last evening at the Hotel Metropole.

PURDUE STUDENTS SEE CHICAGO

Visit Many Manufacturing Plants in Pursuit of Knowledge on Engineering Topics.

The students of engineering at Purdue university, Lafayette, Ind., who are in Chicago on their annual tour of inspection, yesterday visited the Harrison street station of the Edison company, the Griffin Car Wheel company, the Deering Harvester company, the Western Railway club, the tunnel of the Illinois Telegraph and Telephone company, the power station of the Metropolitan Elevated company, the works of the Kellogg Switchboard and Supply company, the yards of the Chicago Shipbuilding company, and the works of the Morden Frog company. In the evening they made a tour through the plant of THE TRIBUNE.

TENNIS CLUB OPERA TONIGHT.

Woodlawn Organization Will Present "Yub-Yub," a Lyrical Comedy Dealing with an African King.

The Woodlawn Tennis club's opera, "Yub-Yub," will be presented in Music hall, Fine Arts building, this evening. The scene of the opera is laid just over the equator, in the land of Yub-Yub, a native African king, who, in the course of the plot, is detroned by Chauncey Chomondeley, an English scientist. The music is by Frank H. Tobey, and the book and lyrics are the joint work of Donn P. Crane, Will M. Hough, and Frank R. Adams.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine. Call for the full name and insist on the box which bears the signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

"THIS IS MY BIRTHDAY."
—SHAKSPEARE.

DARROW—Clarence S. Darrow, "one of Chicago's keenest lawyers."

Mr. Darrow's motto is from Robert Louis Stevenson: "To be honest, to be kind, to earn a little and to spend a little less, to make upon the whole a family happier for his presence, to renounce when that shall be necessary and not be embittered; to keep a few friends, but these without capitulation; above all, on the same grim terms, to keep friends with himself—here is a task for all that a man has of fortitude and delicacy."

As a reminder Mr. Darrow has put his motto in large type, framed it, and hung it in his office.

An admirer's sketch of his character:

"A man of quick sympathy and of gentleness and tenderness almost womanly.

"No type of humanity is too low or degraded to appeal to the sympathy of this intensely sympathetic man.

"His kindness, infinite patience, and broad charity are illustrated daily in his law office. No one is turned away."

Mr. Darrow shines in society. His favorite companions are books. His library is one of the finest rooms of his home.

A favorite poet: Burns. His works and words, says Mr. Darrow, will live "to teach the brotherhood of man and the kinship of all living things."

Some of Mr. Darrow's heroes, men who have most influenced him: Tolstoi, Karl Marx, Walt Whitman, Zola, Balzac, Daudet, Carlyle, Ruskin, Howells, Lyman Trumbull, John P. Altgeld, Voltaire.

He says: "Walt Whitman is the greatest, truest prophet of the age, a man untainted by artificial life and unmoved by the false standards of his time."

Mr. Darrow is a champion of the single tax and labor doctrines.

He is an advanced socialist.

He is a strict vegetarian.

He is an able, forceful speaker, who carries his audience with him and holds its closest attention.

His "speeches are indicative of his poetic temperament. They contain imagery and rhythm."

TRAFFIC OFFICIALS DENY CLOSING THE FLOUR MILLS.

Say There Is No Discrimination in Favor of Wheat Shipped to the East as Asserted by the Millers.

Traffic officials of the east bound roads from Minneapolis and Chicago deny any responsibility for the closing of the flour mills at Minneapolis. It is stated by the mill owners that the difference in the freight rates on wheat and flour is such that the Minneapolis mill owners cannot afford to operate in competition with the eastern concerns.

The freight rate on wheat from Minneapolis to the Atlantic coast, they say, is 2 cents a bushel, while the rate on the equivalent in floor has been advanced gradually until it is now 5.4 cents. The mill owners say that the difference is such that wheat is being shipped by way of the lakes from all points in the United States and the Canadian northwest direct to the mills in the east, where it is ground and sold at a price below the cost of flour shipped from Minneapolis.

The railroad officials say the rate on wheat and flour is the same and there has been no advance in the rates since last January, when rates were restored to normal tariff. The trouble, they say, is due largely to the strikes among the dock men at Duluth and Chicago, in consequence of which the railroads have been compelled to refuse flour shipments consigned to lake lines.

There is a large supply of flour on hand in Chicago and other cities in the west. The closing of the mills will not result in any scarcity, as they will resume when local supplies are reduced.

Hoarding Cars in Coal Region.

A peculiar state of affairs exists at present among the railroads operating eastward from this city. Some lines report a surplus of cars, while others claim a shortage still exists. The explanation is that the Pennsylvania and other large anthracite carriers have been hoarding equipment in the coal regions in preparation for a heavy movement anticipated during the next few months. West bound freight is not sufficient to balance freight seeking transportation eastward, and consequently there is a shortage of equipment.

Shorter Texas-Colorado Line.

Arthur E. Stillwell and others interested in the Kansas City, Mexico, and Orient railway are said to be behind the Colorado, Oklahoma and Texas, which has been organized under the laws of Oklahoma, to build at once an air line road between Dennison, Tex., and Pueblo, Colo. This road will afford a short route between Texas and Colorado, reducing the distance more than 100 miles as compared with the Colorado Southern.

Transportation Notes.

Official announcement was made during the day of the appointment of J. M. Gruber as general superintendent of the western district of the Rock Island railway system, with headquarters at Topeka, in place of Hiram S. Cable, who has been made general superintendent of the northern district of the system, with headquarters at Cedar Rapids, in place of Robert Williams, resigned.

S. F. Forbes has been appointed purchasing agent of the Rock Island system in place of F. A. Marsh, resigned. H. C. Pearce takes the position of assistant purchasing agent in place of S. F. Forbes.

The Rock Island system has purchased 160 acres of land adjoining its right of way at Peabody, Kas., and is constructing a reservoir for water supply.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Vessel Movements.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—Danforth.

OSWEGO, N. Y.—Cleared—Coal—Samoa, Chicago.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Frost, coal, Chicago.

ERIE, Pa.—Cleared—Coal—Carter, Port Colborne.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Cleared—Grain — Gratwick, Buffalo.

CLEVELAND, O.—Cleared—Coal—Iroquois, Oliver, Fort William.

MANITOWOC, Wis.—Cleared—Pridgeon, East Jordan; Wissahickon, Buffalo.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Grain—Case, Buffalo. Light—Houghton, Duluth.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Mariska, Manola, Saxon. Cleared—German, Roman, Erie ports.

HARBOR BEACH, Mich.—Cleared from shelter—Norwalk, Ketcham. Balance of fleet still here.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived — Atmosphere, Rand, Montpelier, Ralston. Cleared—Coal—Cowie, Paisley, Duluth; E. M. Peck, Milwaukee.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived — Castle Rhodes, Tampa, Armenia. Cleared—Coal — Ravenscraig, London, Pabst, Wolf, Chicago; J. B. Ketchum, Marquette. Light—Sultana, Fort William; Samuel Mitchell, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR — Arrived — Fleetwood, Pennington, Malietoa, Hundred One. Cleared—Grain—Capt. Wilson, Buffalo. Ore — Gilbert, Ericsson, Superior City; Lake Erie. Light—Princeton, Trevor, Two Harbors.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Cuba, 11:30 last night; Farnell, 12:30 a. m.; Madagascar, 2:15; Panay, 7:50; Outhwaite and consort, 8; Alva and consorts, 8:10; Rent, 9:40. Down—Queen City, 9 last night; Pielman, 11:20; Wilbur, midnight; Morrill, 7:30; Minneapolis, Coralia, 10:30; Lucy Neff, 1:40 p. m.; Griffin, 3:15; Turret Crown, 4:50; Wissahickon, 6. Wind—West, light; clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Morse, 9:30 last night; Peshtigo, midnight; Elphicke, 5:30 a. m.; Roby, 6:20; Cornell, 8; Troy, noon; Marigold, 12:30 p. m.; Coralia, 8:20; Norwalk, 9. Down—Wolvin, 12:30 a. m.; Grecian, 12:40; George Peavey, Masaba, 1:40; Fulton; Penobscot, 3:40; James Hill, 4:40; Harvard, 5:40; Cambria, Chili, 7:20; Maunaloa, Nottingham, 8:40; James Hoyt, 10; Lafayette, 11; Midland Queen, 2 p. m.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Auburn, 9:40 last night; Ward, 11; Cranage, 1 a. m.; Pope, 1:30; Scranton, George Spencer, 4:40; Northern King, 5:20; Ugandia, 8:30; North Star, 8:40; Fairbairn, Fritz, 9:30; Steinbrenner, 10; Germanic, Hutchinson, 11:40; Heffelfinger, Bartlett and whaleback, Schoolcraft and barges, 1:30 p. m.; Haskell, Niko, Peterson, 2:30; Nelson, Nasmyth, 3; Langham, 3:30; Thomas Palmer, 6. Down—Luzon, 11:15 last night; Blanchard and consort, 2:20 a. m.; Huron, Veronica, Fassett, 5; Kanawha, 11:40; Watt, Gates, 12:40 p. m.; Maricopa, 3:40; Poe, 5; Owego, 5:30; St. Paul, 6; Ellwood, 7.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Lumber—Helen C., Cheboygan; John Otis, Menominee; I. N. Foster, Nahma. Merchandise—Saranac, Buffalo. Light—Topeka, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Merchandise—Chemung, Buffalo. Grain—Ira Owen, Buffalo; C. S. Neff, Cobourg; Adelia Shores, Sarnia; J. Spalding, Kingston. Light—Helen C., Two Harbors; E. B. Maxwell, Chenaux Islands; A. R. Colborn, Thompson; J. H. Mead, E. Mors, Milwaukee; Apprantice Boy, Elk Rapids; S. H. Foster, Washburn; Oak Leaf, Ashland; B. Barnes, Alpena; Clara, Detroit.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

SITE FOR CEMENT PLANT.

STEEL COMPANY LOCATES ITS $3,000,000 FACTORY.

Property Secured Near Indiana Harbor, and Immediate Plans Call for Expenditure of $1,500,000—Works Will Have a Capacity of 4,000 Barrels a Day and Will Employ Between 400 and 500 Men — Will Be Ready for Operation Within a Year.

In the purchase of thirty-three acres of land in Lake county, Ind., the Illinois Steel company has secured a site for its proposed $3,000,000 Portland cement manufacturing plant. Present plans, however, involve an expenditure of $1,500,000.

The site is about 2,000 feet east of Indiana Harbor and just west of Clark junction, and between the Lake Shore and the Chicago, Lake Shore and Eastern railroads. The land was purchased from George T. Cline, and the consideration was $50,000 cash.

The works will be known as the Buffington plant, in honor of the president of the steel company, and will have a daily capacity of 4,000 barrels.

Big Buildings to Be Erected.

The structures to be erected, according to present plans, include a raw material building, 180x180 feet in size; a burner building, 120x240 feet; finishing mill, 70x240 feet; and two storage warehouses, each 120x350 feet, with a capacity of 400,000 barrels of cement. In addition, there will be a machine shop and various miscellaneous structures.

The buildings will be constructed largely of cement and steel, and will be equipped with the most modern machinery. It is expected the plant will be completed and in operation by April 1, 1904, and will give employment to between 400 and 500 men. The works will be in continuous operation, day, night, and Sundays.

The steel company began the manufacture of cement in 1900, and constructed a plant with a capacity of 2,000 barrels a day. Such has been the increasing demand for this product that it is said the company could now dispose of 10,000 barrels a day were it possible to produce it.

In addition to the two plants in Chicago, the United States Steel corporation has begun the construction of a plant at the Carnegie works at Pittsburg, which will have a capacity of 2,000 barrels a day, and will cost $800,000.

Sale of Apartment Property.

An important deal in south side apartment house property has been closed in the sale by Frank G. Gustafson to John B. Portwood of Orangeville, Cal., of the premises in Fifty-first street, 85½ feet east of Madison avenue, for $82,500. The building is four stories and the lot 70x144 feet.

Robert W. Parker, an attorney, and Edgar A. White, connected with the real estate brokerage firm of Wallace L. De Wolf & Co., have taken title to eleven parcels of land in Cicero with an aggregate consideration of $265,549. Nothing would be given out regarding the details of the deal.

Real Estate Transfers.

Real estate transfers filed for record Friday, April 17, 1903:

Hermitage-av., 24 n of Grace-st., e f, 25x125, April 15 [F. Steineke to Jacob Moser]..$ 3,800
Halsted-st., 198 s of Diversey-blvd., e f, 25x124, April 15 [J. Moser to Frank Steineke]
Lake-st., 215 e of Willow-st., s, 23x100, April 16 [M. Andrus to Wm. Strube]..... 2,200
62d-pl., 388 w of Wallace-st., s f, 25x128, March 16 [I. Hert to Christ. Eiling]..... 3,000
Same ppty., March 26 [A. F. Eiling quit-claims to George Herr]..... 1
Troy-st., 192 n of 25th, e f, 24x126¾, April 1 [K. Reitknecht to Otto Fuenek]..... 3,000
13th-st., 23 e of Loomis, n f, 24x124, April 3 [M. Pfeiffer to August Dehmann]..... 2,100
18th-pl., 219 e of Ashland-av., n f, 25x124, April 16 [K. Kontink to Mary Roubik]..... 1
21st-pl., 175 e of Lincoln, s f, 25x126, April 15 [F. Riedel to William J. Riedel]..... 2,500
Fairfield-av., 50 s of 12th-pl., e f, 25x130.95, March 13 [J. Corrigan to Josef Kulicek]..
Leavitt-st., 63 n of Polk, e f, 20x125, March 25 [C. H. Peat to Frederick W. McQuigg]
Same ppty., April 9 [F. W. McQuigg to Frances W. Rowland]..... 2,350
Ohio-st., 144 e of Robey, s f, 24x121¾, April 15 [P. Conway to Julia McHale et al.]..... 1
Christiana-av., s w cor Belmont-av., e f, 97x123, April 16 [C. B. Williams to C. Williams]..... 2,000
Buffalo-av., 125 n of 85th-st., e f, 50x124, Dec. 27, 1902 [A. Gurzenski to W. Poplelarz]..... 4,000
Same ppty., April 15 [W. Poplelarz to Anna Gurzenski]..... 4,000
May-st., 350 s of 74th, w f, 25x124, April 8 [R. Hotz to James D. Follett]..... 2,000
Lowe-av., s e cor 66th-st., w f, 64.1-3x125, Jan. 30 [A. J. McSweeney to John S. Siem]..... 5,000
Ashland-av., 160 s of 57th-st., e f, 50x121, April 9 [E. Ewart to James Ewart]..... 2,500
Loomis-st., n w cor 52d, e f, 82x124, April 15 [T. F. Keeley to Michael Uriucker]..... 2,400
W. 83d-st., s e cor S. 48th-av., 20 acres, Mack-st., s w cor 29th, e f, 599x125, Cicero, Jan. 26 [American Forcite Powder Mfg. Co. to Robert W. Parker]..... 50,000
W. 35th-st., n e cor S. 48th-av., 9.75 acres, Cicero, Nov. 17, 1902 [Nelson Morris to Robt. W. Parker]..... 18,000
W. 22th-st., n e cor S. 48th-av., 10 acres, Cicero, Feb. 20, 1903 [The Columbian Powder Co. to Edgar A. White]..... 37,500
W. 16th-st., s e cor. S. 45th-av., 20 acres, more or less, Jan. 12 [Chas. L. Allen to Edgar A. White]..... 36,000
W. 29th-st., s e cor S. 45th-ct., n f, 264x590, and other blocks, same subdivision, Jan. 7 [Gordon Dexter to Robert W. Parker]..... 36,904
Same ppty., Jan. 7 [J. R. Walker to Robt. W. Parker]..... 6,150
Same ppty., Jan. 7 [Est. of W. D. Walker to Robt. W. Parker]..... 6,150
29th-st., s e cor S. 47th-av., n f, 26x590; 29th-st., s e cor S. 46th-ct., n f, 264x590, undivided ¼ interest, Dec. 29, 1902 [James R. Walker et al. to Edgar A. White]..... 10,320
20th-st., n w cor S. 46th-av., orig., 28.369 acres, Cicero, Nov. 20, 1902 [Est. of John T. Avery to Edgar A. White]..... 68,085
Jackson-st., 285 n of 65th-st., e f, 48x120½, April 14 [Louis C. Thompson to Delia E. Bogle]..... 20,000
Fillmore-st., 250 e of S. 40th-av., s f, 25x123, April 9 [D. E. Bogle to Louis C. Thompson]..... 5,500
12th-st., 134 e of Desplaines, s f, 44.86x123¾, March 24 [Wm. J. Byrne to Oscar Schreiber]..... 20,000
Ewing-st., 50 w of Desplaines, s f, 50x119, April 16 [Rosalie Schicker to Pasquale Deleo]..... 11,600
Lincoln-st., n e cor. Wilson-av., w f, 42x123¼, March 28 [W. P. Dole to Geo. A. Hutchinson, Greenfield, Ill.]..... 10,000
Lincoln-st., 42 n of Wilson-av., w f, 60x123¼, March 28 [J. E. McIntosh to Geo. A. Hutchinson, Greenfield, Ill.]..... 5,000
Sheridan road, 250 n of Buena-av., e f, 70x192, March 25 [Susie W. Dickinson to Geo. Schmidt]..... 13,400
Oak Grove-av., 150 s of Racine, s f, 40x125, April 9 [C. A. Lundquist to Emma T. Ryderberg]..... 5,000
165 Park-av., 20x124, March 24 [A. W. Rittenbinder et al. to M. G. Collison]..... 4,000
35th-pl., 325 w of Vincennes-av., n f, 20x155, April 15 [P. Woodward et al., by M. in C., to Anna O. West]..... 6,300
28d-st., 289 w of Rockwell, n f, 124 and o. p., Nov. 13, 1902 [A. Raczkowski to W. Raczkowski]..... 1,000
S. 40th-ct., 300 s of 13th-st., e f, 25x125¾, April 15 [L. E. Kohler to Joseph Schindler]..... 1,600
Laflin-st., s e cor Edgemont-av., w f, 53x90, incumb. $3,500, April 15 [H. J. Pearlman to Myer Lustgarten]..... 6,000
Ohio-st., 100 w of N. 40th-av., s f, 25x125, April 16 [J. O. Harmon to Emilis Lammel]..... 3,000
Julian-st., 114 e of Wood, s f, 24x100, April 16 [J. M. Marx to Henry Hoepe]..... 1,100
51st-st., 70 s of Forrestville-av., s f, 54x129, incumb. $16,000, April 8 [Wm. L. De Beck to Wm. H. Morris et al.]..... 10,000
Wentworth-av., 250 n of 80th-st., w f, 50x120, April 16 [J. C. Urbar to Isaac Zemansky]..... 2,800
Artesian-av., 248 s of La Moyne-st., s f, 25x120 1-3, April 16 [C. S. Ahlstrom to Wm. J. Bauerle]..... 2,200
Malden-st., 204 n of Wilson-av., e f, 50x168, March 30 [F. Wach to Alonzo H. Hill]..... 4,500
Hamlin-av., 74 s of Cornelia-st., e f, 25x125, and o. p., April 6 [I. P. Rumsey to Albert Haenitze]..... 5,500
Addison-st., 525 e of Racine-av., n f, 25x125, April 15 [L. E. Goebel to Otto Anderson]..... 2,200
Osgood-st., s w cor Roscoe, s f, 25x123, April 15 [M. A. Forhan to Adolph Fick]..... 7,000
Jackson-st., 75 w of Sacramento-av., s f, 24x125, April 16 [C. McCarthy to Mary Keefe]..... 9,500
Taylor-st., 50 e of Loomis, s f, 25x100, April 10 [R. L. Martin et al., by M. in C., to Geo. Wiebers]..... 9,000
Clifton Park-av., 150 s of 15th-st., w f, 50x125, April 10 [H. A. Kasten to Anton Jelinek]..... 1,400
13th-pl., 75 w of Hoyne-av., n f, 25x124, April 16 [A. Hallmann to Maria Schelp]..... 1,000
Same ppty., April 16 [M. Schelp to Anna Hallmann]..... 1,000
66th-pl., 100 e of State-st., s f, 304x74½, March 14 [G. R. Nichols to Frank A. Swanson]..... 1,500
Woodlawn-av., 38 s of 65th-st., e f, 20x125, April 15, [T. M. Goldsmith to Minnie Schaeffer]..... 3,000
Washtenaw-av., 168 n of George-st., e f, 24x125, April 1 [W. Wheeler to Carl Kriewin]..... 1,600
Cornelia-st., 150 w of Campbell-av., n f, 25x124, April 9 [H. F. Pangsten to Mathias Kaiser]..... 5,750
Western-av., 138 s of Jackson-st., w f, 25x125, April 14 [O. A. Matthews to John W. Sweene]..... 1
Warren-av., 288 s of Western, s f, 24x124.7, incumb. $2,000, April 15 [S. J. Alloit to Catherine Steen]..... 4,100
Washington-st., 140 e of S. 40th-av., n f, 46x107, April 15 [J. Sims to Thomas D. Foster]..... 2,000
Division-st., 72 w of Irving-av., s f, 24x124, March 25 [E. H. Seeman to William W. Case]..... 1,500
Webster-av., n e cor Herndon-st., s f, 24x121, April 16 [A. G. De Lange to Ernst Junghaus]..... 2,750
Byron-st., 108 s of Janssen-av., n f, 34x150, July 22 [H. G. Foreman to Mary Selig]..... 1,375
Wilson-av., 133 w of Hoyne, n f, 44x100, incumb. $2,000, April 14 [A. D. Ballon et al. to Agnes W. Ashley]..... 3,700
Rogers Park, s 46, lot 14, blk 44, March 28 [C. F. Marsh to John Sloan]..... 1,175
Washtenaw-av., 218 s of 18th-st., e f, 24x125, April 14 [J. Zeman to Vaclav Pihera]
18th-st., 25 e of Washtenaw-av., s f, 25x135, April 15 [V. Rozen to Vaclav Blaha]..... 2,150
38th-st., 51 w of Francisco-av., n f, 25x125, April 16 [L. F. Fayette to Katherine E. McDonald]..... 2,500
Rhodes-av., 77 n of 33d-st., w f, 20x100, April 9 [W. Whittier to Robert Bartlett]..... 1,300
Same ppty., April 9 [H. Bartlett to Gregory S. Van Meter]..... 3,000
Dearborn-st., 58 s of 40th, w f, 25x100, April 16 [H. E. Metzne to Edward W. Everat]..... 3,000
52d-pl., 236¾ w of Princeton-av., n f, 24x125, April 13 [A. Wrigley to Richard W. Wolfe]..... 3,100
Princeton-av., 5519, 175x125¾, incumb. $3,000, April 16 [C. E. Penfield to Bernard J. Hagamann]..... 1
61st-st., 270 e of Wallace, n f, 16 2-3x121, April 6 [Binglewood B. & L. Assn. to Elizabeth W. Manning]..... 5,500
66th-pl., 130 e of State-st., s f, 30x74½, April 9 [G. R. Nichols to Peter Lindquist]
Washington-av., 191 n of Jackson Park terrace, w f, 50x90, Aug. 22, 1902 [M. J. Johnston to James W. Laughlin]..... 4,250
72d-pl., 112½ e of Ada-st., s f, 22x124, April 15 [G. Schult to John Overzet]..... 1,500
Central-av., 141 s of 93d-st., e f, 51x123, March 9 [F. D. Root to George W. Shepherd]..... 1,175
Avenue K, n e cor 106th-st., w f, 50x125, April 16 [H. R. Stener to Frank J. Kolar]..... 3,700
Milwaukee-av., 189 w of Ashland-av., n e f, 23¼x100, incumb. $6,000, April 16 [Louis Feder to Herman Mishwolsky]..... 2,250
Parnell-av., 158 s of 63d-st., e f, 25x125, April 14 [Archibald Winne to David K. Cochran]..... 10,000
51st-st. blvd., 85¼ e of Madison-av., n f, 70x144.7, incumb. $38,000, April 15 [Frank G. Gustafson to John B. Portwood, Orangeville, Cal.]..... 14,000
..... 82,500

ASKS CHANGE IN THE DECREE.

Northern Securities Company Wants Permission to Pay Dividends Pending Appeal of the Case.

St. Paul, Minn., April 17.—[Special.]—Judge Sanborn, on April 20, will hear arguments on a request made today by the Northern Securities company to suspend that part of the recent decree which prevents it from paying dividends.

The attorneys for the railroads explained that the regular dividend day had nearly arrived, but that under the decree it was impossible for the railway companies to close their books and pay any dividend, a matter affecting something like 1,900 individuals, many of them dependent on these dividends for the necessities of life. No other modification of the decree was asked. Before the case can be finally passed by the Supreme court over $14,000,000 would be paid in dividends in case this part of the decree could be suspended, but otherwise the sum would be tied up.

The United States district attorney, under instructions from Attorney General Knox, will resist any change in the decree.

MARRIED FOR HALF A CENTURY.

Maj. and Mrs. William M. Loughlin Will Celebrate Their Golden Wedding on April 21.

Maj. and Mrs. William M. Loughlin will celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary at the residence of their son, Joseph M. Loughlin, 632 Balmoral avenue, Summerdale, on April 21. Mrs. Loughlin came to Chicago from Oneida county, N. Y., with her parents in 1839, and has been here almost continuously since that time. Maj. Loughlin came here from Burlington, Vt., in 1849. On the breaking out of the civil war the family resided at Lake Forest, and the major went out as second lieutenant Company C, Ninety-sixth Illinois Volunteer infantry. He served until the close of the war and was transferred to the United States volunteer engineers and commanded Companies A and F of that regiment.

SCHLESINGER & MAYER

100 misses' suits at $12.50. 150 girls' stylish coats, $5.

We wouldn't think of reducing prices on a single one of these suits if it were not for the condition that confronts us. Our entire stock must be removed within a few weeks into our new building on the State street corner, so we take out of our regular lines about 100 stylish suits and 150 new spring coats and cut off the profits in order to reduce our assortments by just that number.

They are as handsome a lot of juvenile garments as can be found in Chicago today. Those at $12.50 formerly ranged at $15 up. The coats at $5 were $7.50 up.

Misses' suits reduced to $12.50 for today—only 100 garments—8 or 10 different styles, all colors and combinations, strictly man tailored, mostly blouse styles, with jacket silk or satin lined, skirt lined or unlined, materials of cheviots, Venetians, Scotch tweeds, fancy mixtures, etc.—choice of lot at $12.50, $12.50

150 girls' spring coats at $5. Just think of getting a new spring coat for $5. Some cheviots, kerseys and coverts—these coats reduced from $8.75, $7.50 and $6.75—some lined and some unlined, all colors, all sizes—any coat in this lot, $5

100 new spring coats, $12 values, **$7.50.** Misses' and women's small sizes—all colors, all sizes, satin and silk lined, worth about twice the price we quote them at to close, $7

Remarkable sale linen waists.

For beauty, coolness on warm days and serviceability linen is without a peer. It makes up beautifully, and style critics have accorded it high standing among modish waist fabrics.

We show a comprehensive assortment of new tailor-made effects in linen waists.

Deserving mention are the Fairfax, Forsythe, and Fisk, Clarke & Flagg waists—popular styles in butcher and handkerchief linens, beautiful drawn work and heavy lace insertion and embroidery.

Specials for today.

Fairfax tailored linen waists, priced at from $3.75 to $5. $5

Forsythe tailored linen and madras waists, $3.50 to $5. $5

Fisk, Clarke & Flagg tailored linen waists, $4 to $6. $6

Butcher linen waists, with cluny lace insertions, $3.75 to $6.75

Handkerchief linen waists, with hand drawn work or embroidered in flower and fruit motifs, splendid values, priced from $2.75 to $7.50

First Place in Pure Food Products

DR. PRICE'S Tryabita FOOD has acquired first place in pure food products because it is prepared in a careful, cleanly manner by an experienced physician and chemist. The grains of the finest wheat so thoroughly cooked as to eliminate the indigestible substances and retain only the nourishing and strengthening part of the wheat.

DR. PRICE'S TRYABITA FOOD

THE WHEAT FLAKE CELERY FOOD

PALATABLE—NUTRITIOUS—EASY OF DIGESTION and READY TO EAT

My signature on every package. Dr. V. C. Price.

Dr. Price, the creator of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, and Delicious Flavoring Extracts.

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Every bottle sealed at distillery by federal authorities. An absolutely pure product.

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(2 Stores under Auditorium Hotel).
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E. DURHAM, 70 & 72 State-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

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Endorsed by the leading physicians. Built 1901 especially for the cure of diseases of the stomach and intestines, rheumatism, nervousness, convalescents.

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30 Min. Ride North Northwestern Ry. Tel. Winnetka 26.
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The Carlsbad of America

The new West Baden Springs hotel, at West Baden, Ind., on the Monon R. R. The most unique hotel in the world. Open throughout the year. Cost with furnishings, $1,500,000. American and European Plans. Contains 708 rooms with private baths and all modern conveniences. Absolutely fireproof.

THE ONLY FIREPROOF HOTEL IN THE WEST BADEN-FRENCH LICK VALLEY. Physicians prescribe West Baden waters as the best curative agents known for all ailments of the stomach, liver and kidneys, including rheumatism and catarrhal troubles. For particulars address West Baden Springs Co., West Baden, Ind.

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Old Point Comfort, Virginia.
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The most magnificently situated and comfortably furnished hotel on the Atlantic coast. Unique in cuisine, service and appointments. Very reasonable rates. Very superior accommodations.
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Write for booklet. New Management 1903.
You can play golf all the year.

SEA CLIFF INN,
ISLAND OF NANTUCKET, MASS
Cuisine Excellent. Efficient Service. Music.
Special rates for June and September.
BOOKINGS BY E. M.

CHICAGO WINS IN TEN INNINGS.

Colts Pull Out Second Game of St. Louis Series After a Hard Fight.

WEIMER LOSES HIS GRIP.

Youngster Goes to Pieces Under Fire and "Jocko" Menefee Saves the Day.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	2	0	1.000	St. Louis	1	1	.500
Boston	1	0	1.000	New York	0	1	.000
Brooklyn	1	0	1.000	Philadelphia	0	1	.000
Chicago	1	1	.500	Cincinnati	0	2	.000

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 7; St. Louis, 6 [ten innings].
Pittsburg, 9; Cincinnati, 2.
Brooklyn, 9; New York, 7.
Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 3.

Games Today.

Chicago at St. Louis.
Boston at Philadelphia.
Brooklyn at New York.
Pittsburg at Cincinnati.

St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—[Special.]—The Chicago Colts, off with six runs to the good, had to battle one extra inning in order to whip the cardinals in their second game at League park this afternoon. Then they were presented with the game, just as they had been with the lead in the third inning.

It was the G. O. M. "Jocko" Menefee who saved the day for the Seleelites, when Weimer, the Kansas City wonder, had experienced two bad rounds after having twirled five splendid innings. Weimer's ascension started in the sixth and continued in the seventh. Then Selee trottted out the veteran Menefee in place of the youngster, who, despite his failure, looks O. K.

Weimer Goes in the Air.

Today he became rattled when the breaks went against him, but Menefee went to the rescue in heroic style, had speed to spare, and handed the cardinals three belated Easter eggs. They rapped out only one safety off him, a single by Burke in the tenth, with two out. Burke stole second, but was left, as Donovan's scarer to left was neatly gathered in by Slagle.

The game at the start, from a St. Louis standpoint, was a farce. Tinker got around in the second inning on his own hit, Evers' out, and Lowe's smash to left. In the third Farrell and Burke, the latter subbing in fort for Barclay, who was hurt in yesterday's game, worked in errors of commission, and Williams a glaring one of omission. The result, when Jones doubled and Slagle and Kling singled, was four runs.

Break Comes in Sixth.

The cardinals began hammering Weimer's pellets in the sixth, after wasting two safeties in the first and going four innings without getting anything that looked like a hit. Farrell doubled and Smoot bit through Hanlon for one pillow. Jones dropped Brain's fly after quite a sprint. Burke's single scored Farrel and left a full house. Smoot tried to register on a short passed ball, but Kling's return to Weimer nipped him. It was lucky, as Donovan walked, did Smoot, had he remained at third, would have been forced in. Nichols singled and Brain and Burke tallied. Hanlon dropped the ball when an attempt was made to catch Nichols napping, and Donovan ran in. Williams next walked, but Weimer caught him sleeping. Weaver was fooled by Weimer, so the inning netted only four runs.

Two more, making a tie score, came in the seventh, and Weimer gave way to Menefee.

Chicago got its winning run in the tenth on Evers' scratch triple, which Burke should have fielded, and Lowe's high one to Smoot.

Colts in Better Form.

Chicago batted better today; Jones, Slagle, Kling, and Lowe all thumped the horsehide for fair. Menefee got a double in one time up. Tinker played a glit edge game at third, while Slagle made four great running catches and an assist which killed Brain at the pan in the seventh when he tried to score on Burke's fly to left.

Corridon is sick at the Southern hotel with a bad cold, which threatens pneumonia. Score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E
Farrell, 2b	2	2	4	3	3	Jones, rf	1	2	1	0	1
Smoot, cf	0	2	3	0	0	Slagle, lf	2	3	4	1	0
Nichols, lf	1	2	2	0	0	Kling, c	1	2	6	1	0
Burke, 1f	1	2	0	0	1	Dobbs, cf	0	1	0	0	0
Donovan, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Tinker, ss	1	1	2	5	0
Williams, 1b	0	1	13	0	0	Evers, 2b	0	1	1	4	0
O'Neill, c	0	0	3	1	0	Lowe, 2b	0	2	1	1	0
Williams, ss	0	0	2	3	0	Hanlon, lf	0	0	0	1	0
Weimer, p	0	0	0	0	0	Weimer, p	0	0	0	0	0
Weaver, c	0	0	3	0	0	Menefee, p	0	1	0	1	0
Wicker, p	0	1	0	0	0						
Totals	6	8	30	11	5	Totals	7	11	30	14	4

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0—6
Chicago	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—7

Two base hits—Farrell [2], Smoot, Jones, Menefee. Three base hit—Evers. Sacrifice hits—Dobbs, Hanlon. Double play—Slagle-Kling. Stolen bases—Nichols, Williams, Burke, Kling. Wild pitches—Wicker, 1; Weimer, 1. Bases on balls—Off Wicker, 3; off Weimer, 4. Struck out—By Weimer, 4; by Menefee, 4; by Yerkes, 2; by Wicker, 3. Time—2:10. Umpire—Johnstone. Innings pitched—By Wicker, 6; by Weimer, 5; by Yerkes, 5; by Menefee, 4. Hits—Off Yerkes, 7; off Wicker, 4; off Weimer, 7; off Menefee, 1.

BOSTON WINS FROM PHILLIES.

Season Is Opened Under Adverse Conditions and Zimmer's Men Are Beaten—Score Is 8 to 3.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 17.—[Special.]—Philadelphia lost the opening game of the National league season here to Boston this afternoon by a score of 8 to 3. Neither Fraser nor Burchell could do anything worthy of their reputations in the box.

Fraser started in to pitch, but the Boston brigade lit on him for keeps in the third inning and before they could be stopped five men had crossed the plate. Fraser was not only wild, but was no puzzle to the opposing batters.

The Phillies played a fair fielding game, but could not bat Willis, who was in good form. He kept the hits well scattered. The wind was high and it was practically impossible to judge fly balls. The grounds were still soggy from the recent hard rains, and, taken altogether, the opening was not particularly brilliant. Mayor Weaver tossed the first ball into the field. Score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Phil'delphia.	R	B	P	A	E
Dexter, cf	1	1	3	0	0	Thomas, cf	0	1	3	0	0
Tenney, 1b	2	3	6	0	0	Wirtz, 1b	1	1	8	1	0
Abstein, ss	1	0	2	4	2	Barry, c	1	1	6	1	0
Cooley, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Keister, rf	0	2	1	1	0
Carney, rf	1	2	0	0	0	Douglass, 2b	0	1	2	1	1
Bonner, 2b	0	2	2	3	0	Hallman, 2b	1	1	1	2	0
Gerger, 3b	0	0	2	1	0	Hulswitt, ss	0	0	2	6	0
Kittridge, c	1	2	4	1	0	Dooin, c	0	0	2	1	0
Willis, p	1	0	2	0	0	Fraser, p	0	0	0	2	0
						Burchell, p	0	1	0	1	0
						*Zimmer	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	8	11	27	13	2	Totals	3	8	27	15	1

*Batted for Burchell in ninth.

Boston	0	0	5	2	1	0	0	0	0—8
Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0—3

Two base hits—Bonner, Willis, Dexter, Barry, Keister. Sacrifice hit—Dexter. Stolen bases—Dexter, Tenney [2], Kittridge, Willis. Bases on balls—Off Willis, 2; off Fraser, 5; off Burchell, 1. Hit by pitched ball—Wolverton. Struck out—By Willis, 4. Wild pitches—Burchell [2]. Time—1:58. Umpire—Moran.

Pittsburg, 9; Cincinnati, 2.

Cincinnati, O., April 17.—The Pittsburg team administered another defeat to Cincinnati today. The champions outplayed the locals at every stage of the game. Several times Cincinnati had chances to bring in runs with hits, but these were not forthcoming. Score:

Cincinnati.	R	B	P	A	E	Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E
Kelley, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Beaum't, cf	2	1	4	1	0
Seymour, cf	0	1	3	0	0	Clarke, lf	3	2	1	0	0
Donlin, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Leach, 3b	2	1	1	2	1
Beckley, 1b	0	0	12	0	0	Wagner, ss	0	0	3	1	0
Mor'sey, 2b	0	2	2	1	0	Brain'd, 1b	1	2	15	2	0
Corcoran, ss	1	1	1	2	1	Sebring, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Steinf't, 3b	0	1	0	2	1	Ritchey, 2b	0	1	2	1	0
Bergen, c	0	0	0	1	2	Phelphs, c	0	1	2	1	0
Ewing, p	0	0	0	1	0	Doheny, p	1	1	2	1	0
Suthoff, p	0	0	0	0	0						
*Phillips	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	2	7	27	15	2	Totals	9	14	27	19	1

*Batted for Suthoff in ninth.

Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—2
Pittsburg	1	0	1	3	0	2	0	2	0	—9

Two base hits—Beaumont, Wagner. Three base hit—Clarke. Stolen bases—Kelley, Clarke [2]. Double plays—Leach-Ritchey-Brainsfield; Wagner-Brainsfield; Morrissey-Beckley. Struck out—By Doheny, 2; by Suthoff, 1. Time, 2:10. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance—5,000.

WHITE SOX HOME SUNDAY.

COMISKEY'S MEN TO PLAY ON THE SOUTH SIDE TOMORROW.

Regulars and "Left Overs" Will Battle Against Each Other — Dolan Is Given a Trial at First Base in the Game at Dubuque, Which Callahan's Men Win by Lopsided Score—Brooklyn Takes Opening Contest from New York.

President Comiskey of the White Sox will try his luck with Chicago weather tomorrow by billing an exhibition game on the south side grounds to give American league patrons the first opportunity of the season to size up the old and new members of the team on which he is pinning his faith for this year.

The White Stockings will return from their long training trip tonight, and tomorrow afternoon Comiskey will lead them out on the Thirty-ninth street grounds, divide them into two teams, made up of the regulars and left overs, and pit them against each other in an exhibition game. This will give the fans a line on all the players simultaneously, and has always proved more attractive than playing against some local semi-professional or amateur team.

As was the case with Manager Selee last Sunday, Comiskey has only sixteen players available, there being two truants—Harry Gleason and George Davis, who belong to the club—besides three minor leaguers on whom the claim is not so strong. This will necessitate pressing a couple of local players into service to complete the two nines.

Comiskey has had another promise from Manager Collins that Gleason will report to the White Stockings, but it is so vague he is not counting on that player. Collins says as soon as Ferris gets over his wrenched ankle Comiskey can have Gleason. If Ferris' injury is at all serious that will mean July 4 before he will be in his former shape. Nothing has been heard from George Davis, but it seems the New York club has about tired of keeping up its bluff for the player in the hope Comiskey will be forced to make a trade for him. McGraw's notification to Davis that he cannot use him indicates that. The only thing left for Davis is to play here or in the outlaw California league.

The first championship game scheduled for Chicago is on Tuesday, when Cincinnati plays the Colts on the west side. The first American league game here will be on April 30, between the White Sox and Detroit.

President Johnson will leave today for New York, and will be away about a fortnight making the circuit of the eastern cities in the league. He will be present at the inauguration of the new plant in New York. "Director General" C. Hector Clemes will accompany him.

Mr. Johnson yesterday made his assignment of umpires for the opening series of the American league season, as follows: Sheridan at St. Louis; O'Loughlin at Detroit. Caruthers at Washington, and Hassett at Philadelphia.

DOLAN TRIED AT FIRST BASE.

Callahan Switches His Lineup with Good Results—White Sox Beat Dubuque by Score of 13 to 1.

Dubuque, Ia., April 17.—[Special.]—Manager Callahan tried a new lineup of the White Sox today in an effort to see if the hole in the infield, caused by Davis' desertion, could not be filled in a satisfactory manner. He sent Isbell over to third base and put Outfielder Dolan on the initial bag. The new combination worked well and will be continued for a few days. Dolan accepted nineteen chances without an error.

The game ended in a victory for the White Sox by a score of 13 to 1, and except for the stage fright of the home team in the first inning would have been a fair game. Bradshaw did well after his first inning, when Chicago scored seven runs on five singles, a base on balls, an error, and Sullivan's triple.

Sullivan caught for Dubuque in 1897, and was accorded applause when he went to bat.

O'Day relieved Bradshaw after the fifth, and Chicago secured only two hits off him. Callahan succeeded Dunkle in the seventh, and Buelow, the second man up in that inning, put the first ball pitched over left field fence.

The White Sox will play here again tomorrow, and on Sunday will be split into two teams will play at the south side grounds in Chicago. Today's score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Dubuque.	R	B	P	A	E
Dolan, 1b	1	1	19	0	0	Fleming, rf	0	0	0	0	1
Jones, cf	2	2	1	0	0	Connor, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Greene, rf	2	2	0	0	0	Richar's, rf	0	0	0	0	0
Hallm'n, lf	3	2	0	0	0	Buelow, 1b	1	2	17	0	0
Isbell, 3b	2	2	1	2	0	Bauer, 3b	0	1	2	1	4
Daly, 2b	2	1	1	4	0	Stone, c	0	0	5	0	1
Tanne'll, ss	1	1	1	4	1	Osborne, cf	0	0	4	1	0
Sullivan, c	2	2	6	0	0	Farmer, ss	0	0	2	4	0
Dunkle, p	0	0	0	0	0	Brad'w, p	0	0	0	4	0
Callahan, p	0	0	0	1	0	Jameson, c	0	0	1	2	0
						O'Day, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	13	12	27	14	2	Totals	1	4	27	18	7

Chicago	7	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	—13
Dubuque	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two base hits—Hallman, Dolan, Isbell, Daly. Three base hit—Sullivan. Home run—Buelow. Stolen bases—Bradshaw, Green, Isbell, Dolan. Double play—Tannehill (unassisted); Osborne-Bewer; Daly-Dolan. Bases on balls—Off Bradshaw 2, Kit by pitched ball—Dolan. Struck out—By Dunkle, 3; by O'Day, 1.

NEW YORK LOSES OPENING GAME

Brooklyn Beats Lowlanders by Score of 9 to 7—Mathewson's Salary Arm Refuses to Work Properly.

New York, April 17.—New York lost the opening game of the baseball season to the Brooklyn team at the Polo grounds today in the presence of 20,000 spectators. Mathewson was wild at times and had poor control. Schmidt, the new Brooklyn pitcher, did fairly well in his first National league game, and his work compared more than favorably with that of New York's star. The batting feature was Browne's hit over the right field inclosure for a home run and Van Haltren's three bagger. Brooklyn's hits were well timed, while the home team lacked the batting strength at times when hits meant runs. Score:

Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E	New York.	R	B	P	A	E
Strang, 3b	1	0	1	6	0	Browne, rf	1	1	0	0	1
McCreedie, lf	2	2	2	0	0	Van H'n, cf	2	2	1	0	0
Sheckard, lf	1	2	2	2	0	McGann, 1b	1	1	14	0	0
Housek'r, cf	2	1	1	0	1	Mertes, lf	2	1	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	1	1	4	4	0	Dahlen, ss	0	1	1	2	1
Dahlen, ss	0	0	1	7	2	Lauder, 3b	0	3	1	6	1
Flood, 2b	0	0	2	4	1	Gilbert, 2b	0	0	1	5	2
Ahearn, c	0	0	4	2	0	Warner, c	0	0	4	2	0
Schmidt, p	0	0	0	2	0	Math'son, p	0	0	1	5	0
Totals	9	9	27	19	4	Totals	7	11	27	21	6

Brooklyn	4	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	1	—9
New York	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	—7

Two base hits—McCreedie, Van Haltren, McGann, Mertes. Three base hit—Van Haltren. Home run—Browne. Stolen bases—Sheckard, 3; Housekeeper, Doyle, McGann, 2; Mertes, Babb. Double plays—Lauder-Gilbert-McGann. Sacrifice hits—Gilbert, 2; Babb. Bases on balls—Off Schmidt, 2; off Mathewson, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Schmidt, 1. Struck out—By Schmidt, 2; by Mathewson, 7. Wild pitches—Mathewson, 2. Time—2:20. Umpire—O'Day.

SUNDAY BASEBALL IN NEW YORK

Games Are Declared Legal in Gotham if Residents of Neighborhood Do Not Object.

New York, April 17.—[Special.]—City Magistrate Joseph M. Deuel of the west side police court today handed down a decision on the question of Sunday baseball playing in this city. The decision declares in effect that all games may be played legally on Sunday so long as residents of the neighborhood in which the games take place are not disturbed.

Milwaukee, 4; Illinois, 3.

Champaign, Ill., April 17.—[Special.]—Duffy's leaguers ended the practice game with Illinois by winning the deciding game in ten innings by a score of 4 to 3. The game was loosely played. Illinois plays Northwestern here on Saturday. Score:

Milwaukee	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	—4	6	1
Illinois	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	—3	10	5

Batteries—Kenna and Lucia; Warner, Aughey, Pfeffer, and Zangerle.

Michigan, 16; Hillsdale College, 4.

Hillsdale, Mich., April 17.—[Special.]—The baseball season opened here this afternoon with a game between the University of Michigan nine and the local college team, the Ann Arbor team winning, 16 to 4.

No Soldier-Navy Football Game.

Annapolis, Md., April 17.—[Special.]—The overtures made by the navy football authorities looking to healing the breach with West Point have been rejected by the West Point officials and the annual West Point-Annapolis football game is indefinitely off.

HIGH CARNIVAL FOR STAGG'S MEN.

Lengthy Program Arranged for Athletes on Marshall Field Today.

WORK FOR EASTERN TRIP

Selection of the Contestants for the Pennsylvania Meet to Be Made.

Marshall field, at the University of Chicago, will be the scene of an athletic carnival today, when Stagg's athletes indulge in baseball games, track meets, and relay races. Great interest is centered in the tryout to select the championship high school or academy relay teams of the west, which will travel to Philadelphia on the $100 prize which Director Stagg has offered in behalf of the university.

The University of Chicago four mile relay team to compete in the University of Pennsylvania invitation games on April 25 will also be chosen.

Athletic activities will begin in the morning, when the Chicago freshmen will play their first hard match of the season against the Morgan Park academy nine. In the afternoon at 1:30 o'clock a track and field carnival will be held, in which the Chicago athletes will disport themselves. Some of them will be taken to Philadelphia as a reward for their efforts, while others will compete for the amusement of the spectators.

Fred Hall, Mort Cahill, and Ell Gale have practically won places on the four mile team. The men who will fight it out for the fourth place are Neher, Mathews, and Moore. The high school and academy competition will begin at 3:30 o'clock.

Capt. Harper will lead the varsity nine in a game of baseball against the team of the College of Physicians and Surgeons at 4 o'clock. This will close the program for the day.

To Play for Championships.

Two high school championships will be decided this afternoon. The final in the interscholastic ball game will be played at Lewis institute, where the Medill and North Division nines will battle for the pennant. The teams have met twice before and Medill was victorious in each contest. Gerhardt, Wolpe, and Weisberg will do the battery work for Medill, and Weinberger and Le Jeune for North Division. The Hyde Park and Lake High girls' basketball teams will meet for the girls' championship at the women's gymnasium at the University of Chicago. Each team has a victory to its credit.

Amateur Games Today.

Many of the local amateur ball players will have a tryout today. Some of the games scheduled this afternoon are: Oak Leas and Lewis institute, at Washington park; Ware & Lalande and Unions, at American league park; Tom Murray's Kids and Finley Barrells, at Washington park; Logan & Bryan and Cora Products company, at Washington park; A. J. White & Co. and American Cereal company, at Washington park; Bartlett & Frazier and River Forest, at River Forest.

Northwestern and Illinois.

Northwestern university and University of Illinois baseball teams will meet at Champaign this afternoon. This is the first game played by either team in the new Intercollegiate league. The men taken by Butterworth to Champaign are: Jackson, Rundle, Fleager, McPherrin, Nutall, Gardiner, Dunne, Burleson, Morland, Doane, Shewbridge, Whitehead, and Ivance. The men in the first team is meeting with Illinois, the "lits" will meet the Englewood Men's club at Evanston.

Wisconsin to Play Without Ware.

Madison, Wis., April 17.—[Special.]—Wisconsin will play its first college game of the season with Capt. Ware out of the game. The lineup will be as follows: Lewis, pitcher; Leahy, catcher; Boreson, first base; Bray, second; Hoeltz, third; Bandelin, shortstop; Muckelstone, left field; Gatss, center; Ferons, right.

Miscellaneous Games.

At Columbus, O.—Boston Americans, 2; Columbus, 1.

At Lincoln, Neb.—University of Nebraska, 13; Kansas, 1.

At Danville, Ky.—Indiana university, 2; Central university, 1.

At Washington, 19; Baltimore, 1.

At Jersey City, N. J.—Philadelphia Americans, 13; Jersey City, 1.

At Evansville—Detroit, 5; Evansville, 2.

At Indianapolis—Cleveland, 3; Indianapolis, 0.

At Rockford—Beloit, 5; Rockford, 1.

At Mineteе—Anderson, 17; Muncie, 1.

At Galesburg—Knox, 3; Quincy Reserves, 1.

DEATH OF MRS. FITZSIMMONS.

Wife of the Former Heavyweight Champion Pugilist Succumbs to a Sudden Attack of Pneumonia.

New York, April 17.—[Special.]—After an illness lasting since Monday Mrs. Robert Fitzsimmons, wife of the heavyweight pugilist, died this morning at 6:40 o'clock at the family residence, Rose Villa, in Bensonhurst. Since Wednesday Mrs. Fitzsimmons was unconscious, and last night her illness took a turn for the worse. In the hope of prolonging her life oxygen was administered without effect. Pneumonia was the cause of her death.

Favor New York Boxing Bill.

Albany, N. Y., April 17.—[Special.]—The senate code committee today reported favorably on Senator Frawley's two boxing bills. One is for professional sparring matches before licensed clubs under the jurisdiction of the state boxing commission which is to be appointed by the governor and have charge of all fights. The commission is to issue permits for fights and see that a certain percentage of the gross receipts is paid into the state treasury. The second bill authorizes the Amateur Athletic union to conduct boxing matches between amateurs with eight ounce gloves, the bouts to be of no more than fifteen minutes' duration.

Al Herford Under Arrest.

Baltimore, Md., April 17.—Police tonight rounded up half a dozen local boxers with their seconds, together with Al Herford the referee of three proposed bouts before the Eureka Athletic and Social club. Herford claims he is the manager of a regularly incorporated club organized for athletic and social purposes. As no admission was charged and only club members present, he thinks he has a good case and will test the law. The prisoners were released on bail.

Dougherty Outpoints Casper Leon.

Philadelphia, Pa., April 17.—Danny Dougherty of this city outpointed Casper Leon of New York in a six round bout tonight at the Ariel Athletic club. Leon started in with a rush and scored two knockdowns in the first round. After that he did not have things all his own way. Dougherty improved and in the latter part of the bout had Leon on the defensive.

AMATEUR DRIVERS' NEW PLAN.

New York Club to Classify Horses According to Speed and Success on Track.

New York, April 17.—Under the administration of Charles C. Lloyd, who succeeds C. K. G. Billings as president of the New York Driving club, a new system of amateur harness racing is to be introduced this year at the Empire City park. It is proposed to classify the horses at the beginning of the season without reference to their public records, dividing them into twelve groups, or classes, according to their estimated speed capacity. Whenever a horse wins a race in the class in which he starts he will go on to the next faster class, and on winning there will again move up to a still faster class, until he reaches the open, or championship class, if he is capable of doing so. According to this plan a horse will remain in a class until he has won a race in that class, but he cannot win twice in the same class. It is believed the new system will operate to improve the sport and force every horse into the class in which he belongs.

Central Bantams, 18; West Side, 16.

The Central Y. M. C. A. bantams defeated the west side Y. M. C. A. juniors at the west side gymnasium yesterday afternoon by a score of 18 to 16. Lineup:

West Side Juniors [16].		Central Bantams [18].	
R. F.	Beutner	Wallace	R. F.
L. F.	H. Fox	Horovitz	L. F.
C.	Van Vorin	Sangerman	C.
R. G.	Fox	Breuer	R. G.
L. G.	Collette	Duesing	L. G.

Referee—Smith. Goals from field—Wallace, 2; Horovitz, 1; Sangerman, 5; Breuer, 1; Beutner, 3; Collette, 1. Free throws—Fox, 3; Beutner, 1.

QUICK MAKES BEST SCORE

WINS CONSOLATION HANDICAP AT KANSAS CITY TOURNEY.

Missouri Marksman Breaks Ninety-five Targets Out of Possible 100 and Beats Highest Previous Record Made During the Week — Event Closes Fourth Annual Grand American Tournament Program—Two Tie for Second Prize.

Kansas City, Mo., April 17.—D. A. Quick of Eldorado Springs, Mo., today won the Consolation handicap at 100 targets, the last event on the program of the fourth grand American handicap tournament, by breaking ninety-five, the highest score made during the tournament in the hundred target contests.

Quick was the last but two of the contestants to shoot. He shot from the fifteen yard line, having been advanced one yard because he was not among the winners in the Grand American handicap yesterday, in which his score was 81. The winners in the Grand American had one yard added to their handicaps in the consolation and the losers had one yard taken off.

A. C. Connor of Pekin, Ill., 18 yards, and H. Pearse, Chicopee, Kas., 17 yards, each scored 93, and divided second and third moneys. Max Hensler, who was second in the Grand American handicap, did not not shoot in his regular form in this event, making a score of only 84, with a handicap of 16 yards.

Fred Gilbert shot from the twenty-four yard line, the heaviest handicap of the tournament, and made a score of 83. J. M. Hughes and H. C. Hirschy, 23 yard men, made scores of 85 and 79, respectively. W. R. Crosby, 22 yards, made a score of 84; R. O. Heikes, 22 yards, 88; and J. A. R. Elliott, 22 yards, 85. Other high scores were as follows:

E. A. Arnold, Larned, Kas [17 yards], 92; Chris Gottlieb, Kansas City [17 yards], 90; C. R. Milbank, [17 yards], 90; E. D. Fulford, Utica, N. Y. [19 yards], 89; E. C. Confarr [17 yards], 89; C. W. Budd, Des Moines, Ia. [20 yards], 88; M. Thompson [18 yards], 88; W. H. Heer, Concordia, Kas. [21 yards], 87; Lem Willard, Chicago [18 yards], 87; W. A. Baker, Griffin, Ga. [18 yards], 87; E. J. Chingren, Sioux City [19 yards], 87; John W. Garrett, Colorado Springs [21 yards], 86; W. J. Townsend, Omaha [19 yards], 86; A. L. Gilson, Fonda, Ia. [17 yards], 86; J. A. Jackson, Austin, Tex. [17 yards], 86; J. E. Avery, Atlanta, Ga. [16 yards], 86.

Good scores were made in the four minor events at twenty targets. Fred Gilbert broke 79 out of the 80. J. A. R. Elliott broke 78 and W. R. Crosby broke 77. Other shooters who made straight scores of 20 were as follows:

C. G. Spencer, E. D. Foust, Warren, Ind.; E. A. Arnold, Larned, Kas.; Adam Bogner, Buffalo; Lee Nichols, Ia.; Fred Arnold, St. Joseph, Mo.; W. A. Baker, C. G. Le Compte, Eminence, Ky.; C. D. Linderman, Lincoln, Neb.; H. D. Bonnell; Ed Banet; W. D. Townsend, W. B. Linell, Eldorado, Kas.; Al Gilson, H. Pearse, J. T. Atkinson, Newcastle, Pa.; W. Rice, Nacogdoches, Tex.; A. D. Mermod, St. Louis; and E. D. Fulford.

GOOD RACING AT AQUEDUCT.

Excellent Card and Perfect Weather Attract Large Crowd—Potente Captures Rockaway Stakes.

New York, April 17.—[Special.]—Perfect weather and a fairly attractive card made the patrons of racing turn out in large numbers at Aqueduct this afternoon. Fully 8,000 persons were at the track when the first bugle sounded. Three favorites, a second choice, and two third choices enabled the regulars to make further inroads in layers' bank rolls.

The chief event was the Rockaway stakes at seven furlongs. A hot tip was in circulation that W. B. Leed's Nevermore, 11 to 5 favorite, would win, while a pile of money was placed on Frank Farrell's Duellist. Potente was well played at 5 to 1, and Numeral was backed down to eights.

Hoar took Duellist away from the post flying, the old gelding gaining a commanding lead over Nevermore, Court Maid, and Numeral. At the head of the stretch Duellist began to back up, and Shaw, letting Potente down, ran over his field and galloped home winner by three lengths. H. T. Griffin's Embarrassment, a 20 to 1 shot, ran into the place, a length and a half before Nevermore, which beat Duellist a neck.

The sport opened with a handicap at 5½ furlongs. "Pittsburg Phil's" Grand Opera, with Shaw up, was made a 11 to 5 favorite. James R. Keene's Futurita was backed down to fours, and Lord Badge, Captivator, Wealth, and Early Eve all attracted liberal support. There was nothing to the race but Grand Opera, which made all the running and won easily by three lengths, Gannon driving Futurita into the place. Lord Badge was third.

Aqueduct Summaries.

First race, handicap, 5½ furlongs—Grand Opera, 114 pounds [Shaw], 11 to 5, won; Futurita, 106 [Gannon], 4 to 1, second; Lord Badge, 115 [O'Neil], 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:09 1-5. Wealth, Early Eve, and Captivator ran.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Charlis Fisher, 110 pounds [Conn'hran], 7 to 5, won; Palm Rearer, 107 [Gannon], 4 to 1, second; Namecki, 110 [Hoar], 12 to 1, third. Time, :57. Bruceville, Chockayotte, Sunday Times, and Atwood ran.

Third race, the Rockaway stakes, 7 furlongs—Potente, 109 pounds [Burns], 5 to 1, won; Embarrassment, 98 [Wilkerson], 20 to 1, second; Nevermore, 104 [Gannon], 11 to 5, third. Time, 1:30 2-5. Court Maid, Duellist, Ben Howard, Numeral, and Mrokanta ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Ahola, 101 pounds [Wilkerson], 6 to 1, won; Pittacus, 103 [Fuller], 10 to 1, second; Duke of Kendal, 106 [Burns], 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Rostand, Captain R., Meistersinger, Colonsay, Glennevis, Taps, St. Barnaby, and Missionary ran.

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling—Past, 96 pounds [De Souza], 18 to 5, won; Lord Advocate, 108 [Burns], 8 to 1, second; H. L. Coleman, 112 [Minder], 7 to 1, third. Time, 1:49. Courtney, Carroll D., Philippine, and Fried Krupp ran.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs, selling—Northbrook, 104 pounds [Gochran], 11 to 5, won; Flying Gipsy, 102 [Fuller], 30 to 1, second; Erbe, 101 [Gannon], 7 to 2, third. Time, 1:31 2-5. Mauling, Snow Cap, Adell Harding, Samaden, Chiton, O'Reilly, Your Grace, and Far Craft ran.

ENTRIES:

First race, 5½ furlongs, selling—Isla, 111 pounds; Homestead, 110; Armeath, 109; Ocean Dream, 105; Miladi Love, 105; Cassyille, 104; True Blue, 104; Kickshaw, 102; Andrattus, 102; Francois, 101; Ondurdis, 100; Neither One, 99; Maru, 96; Ran After, 96; White Owl, 94; William Step, 92; Credulity, 84.

Second race, 4½ furlongs—Peter Paul, 113 pounds; Knob Hampton, 104; Orina, 101; Duncan, 99; Bronx, 96; Seymour, 96; Spring, 96; Silver Dream, 96; My Mate, 96; Any Day, 90; Wizard, 96; Echinate, 96; Walrup, 99.

Third race, 7 furlongs, selling—Alado, 114 pounds; King Raine, 113; Griffiths, 110; Silurian, 110; Brisk, 110; Mark Cheek, 108; Ocianwas, 108; Ernest Fanchon, 103; Annie Grace, 105; Cruachan, 104; Ben Mora, 103; Star and Garter, 101; Georgia Pine, 100; Alhambra, 98; Mollie T., 98; Lord Vale, 95; Miss Elston, 93; Mezzo, 93; Turco, 91; Bobbinet, 86.

Fourth race, the Riverrne stakes, 7 furlongs—Halfrada, 120 pounds; W. R. Condon, 114; Dr. Saylor, 108; Atheiry, 108; Pageant, 100; Illyria, 100; Colonist, 100; Chicle, 100; Durazzo, 97; Ahola, 95.

Fifth race, 4½

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DEATHS.

Marriage or death notices will be cabled in condensed form, without extra charge, for publication in the Paris edition of the New York Herald if advertisers so request. Ly writing on their notices when handing them in, "Cable to the New York Herald European edition."

Ahern, William.
Bowman, Elizabeth.
Bradley, Thomas P.
Bartlett, Stuart.
Burrill, Mary A.
Birchmeir, Celestins.
Cawley, James C.
Cawley, Richard.
Dempster, Margaret.
Eichorn, Augusta.
Ehrhardt, Mina.
Faulkner, Howard Chas.
Grubnau, Jacob.
Grady, Thomas Martin.
Getty, Marie Louise Antoinette.
Honegman, Alexander.
Hillebrand, Richard A.
Hicker, John.
Hasen, Mrs. G.
Harvey, Mary Ellen.
Kirkhope, James.
Lee, Charles.
Lubliner, Hir.
Meyer, Jacob.
McQuaid, Mrs. Michael.
O'Brien, Anna.
Pearce, Mrs. Mary E.
Pizman, Hester S.
Pennington, Emma C.
Polachek, Theresa.
Quinn, Thomas.
Raggio, Margaret.
Schreiber, Ilka.
Shay, Edward.
Shea, Mary.
Schell, Marie Magdalena.
Sommer, Nettina.
Seeberger, Henry.
Sinclair, Charles E.
Sullivan, Dennis.
Smith, James Harvey.
Stuart, Joseph.
Sfeeper, Joseph A.
Throwbeck, Delphine Sweet.
Turner, Charles H. P.
Taylor, Mary H.
Vandervoort, A. B.
Whitney, Harriet J.

AHERN—William, husband of Mary Ahern. Funeral Saturday at 9 a. m. from 2907 Lowe-av. to All Saints' church, thence by cars to Mount Olivet.

BOWMAN—Elizabeth, April 17, daughter of Louis and Elizabeth Bowman. Funeral from 3418 Auburn-av., April 18, at 9 o'clock, by cars to Mount Olivet.

BARTLETT—Stuart Bartlett, aged 17 years, of pneumonia, April 16. Funeral to be held from the residence of Mr. Ellis, 7449 Eggleston-av., at 12:30 o'clock on Sunday, by carriages to the 3:15 Northwestern train. Burial at Rosehill.

BURRILL—Mary A., April 17, at 196 La Salle-st., wife of Ad. Burrill, beloved mother of Norman and Adah. Funeral Sunday at late residence, 11:30 a. m., to Rosehill.

BRADLEY—April 16, Thomas P., child of Patrick and Catherine Bradley, aged 17 months. Funeral April 19 at 11 a. m. from 6842 S. Peoria-st., by cars to Mount Olivet.

BIRCHMEIR—Celestine, at his residence, April 16, aged 66 years. Funeral Sunday, April 19, at 1:30 o'clock, from late residence, 22 Carl-st., to St. Joseph's church, Hill and Orleans-sts., to St. Boniface cemetery, by carriages.

CAWLEY—The remains of James C. Cawley, who died Feb. 17, 1903, will be taken from vault at Rosehill cemetery and laid to rest April 17.

CONRAD—Richard, April 16, aged 73 years. Funeral April 18 at 9 a. m. from Alexian Brothers' hospital to Mount Carmel church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

DEMPSTER—Margaret, wife of the late Francis Dempster, 3817 S. Morgan-st. Funeral April 20, 1903, at 2 p. m. to the Tenth Presbyterian church, thence by carriages to Oakwoods.

EHRHARDT—Mina [nee Sauer], April 16, at her residence, 3508 Cornell-av., aged 64 years, wife of the late Julius Ehrhardt and beloved mother of Gustave, Richard, Emil, Julius and Gertrude Ehrhardt and Emma Schmitt. Funeral 12 o'clock Saturday. Carriages to Waldheim.

EICHHORN—Augusta, April 15, wife of H. Eichhorn, formerly of Chicago, at 8:30 a. m. from 7316 Jackson-av. to Oakwoods.

FAULKNER—Howard Charles, son of Charles and Eveline Faulkner, aged 4 years. Funeral private.

GRUENAU—Jacob, April 16, aged 38 years, husband of Ida Grubnau. Funeral Saturday, 1 p. m., 12 W. 19th-pl., to Waldheim.

GRADY—April 16, Thomas Martin. Funeral April 19 from 4713 Emerald-av. at 9 a. m. to Nativity church, thence by carriages to Calvary.

GETTY—On April 16, at 1503 George-st., Lake View, Chicago, Marie Louise Antoinette, beloved wife of E. Burton Getty, aged 39 years. Funeral from late residence at noon on Sunday to Mount Carmel church, cor. of Wellington and Hlucher-st., and thence to St. Boniface.

HAZEN—Funeral services for the late Mrs. G. A. Hazen will be held at 1 p. m. today in the parlors of the Third Presbyterian church, corner Ashland-blvd. and Garden-av.

HONEYMAN—Alexander, husband of Minna. Funeral April 19 at 1 p. m. from 814 N. Mozart-st. Interment at Forest Home.

HILLEBRAND—Richard A., infant son of G. A. and May Hillebrand. Funeral April 18 at 2 p. m. from 964 Walnut-st. to Forest Home.

HICKEY—John, April 16. Funeral from 12th-st. and Lawndale-av. at 9:30 a. m. to St. Agatha's church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

HARVEY—Mary Ellen, April 16, wife of George C. Harvey. Funeral April 19 at 2 p. m., from 4039 Indiana-av., to Oakwoods.

KIRKHOPE—James, at 193 S. Green-st. Funeral from 243 S. Hermitage-av., April 18, at 1 p. m.

LUBLINER—Sig., aged 59 years, of pneumonia, at Hot Springs, Ark. Funeral will take place Sunday, April 19, from residence, 3143 Prairie-av., at 10 o'clock. All acquaintances. Members of Order of Beni Brith are requested to attend.
E. C. HAMBURGER. Grand Secy.

LEE—Charles, aged 16, aged 87 years. Funeral April 18, at 2 p. m. NEXT to 189 Milton-sts., 35 Grace-sts.

MAURER—Jacob, April 16, husband of Mary Maurer. Funeral April 19, from 555 35th-st., at 2 p. m., by carriages to Oakwoods.

McQUAID—April 17, Mrs. McQuaid, wife of Michael McQuaid, at 1104 Harrison-st. Burial at Cumberland, Wis.

MEYER—Anna, wife of Thomas O'Brien, April 15. Funeral from 1001 Lake-st., Saturday, 2 p. m.

PIGMAN—Hester S., widow of the late Walter G. Pigman and mother of Mrs. T. J. Staley and Messrs. Pigman, Pigman & Pigman, at 2 o'clock, Sunday, April 19, at late residence, 339 La Salle-av. Interment at Fort Wayne, Ind.; no flowers.

PEARCE—At San Diego, the 16th, Mrs. Mary E. Pearce of 61 E. 24th-st. Funeral notice later. Detroit (Ill.) papers please copy.

PENNINGTON—Emma C., April 16, wife of T. Pennington. Funeral April 18 at 3 p. m. from 340 E. Drexel-blvd. Burial April 19 at Princeton, Ill.

POLACHEK—Theresa, wife of Moritz Polachek, aged 36. Funeral Sunday at 1 p. m., from 1062 Milton-av.

QUINN—Thomas, husband of Mary Quinn, April 8, aged 41 years. Funeral from 43 N. Morgan-st., April 19, to St. Patrick's church, at 9:30 a. m., by carriages to Mount Carmel.

RAGGIO—Margaret, wife of the late Antonio Raggio, at 973 W. Van Buren-st. Funeral notice later.

SINCLAIR—April 17, suddenly at residence of his sister, Mrs. Washington Van Horn, in Ravenswood, Charles E. Sinclair, past commander of Post No. 9, G. R. Funeral notice later.

SEEBERGER—Henry, husband of Barbara Seeberger and father of Charles, George, Albert, and Emory Seeberger, April 17. Funeral private.

SCHREIBER—Ilka, daughter of Edward and Ida Schreiber, aged 2 years, 11 months. Funeral April 19, from 403 N. St. Louis-av., by carriages to Waldheim.

SHAY—Edward, husband of Margaret Shay, at 60 Hubbard-court, April 18, at 8 a. m. to St. Sacred Heart church, thence by carriages to Mount Carmel.

SHEA—Mary, beloved child of Michael and Anna D. Shea, née Murphy, aged 3 years. Funeral Sunday from parents' residence, 1932 W. Polk-st., at 10 a. m., by carriages to Calvary.

SCHELL—Marie Magdalena, wife of the late Martin Schell, April 16, aged 57 years. Funeral Saturday at 8:30 from 412 20th-st. to St. Anthony's church, thence by train to St. Mary's.

SOMMER—Nettina, Wednesday, aged 9 months. Funeral April 18 from 572 W. 23d-st. to Forest Home.

SLEEPER—Joseph A. Sleeper, aged 84 years, at his residence 5745 Washington-av., April 17. Service at the house Sunday, 19, at 3 p. m. Burial at Janesville, Wis., Monday, April 20.

STUART—Joseph, April 17, 1903, beloved husband of Letitia A. and father of Josephine E., Charles H. and Ethel J. Stuart. Funeral from the late residence, 1277 W. Congress-st., Monday, April 20, at 1 p. m., to Graceland. Belfast (Ireland) papers please copy.

SULLIVAN—Dennis, April 16, husband of Margaret Sullivan. Funeral April 18 at 7:30 a. m. at 37 Farrell-st., to St. Bridget's church, thence by cars to Sag Bridge cemetery.

SMITH—James Harvey, April 15, at 227 N. 51st-st., aged 78 years. Funeral private to Forest Home April 18. Jonesboro papers please copy.

THROWBECK—Delphine Sweet, aged 28 years. Funeral 9 a. m. Saturday, April 18, 561 Madison-st.

THROWBECK—Delphine Sweet, daughter of N. Throwbeck, April 15, aged 28 years. Funeral Saturday at 9 a. m. from 561 W. Madison-st.

TURNER—April 14, Charles P., husband of Mamie A. Turner. Funeral Sunday, 2 p. m., 340 E. Ohio-st. to Graceland cemetery.

TAYLOR—Friday, April 17, Mrs. Mary H. Taylor, daughter of Mrs. Mary M. White, formerly of Cincinnati, O. Notice of funeral later. Cincinnati papers please copy.

VANDERVOORT—At Denver, Col., A. B. Vandervoort, April 10 [from Franklin Park Ill. church at 3 p. m. to Eden cemetery.

WHITNEY—April 17, 1903, Harriet J., widow of Allen B. Whitney, beloved mother of Mrs. Nancy Mellen, Arthur and Whitney Mrs. Nellie Montgomery. Funeral Sunday at 12 m. from her daughter's home, Mrs. Nancy Mellen, 68 S. 52d-av., Austin. Burial at Gray's Lake, Ill.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

NEW INCORPORATIONS WERE AUTHORIZED by the secretary of state at Springfield yesterday as follows:

Order of the Parish of All Strangers, Chicago; maintenance of chantlancy for souls; incorporators, George H. Studley, C. L. V. Roberts, William Wolf.

West End Gun club, Belleville; protection of fish game; incorporators, C. A. Schildroth, Joseph Mueller, Arthur M. Kohl.

Towarzystwo Zwiezkowe Jacka Grupa No. 514, Polskich Narodowego Polskiego W. Stanach Zjednoczonych Polnocnie Ameryki, Chicago; benevolent; incorporators, Jan Stoles, Ferdinand Knapczyk, Karal Obrochta.

Peter Deifosse Pharmacal company, Chicago; manufacturing drugs, medicines, and chemicals; incorporators, Henry G. Dinet, Joseph T. Deifosse, Henry H. Mulke; capital, $100,000.

Mining World company, Chicago; capital, $50,000; printing, publishing and advertising; incorporators, Lyman A. Sisley, Samuel Adams, A. J. Beach.

Reese Motor company, Chicago; capital, $2,500; manufacturing engines, motors, and machinery; incorporators, John L. Tobias, Charles H. Ewing, W. J. Zorn.

Consolidated Press and Tool company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; manufacturing machinery and tools; incorporators, Charles E. Morton, Elmer E. Throop, Frederick G. Fischer.

Brainerd Realty company, Chicago; capital, $10,000; general realty; incorporators, Howard Holmes, Benjamin Levering.

Smith & Co., Chicago; capital, $100,000; operations and commission business; incorporators, Thomas H. Hume, Robert D. Kellogg, Morton J. Stevens.

Elmer Enos Throop company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; general advertising; incorporators, George E. Throop, William L. Moss, Henry W. Brant.

Foreign corporations:

American Securities and Corporation company, Del.; capital, $10,000; capital in Illinois, $1,000.

Dean Hydraulic Signal company, Wilmington, Del.; capital, $100,000; capital in Illinois, nothing.

Gray Brewing company, Toledo; capital, $800,000; capital in Illinois, nothing.

Standard Mining company, Pierre, S. D.; capital, $1,000,000; capital in Illinois, nothing.

National Securities and Finance company, Hudson, N. D.; capital, $100,000; capital in Illinois, nothing.

MONUMENTS.

CHARLES BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE. Sole makers of monuments and mausoleums.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., April 17.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday:

Illinois—Increasing cloudiness and warmer Saturday, Sunday rain, fresh to brisk east to south winds.

Ohio—Fair, warmer Saturday, Sunday cloudy, probably rain, winds becoming east and fresh.

Upper Michigan—Fair Saturday, Sunday probably showers, fresh to brisk east to south winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair Saturday, Sunday probably rain, fresh to brisk east to southeast winds.

Indiana—Fair, warmer Saturday, rain at night or Sunday, colder Sunday afternoon or night, fresh east winds.

Iowa—Increasing cloudiness Saturday, followed by rain in west portion, warmer in east portion, Sunday colder, with rain in east and fair in west portion.

Missouri—Increasing cloudiness Saturday, warmer in east portion, rain at night and in east portion Sunday, colder Sunday, with fair in west portion.

Nebraska—Showers Saturday, colder in western portion, Sunday probably fair.

South Dakota—Showers and colder Saturday, Sunday probably fair.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness Saturday, rain at night or Sunday in south portion, fair in north, colder Sunday, fresh to brisk south winds, becoming west Sunday.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy Saturday, warmer in southeast portion Sunday, rain with cold in afternoon or night, fresh to brisk south winds, becoming west Sunday.

Time taken: 8 p. m., April 17.

Place of observation.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	70	74	S.E.		Fair
Albany	40	52	S.E.	Tr.	Fair
Alpena	42	44	S.E.		Clear
Atlanta	58	64	N.W.		Fair
Amarillo	52	54	N.W.		Clear
Battleford	54	54	N.W.	.08	Clear
Bismarck	68	70	N.E.		Cl'dy
Buffalo	56	58	W.		Clear
Boston	44	44	N.W.	.06	Cl'dy
Cairo	62	64	N.		Fair
Calgary	54	56	S.E.		Clear
Charlotte	60	64	N.W.	Tr.	Fair
Cheyenne	46	60	N.W.		Cl'dy
Chicago	46	46	S.E.		Clear
Cincinnati	60	62	W.		Clear
Cleveland	46	46	S.W.		Clear
Concordia	68	70	S.		Cl'dy
Davenport	58	60	S.		Clear
Denver	58	68	W.		Cl'dy
Des Moines	60	64	S.E.		Clear
Detroit	54	58	W.		Clear
Dodge	66	74	S.E.		Fair
Dubuque	56	62	S.		Fair
Duluth	50	54	E.		Clear
El Paso	72	78	W.		Clear
Edmonton	52	54	W.		Clear
Galveston	70	74	S.E.		Cl'dy
Grand Haven	42	50	W.		Clear
Green Bay	52	58	S.		Fair
Havre	60	62	E.		Clear
Helena	54	58	S.W.	.02	Cl'dy
Huron	66	72	S.E.		Fair
Indianapolis	54	60	N.E.		Fair
Jacksonville	70	80	W.		Clear
Kansas City	66	66	S.E.		Clear
Lander	52	54	W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
Little Rock	66	68	S.E.		Clear
Los Angeles	58	66	S.W.	.90	Clear
Marquette	48	52	N.E.		Clear
Memphis	64	68	N.E.		Clear
Medicine Hat	50	54	N.E.		Clear
Milwaukee	50	56	S.		Fair
New Orleans	72	76	S.E.		Fair
New York City	50	58	N.W.		Clear
Norfolk	58	58	N.W.		Clear
North Platte	60	62	N.E.	Tr.	Rain
Oklahoma	68	70	S.		Fair
Omaha	64	68	S.E.	.01	Fair
Pierre	62	66	S.E.		Cl'dy
Palestine	72	76	S.E.		Cl'dy
Parkersburg	54	58	N.W.	Tr.	Clear
Philadelphia	50	58	N.W.		Clear
Pittsburg	50	58	N.E.		Clear
Pueblo	62	70	W.		Clear
Qu' Appelle	50	52	N.W.		Clear
Rapid City	60	62	N.W.	Tr.	Cl'dy
San Francisco	52	56	W.		Cl'dy
St. Louis	60	64	E.		Clear
St. Paul	52	56	S.E.		Clear
Salt Lake City	46	54	N.W.	.01	Cl'dy
San Antonio	70	74	S.E.		Fair
Ste. Marie	44	50	N.W.		Clear
Swift Current	46	48	N.W.		Clear
Springfield, Mo.	60	64	S.E.		Clear
Vicksburg	68	72	S.E.		Clear
Washington	56	60	N.W.	Tr.	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, was as follows: 7 a. m., 46; 8 a. m., 46; 9 a. m., 45; 10 a. m., 47; 11 a. m., 48; 12 m., 48; 1 p. m., 48; 3 p. m., 49; 6 p. m., 50. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.03; 9 p. m., 29.50.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the Department of Health:

Ahern, William, 35; 2907 Lofe-av., April 16.
Bennett, Peter, 52; 3310 Union-av., April 12.
Brookson, Jack, 40; 447 E. Ohio-st., April 12.
Bell, Nelissa J., 52; 22 York-st., April 15.
Beringer, Anna, 75; 1343 N. Clark-st., April 15.
Costigan, Hannah, 44; 5046 Michigan-av., April 15.
Crepin, Mary M., 71; 5726 Woodlawn-av., April 15.
Callahan, John, 70; 452 La Salle-av., April 16.
Conway, Richard, 58; 51 Ashland-av., April 16.
Crow, Margaret, 85; 9738 Avenue L., April 16.
Cannon, George, 34; 118 110th-st., April 16.
Clinows, Elizabeth, 50; 709 Hoff-av., April 16.
DeVis, James, 40; 3126 Armour-av., April 15.
Dolanski, Vaclav, 23; 578 S. Throop-st., April 15.
Eberhardt, Minna, 64; 350 Cornell-av., April 16.
Eady, Mathew, 73; 1900 Fisher-av., April 15.
Getty, Marie L. A., 39; 1503 George-st., April 16.
Gehrig, William, 44; 31 Town-st., April 15.
Grulnan, Jacob J., 38; 12 W. 19th-pl., April 16.
Gradley, Thomas, 23; 3713 Emerald-av., April 16.
Giles, Wilfred, 24; 755 W. 63d-st., April 15.
Hudson, Jessie, 20; 3440 Dearborn-av., April 15.
Heshn, Hugh, 36; 271 Forquer-st., April 14.
Hood, Caroline E., 61; 5728 Midway-av., April 16.
Hill, Louis, 54; 2213 Clark-av., April 15.
Honeyman, Alex., 63; 814 Mozart-st., April 15.
Hansens, Jens, 43; 476 N. Western-av., April 13.
Howard, Norman, 52; 92 Gault-ct., April 15.
Hovel, Frank, 22; 492 W. 20th-st., April 14.
Hansch, Julia, 53; 390 N. Ashland-av., April 17.
Harvey, Mary, 46; 115 Adams-st., April 16.
Jackson, Alfred E., 22; 192 S. Jefferson-st., April 15
Jackson, Christopher, 30; 238 Washington-blvd., April 15.
Kennedy, Jane A., 32; 2101 Congress-st., April 15.
Klein, Jacob, 87; 421 E. Division-st., April 16.
Kubu, Jan, 36; 713 19th-pl., April 15.
Kolder, Chelena, 68; 26 Fay-st., April 15.
Kirkhope, James, 55; 193 S. Green-st., April 13.
Lyons, Mary, 28; 3013 Elizabeth-st., April 14.
Mahoney, Dennis, 60; 2612 Fairfield-av., April 16.
McCarthy, Lillian, 11; 3 35th-st., April 16.
Munz, Anna M., 28; 420 Morse-av., April 16.
Norman, John, 66; 4567 Wabash-av., April 16.
Nozlkooich, Michael, 21; 8928 Strand-st., April 15.
Orent, George, 42; 440 Jefferson-st., April 15.
Organ, Dennis, 32; 2902 Archer-av., April 16.
O'Brien, Anna, 44; 779 Grand-av., April 15.
O'Bryan, Catherine, 67; 537 W. 12th-st., April 15.
Perkowski, Konstanty, 39; 46 Sloan-st., April 16.
Peters, Franz, 65; 2051 James-pl., April 15.
Quinn, Thomas, 41; 43 N. Morgan-st., April 16.
Rippinger, John W., 9; 94 Sheffield-av., April 15.
Rowan, Thomas F., 45; 875 W. Fulton-st., April 15.
Simpson, Bert, 28; 191 S. Green-st., April 15.
Stevens, Michael, 80; 2332 Shields-av., April 14.
Schrambat, Michleina, 34; 500 N. Paulina-st., April 15.
Samford, William, 73; 312 Washington-blvd., April 15.
Silvers, George M., 42; 65 Pearson-st., April 15.
Skelly, Margaret, 62; 531 Van Buren-st., April 15.
Spartello, Louis, 23; 139 Forquer-st., April 15.
Tucker, Robert W., 47; 185 Western-av., April 15.
Tofelt, Christina, 28; 735 W. 61st-pl., April 15.
Ullick, Margaret, 55; 765 Southport-av., April 16.
Urbur, Paul F., 28; 708 W. 14th-st., April 17.
Vileta, Jan, 21; 649 W. 18th-st., April 15.
Whiting, Harriet G., 46; 87 Bellevue-pl., April 16.
Wagner, Ida, 29; 390 W. Huron-st., April 13.
Whipple, Anna, 19; 457 Fullerton-av., April 16.
Woznack, Mary, 61; 80 Emma-st., April 16.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago when no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Frank B. Heb, Lulu W. Hug	25—18
Harold H. Hayes, Jennie B. Hutchinson	27—24
John Kerwin, Rose Lunhard	22—24
Tomasz Kruzel, Agnieska Dziekan	25—20
William Kaiser, Milwaukee, Wis., Alvina Niessen	27—23
James Keating, Mamie McDermott	24—21
Albert Storm, Des Plaines, Ill., Emma Herk, same	28—21
Morris Powers, Bridget Brine	28—18
Gust A. Closes, Mary Koch	21—20
Charles O. Turnbull, Ida Hausmann	21—18
Fred Fisher, Mary Johnson	34—25
Gottfried Stromberg, Milde S. Walters	25—27
Otto Zemke, Wilhelmina Burkat	30—20
John E. Emerson, Amelia Procter	64—47
Richard J. Calkins, Margaret Burke	33—30
Stephan Pazter, Rose Baumgarten	25—20
Frederick Waldon, Julia Matsen	21—17
Trauman B. Gaylor, Helen M. R. Lewin	32—31
Frank J. Swczakowskie, Mary Stanmowiez	28—24
Charley Krime, Augusta Lossmann	29—22
J. Edmund Corbin Jr., Rachel Darlon	26—23
Hans O. Rhur, Wilhelmina Hasemann	26—21
Mathias H. Glassen, Agnes Dobes	22—21
John L. Sinnott, Ella B. Sherman	21—18
Frank Large, Frances Kunow	23—19
Joseph Cramer, Minnie Gregory	24—20
Jan Wolzelfka, Franciska Lisdk	25—20
Michele Ambrosone, Rose Carramore	21—19
Constantino Vece, Fra Nicotra	21—19
George Marchant, Etta Sharp	31—22
Hubert F. Clemens, Marie Huk	27—22
William Billings, Anne Kloka	45—30
Percy J. Eppenstein, Elsa M. Radzinski	21—18

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER.

BAD LAKE VIEW. BAD CHICAGO AVE. BAD 14TH ST. BAD HYDE PARK.

All other stations bad.

The Harrison street pumping station is near Halsted and Harrison streets.

The Lake View pumping station supplies all territory north of Belmont avenue to Devon avenue.

Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Belmont avenue and Lake street east of Western avenue, with a mixed supply from the Chicago avenue and the Carter H. Harrison tunnels.

Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Lake street and Forty-seventh street east of Central street with water from the four mile tunnel.

The territory between Lake street, Canal street, Forty-seventh street, and Western avenue is supplied by a mixture from Carter H. Harrison, Chicago avenue, and four mile tunnels; from 39th street to Harrison street and at Twenty-second street.

The territory between Belmont avenue and Forty-seventh street, west of Western avenue to the city limits, except Austin, is supplied from the Carter H. Harrison tunnel by stations at Springfield avenue and at Central Park avenue.

The territory south of Forty-seventh street and east to the lake and city limits in both directions is supplied from the Sixty-fifth street station with water from the Hyde Park tunnel.

The boundaries of adjoining areas fluctuate three or four blocks either north or south or east and west, according to the varying pressure from the pumping stations.

UNDERTAKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1854—C. H. JORDAN & CO., 14 AND 16 E. MADISON-ST., CHICAGO. 185 E. 53D-ST., HYDE PARK. Y. M. C. A. BUILDING, EVANSTON, ILL.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM (29 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan), undertaker, 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. South 993.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY GENTLEMAN ACcustomed to charge of large offices; expert accountant; modern economical methods; highest references; are your office results unsatisfactory? Strictly confidential; permanent. D 188, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — ACCOUNTANT, 35 years old, employed by representative Chicago firms and corporations for last 15 years, desires position as auditor, office manager, head bookkeeper, cashier, or public accountant; familiar with commercial, railway, and municipal work; clean record; sober, energetic, reliable; up to date. Can furnish excellent credentials and fidelity bond. Address F 348, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH practical business experience desires a position of trust with a good firm; office work or advertisement writing preferred; college education; wages nominal; best references. D 194, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, A NO. 1 qualifications and very best credentials, is open to engagement with first class concern. Address F 370, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—CAPABLE, EXPERIenced correspondent; would leave town if desired; A1 references. Address F 336, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN WHO thoroughly understands bookkeeping, billing, and shipping; A1 refs. furnished. F 334, Tribune.

Salesmen. Solicitors. Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—CULTURED PROFESsional gentleman, 35, of good address, energy, extensive travel at home and abroad, wishing change occupation, seeks position as manager, solicitor, or representative of responsible concern. Best of references. Address F 200, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EXP. SALESMAN wishes opportunity to demonstrate his ability either in the city or on the road. If you wish a capable and reliable representative, address F 95, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TRAVELING SALESman, familiar with general goods, desires position with reliable house; furnish best references. Address D 189, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A RATTLING GOOD clothing salesman. 521 Dearborn-av.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOY OF 17 YEARS, experienced in filing and indexing; steady position; best references. address D 372, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOY OF 17 YEARS; art, drapery, or decorating. D 371, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED and up to date mechanic as general foreman or superintendent in machine factory; can give best results; I am at present engaged but wish to make a change. Address D 492, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FOREMAN BLACKsmiths well known machine blacksmith desires a position as foreman; good organizer; understands bulldozer and die work thoroughly. Good ref. Address F 536, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN OR OUT OF CITY, by a good all around first class stone man on repair work; practical engineer; best of references. Address D 325, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS ELECTRICIAN; 12 years' experience in care and operation of generators, motors, and cranes. D 212, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY MARINE AND stationary engineer, with 20 years' experience. JAMES SNYDER, 17 Johns-pl.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED draftsman; will go anywhere. D 416, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER; CITY license; steady place. Address D 327, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY ENGINEER AND steamfitter; best reference. D 156, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—DRAFTSMAN; FIRST-class, up to date. Address F 321, Tribune office.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—COLORED MAN, WITH highest references and experience, as valet or porter; can be made over. Office, 10 Lake-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; first class butler and cook; highest references. BIGGS, 67 Rush. Tel. North 100.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN, BY first class single man; sober, willing, and careful driver; best city reference. F 206, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERT MALE stenographer, who has had practical knowledge of law firm; nine years' experience in Board of Trade and Stock Exchange business; credentials unsurpassable. Address F 349, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NEAT AND ACcurate stenographer, who has had railroad and commercial experience; Remington and Densmore operator; salary $15 to start. F 333, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND private secretary to secretary or manager of some manufacturing concern; age 22; first class; salary, $100; commence May 1st. F 350, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; long experience in credit department; good references; salary $12; no agents. Address F 327, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY STEnographer; 2 years' experience; Rem. or Oliver machine. F 337, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERT WOMAN STEnographer desires to work four or five hours each day. Address F 300, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT BEGINNER, neat, will start small salary. A 332, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—REFINED, MIDDLE aged lady wishes position as maid and look after wardrobe; willing to travel. DETTINGER, 862 West Division-st.

SITUATION WANTED — SCOTCH-AMERICAN girl as housekeeper or care of invalid. Address 210 N. State, 2d floor.

SITUATION WANTED—AN EDUCATED, WELL bred woman going west, will do anything respectable for expenses; references. D 134, Tribune.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSE OR YOUNG lady's maid [English]; highest references. BIGGS, 67 Rush-st. Tel. North 100.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—MINK SCARF, ON INDIAN-AV., BEtween 35th and 36th-sts. Liberal reward if returned to Lynch's drug store, 35th-st. and Indiana-av.

LOST—IN MANDEL'S STORE, PURSE CONtaining money and gold watch. Finder please notify LIZZIE E. DOBS, 5630 Indiana-av.; reward.

LOST—A ROMAN GOLD OPEN FACE LADY'S watch and pin; west side. Return 532 Marshfield-av., and receive reward.

LOST—DOG, BLACK AND WHITE, COLLAR marked 437 Center-st. Return IVES, 1725 Oakdale-av. Reward.

LOST — PURSE CONTAINING KEYS AND cards only; liberal reward. V S 457, Tribune.

LOST—A LARGE DIAMOND STUD. LIBERAL reward if returned to Room 802. 135 Adams-st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—DELIA: YOURS OF THE 5TH relative to N 327 just to hand. Promptly advise same address, letter covering details will reach you. JOHN EOLUS.

PERSONAL—M. T.: "WHAT IS THE VERdict?" ANXIOUS. Address V O 584, Tribune.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—TO THE SICK, WEAK, DESPONdent: Now you like to be made over? Our Original Ginseng wheat food regenerates new lymph in the blood; this supreme life and force is lasting until the end of your life is spent. Constipation permanently cured. Diseased and weak people call for FREE sample. U. S. government indorsements. You pay when cured. Large sample package, $1. PROF. HENRY ULLRICH, Originator Life Method, 39 State-st.

PERSONAL—Many families in moderate circumstances do all of their trading with us. "Special Credit" at cash prices. You can select from our elegant new stock everything to worn by men, women, children, or used in furnishing a home completely from parlor to kitchen.
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Why not have one? Have you heard of the wonderful Gem system of selling diamonds on time? It's a startler. Fun yourself—call at our magnificent salesrooms and learn all about it. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 92 State-st.

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PERSONAL—WANTED—LADIES TO LEARN hairdressing, manicuring, facial massage, or chiropody; twenty pupils placed last month at top wages; two to four weeks required; call or write. Moler College, 425 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—MANICURING,
F

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER—FOR SMALL manufacturing business; $15 per week; state experience, references. F 334, Tribune office.

CASHIER—LADY: EXPERIENCED AND CAPABLE; in wholesale house; must live at home; state experience and give references. Address D 335, Tribune office.

GIRLS—SEVERAL BRIGHT, ABOUT 16 YEARS of age, for permanent positions in one of our offices; must be well educated and write a good hand. Call at once and ask for Mr. Burnett.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., 96 Fulton-st.

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Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

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COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—CALL 1927 ARlington-pl.

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GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 5226 Michigan-av., 2d flat.

HOUSEWORK — GIRL, GENERAL HOUSEwork; must have good recommendation; wages $6; suburb; 5 family. Apply 610, 167 Dearborn.

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HOUSEWORK—FOR GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; wages $6. 5040 Washington-av., 1st flat.

HOUSEWORK—COLORED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 12 at 237 22d-st. MISS E. PARKER.

HOUSEWORK—3616 LAKE-AV., 3D FLAT, young, willing girl, to assist in general housework; family of two; reference.

HOUSEWORK—COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENeral. Apply 3533 Cornell-av., Hyde Park.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no cooking. 450 E. 57th-st.

MAID—AS COOK AND GENERAL WORK; FAMily of two; first class; elegant modern home, near Evanston. Address D 183, Tribune office.

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Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

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CHAS. A. STEVENS & BROS.

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LIMITED NUMBER LADY CANVASSERS—EXceptional opportunities. FISHER CO., 500 Masonic Temple.

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Miscellaneous.

APPRENTICES—TO LEARN THE MILLINERY trade; good opportunity. Apply Miss Corliss, The Emporium, 152 State-st.

BINDERY GIRLS—730 CAXTON BUILDING. Call Saturday morning.

GIRLS—14-19 YEARS OLD, TO TAKE CARE OF stock. Apply A. R. Stumer.
The Emporium, 152 State-st.

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STENOGRAPHER—A1 REM.....$18.00
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Stenographer, S. P., good.....12.00
Stenographer and office, light work, Oliver...12.00
Stenographer, Insurance, Oliver.....10.00
Stenographer, Rem., North Side.....10.00
Stenographer, Rem., West Side Bivd.....9.00
Bookkeeper.....10.00
Asst. bookkeeper and office lady.....$8.00- 10.00
General office lady, good.....$6.00- 7.00
Typewriters.....6.00
Addressers.....6.00
General office and folder.....5.00
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY.
134 Monroe-st. 92 La Salle-st. 225 Dearborn-st.
2261 Central. 1091 Main. No phone.

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We have splendid positions open today at the highest wages in hotels, restaurants, private families, etc., both in and out of the city.

NO JOB NO PAY. MORRELL AGENCY, 146 State.

STENOGRAPHER—2, RAPID.....$16
Bookkeeper, familiar with voucher system...$16
Stenographer, experienced typewriter operator...
Typewriter operators, experienced.....14
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MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

GIRL—WANTING GOOD PLACE. APPLY AT 166 E. 53d-st., MRS. CORRELL. Est 1882.

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DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY TAUGHT from foundation to finish. $5 starts you. Special Easter offer of two weeks free. Apply this week. Beginning tomorrow we will show some of Paquin's choicest designs in waists, skirts, and jackets, just as French as the French can make them. Patterns, 50c and up. McDowell School, 78 State-st., opposite Field's.

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CROONBERG'S CUTTING SCHOOL, ADAMS EXPRESS BLDG., CHICAGO. ABSOLUTE FACILITIES. 'PHONE RANDOLPH 205.

CHAS. J. STONE & CO.—TAILORS' CUTTING School, 194-196-198 La Salle-st., Chicago. Evening classes now forming. 'Phone Main 163.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING, DESIGNING, and making of ladies' garments; position furnished free. Lessons, 50c. 339 State-st.

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WELL—IF YOU ARE THROUGH WITH ALL of the high toned clairvoyants, consult LUCRETIA, the Roumanian gypsy woman, on all affairs of life. 2252 Cottage Grove-av. Cut this out.

C. F. LEON, CLAIRVOYANT BALMIST; ADvice on all affairs; fee, $1. 1224 Michigan-av.

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DR. WOLFERTZ, SPECIALIST, 60 5TH-AV., expert truss fitter; rupture and deformities positively cured with my latest appliance. Bruises 50c to $10. Elastic stockings, sold, exp. Sun. 9 to 12.

SEE RIGHT TRUSS, RIGHTLY FITTED AT THE right price. Ben G. Green, 1533 Masonic Temple.

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CONFECTIONERY, FINE BONBONS, AND chocolates, famous throughout the United States, used for wholesale and retail catalogue. C. F. GUNTHER, Confectioner, 212 State-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

2802 MICHIGAN-AV. — ELEGANT, LARGE rooms; excellent board; all conveniences; couple preferred.

4036 PRAIRIE-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; large porch and lawn; best transportation in city; young men preferred.

4632 PRAIRIE-AV.—FRONT SUITE, WELL furnished, modern; steam; private family of two; best home table; exceedingly desirable. DAVIS.

ALABAMA, ELLIS, AND BOWEN-AVS.—ELEgant family hotel; excellent table; elev.; select.

2949 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD; single, suite; all conven. Phone 1723 Green.

5716 WASHINGTON-AV., SUITES AND SINGLE rooms with board.

4215 ELLIS-AV.—DOUBLE AND SINGLE ROOM; L. C. boulevard trains. Tel. 5583 Drexel.

267 MICH.-AV. NR. AUDITORIUM, BEST LOcation—Rooms, table, and ref. for refined people.

2032 MICHIGAN—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS, WITH board, for refined people. Phone 4091 Cal.

1503 MICHIGAN-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED rooms, with first-class table board; references.

3937 LAKE-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD; ILL. Central and cable trains; telephone.

North Side.

THE WISCONSIN—RESIDENTIAL HOTEL—15 minutes to business; change of management; elegantly furnished rooms, single or en suite, with board; reading, smoking, billiard rooms free; refined environments; homelike table. 22 Wisconsin-st., ½ block from Lincoln park. 'Phone 4281 Dearborn.

16 ASTOR-ST., MAISON DU NORD, NEAR DIvision-st. and the lake—Handsome, convenient, homelike room, with board; $6 and $10 per week.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—FIRST CLASS BOARD, with double or single rooms; fine location; reasonable.

77 MAPLE-ST., NEAR STATE—FURNISHED front rooms, with or without board.

487 FULLERTON-AV.—HANDSOME ALCOVE; single room; May 1; board; reasonable.

205 CASS-ST.—ELEGANT FRONT ROOMS with board. MRS. KAUTZ. Tel. 4481 Dearborn.

412 LA SALLE-AV.—BEAUTIFUL FRONT BAY window and other rooms; good table.

378 E. CHICAGO-AV.—FINE LOCATION, large rooms for two, $5 each weekly.

Hotels.

THE LOUVRE HOTEL, 3611 LAKE-AV.—CONverted seven residences to a first class hotel; all beautiful outside rooms, elegantly furnished; single or en suite; with or without private bath; exceptionally good table d'hote; all modern conveniences; parlors, drawing, smoking, billiards, and ball rooms; our yard fronts the lake, without obstructions, 175x125 ft., embracing tennis court, croquet grounds, flower beds, and walks; Ill. Central ½ block, cable 2 blocks; references. Tel. Oakland 1267. Reasonable rates.

LEXINGTON HOTEL, MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22d-st.; high grade; absolutely fireproof; large rooms; finely furnished; hot and cold running water; European plan, $1 per day with bath, $1.50 and up; steam heat, electric light, long distance telephones in every room; Wabash cable passes door, or South Side Elevated to 22d-st.

VON WOL HOTEL, 3800 LAKE-AV.—NOW UNder same management as Ellis Park Hotel, 107 37th-st. Newly renovated, remodeled, and fitted up as a first class family hotel. Elegant parlor rooms, single and en suite. Elevator and bell service. Good table. Parlors and smoking rooms. I. C. one and cable two blocks. Tel. Oak. 604.

HOTEL WARNER, 33D-ST. AND COTTAGE Grove-av.—First class residential hotel; finest located; newly and completely furnished throughout; fireproof; 220 outside rooms; 140 private baths; room, with private bath, $5 to $8 per week; fine new cafe; cuisine and service the best. McGUIRE & COBB, Props., formerly with the Lexington.

CARGILL'S PARK HOTEL—OAK PARK—
Elegant, sunny rooms.
Home cooking.
Pure milk, cream, and butter.
Finest meals and provisions.
C. M. W. R. R. or Lake-st. L.

THE EDINBURGH, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—A pleasant family hotel; all outside rooms; American, $9 up; European, $4 up; rooms, single or en suite, with private bath; 10 minutes to shopping district; Alley L, Wabash, and Indiana-av. cars.

"THE ONTARIO HOTEL," N. STATE AND Ontario-sts., Chicago. Absolutely fireproof; American plan, $10 to $15 per week; European plan, $1 per day. Elegant rooms. Fine table. Electric cars pass the door.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D AND LAKE-AV. Rooms, single or en suite, with or without bath; ten minutes from city. Telephone Hyde Park 192.

HOTEL WYCHMERE [EUROPEAN], INDIANAav. and 18th-st.—150 elegant outside rooms; all modern; reasonable rates. MRS. H. SWANK, Mgr.

HOTEL LANGLEY, 37TH AND LEXINGTON-AV.—Block from S. S. L. C., electric lines; steam; baths. Tel. Hyde Park 656. American or European.

HOTEL SHORE—LINCOLN PARK AND Deming-pl.—Transients, $2 per day. suite with bath; also single or double rooms $7 up.

THE HAYDEN, 153 36TH-ST.—FAMILY HOTEL. New management, newly furnished; rooms, single or en suite; homelike; best transportation.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND TWO ROOMS—IN JEWISH FAMily of refinement; set, a good table; near Ill. Central station; for couple. Address D 124, Tribune office.

BOARD—ROOM, OR ROOM AND BOARD, BY young man; east of State, north of 39th; state price. Address D 363, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—LEXINGTON HOTEL,
MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 22D-ST.
Fireproof; high grade. A few rooms at $3 per week each, with hot and cold running water, clothes closets, steam heat, electric light; finely furnished; prompt bell service; gentlemen's bathrooms on each floor; no extra charges; gentlemen's new popular priced cafe; long distance telephones in every room; room, with bath, $1.50 per day.

TO RENT—4259 GRAND-BLVD., 6TH FLAT, south; newly furnished outside rooms, single or en suite; elevator. Apply to PHILO A. OTIS, Room 10, 152 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—177 E. 40TH-ST., FLAT 30, LARGE unfurnished room; newly decorated; steam; modern.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED DOUBLE rooms [men only]; private family; modern; bath, phone; $1.75. $2.50 week. 2456 Prairie-av.

TO RENT — NEWLY DECORATED, NICELY furnished rooms; good transportation; 'phone service. 3107 S. Park-av.

TO RENT—WABASH-AV., FRONT ROOM, running water; clean, warm; excellent accommodations; reasonable.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED LARGE AND small rooms. 1816 Michigan-av. Phone 1543 Brown.

TO RENT—ROOMS—UNFURNISHED, SINGLE or together. 267 35th-st., 4th floor.

TO RENT—ELEGANT LARGE FURNISHED front room; suitable for two. 3345 Forest-av.

TO RENT—ROOMS FOR ONE OR TWO GENTLEmen. 515 W. 67th-st.

TO RENT—ALLEN APARTMENTS, 145 OAKwood-blvd.; single and en suite; furnished.

TO RENT—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM IN private family. 6323 Jackson-av.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR two; steam heated; bath. 4322 Indiana-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOM; steam heat, hot water, electric light. 875 Jackson-blvd.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, 491 WEST Adams-st., newly furnished, painted walls, hot and cold water; reasonable rates. Call.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED FRONT ALcove rooms; parlor, piano privileges. 983 Adams.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. APPLY 116 South Homan-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—SINGLE FURNISHED ROOM, 619 Washington-blvd.; light and cheerful.

North Side.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms, suitable two or three gentlemen; private family; convenient to Northwestern L. limits cars. Address D 491, Tribune office.

TO RENT—1823 WRIGHTWOOD-AV., NEAR Clark—Desirable front room; house. Phone 804 Irving.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM, BATH, ETC.; private family; cable and elevated lines. 530 Orchard-st., near Fullerton-av.

TO RENT—333 E. OHIO-ST., 2 UNFURNISHED rooms with kitchen, gas stove, steam, hot water; $20.

TO RENT—475 DEARBORN-AV., ENTRANCE Goethe-st., large sunny front room for one or two gentlemen; permanent; references.

TO RENT—1 LARGE ROOM, 3 WASHINGTONpl., nicely furnished; walking distance.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED FRONT room; walking distance; reasonable. 56 St. Clair.

TO RENT—53 ST. CLAIR-ST., SINGLE ROOMS well furnished; telephone.

TO RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST class. 53 St. Clair-st., near Ohio.

TO RENT—380 SHEFFIELD-AV., LARGE front room, convenient to N. W. elevated.

TO RENT—108 N. STATE-ST., TOP FLAT, newly furnished rooms; hot water, bath, etc.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, SINGLE AND alcove; light housekeeping. 350 E. Chicago-av.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, MODern, private; congenial gentleman; widow's home; references exchanged. Address D 502, Tribune.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—THE BETTER CLASS come to us for furnished rooms, apartments, board, etc. We list and give list free. Open evenings and Sundays. The Renting Co., 207, 115 Dearborn-st. Tel. Main 1501.

WANTED—TO RENT—MODERN, UP TO DATE furnished room, with bath; May 1st; gentlemen; close in. Address F 331, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ROOMS, RENTAL IN MUsic lessons, between 63d and 79th-sts. Address O A 315, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—ON N. S., BY GENTLEman, room of good size, modern conveniences; give full particulars. Address D 352, Tribune.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—THE THREE STORY STONE FRONT modern dwelling, 1710 Michigan-av.
SEYMOUR MORRIS, Room 803, 135 Adams-st.

TO RENT—3855 ELLIS-AV., 10 ROOMS, NICELY furnished; immediate possession; cheap at $50. E. E. HANSON CO., R. 816, 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—3725 VINCENNES-AV., 6 ROOM frame house; will put in order; $20.
H. W. CHRISTIAN, 422, 171 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—6024 HARVARD-AV., 8 ROOM COTtage, stove heat, large yard; from May 1.

TO RENT—FURNISHED 5 ROOM HOUSE; 6 months, from May 1. 4103 Berkeley-av.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—TWO HANDSOME NEW HOMES—
4206-8 WABASH-AV.
Two story colonial 8 room residences; tile vestibules and baths, oak finish throughout, fine sideboards, hall trees, consoles, etc.; gas and electric fixtures, both houses beautifully decorated, fine cement basement with laundry tubs; steam heat; large back yard; in fact, every modern convenience; miniature palaces; near good transportation, churches, schools, etc.
Rent only $40 per month.
Nothing like them on South Side for the money.
P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

TO RENT—THE FOLLOWING HOMES:
4623 St. Lawrence-av., stone front, modern, 9 rooms; immediate possession.....$45.00
4627 S. Lawrence-av., stone front, modern, 9 rooms; May 1st.....45.00
3360 Prairie-av., 9 room modern brick; immediate possession.....40.00
3552 Prairie-av., 9 room modern brick.....37.50
B. E. DE YOUNG & CO., Suite 49, 107 Dearborn.

TO RENT—MODERN HOUSES—
charming H. W. KERR, 238 31st-st.
8208 Calumet-av., high class 10 rooms.....$50.00
8147 Forest-av., 9 rooms.....40.00
3356 Prairie-av., 10 rooms.....55.00
3008 Indiana-av., 12 rooms.....50.00
2231 Wabash-av., 10 rooms.....26.00
3617 Vincennes-av., 14 rooms.....40.00

TO RENT — WOODLAWN — 270 66TH-PL., charming H. W. KERR, 238 31st-st.
4402 GREENWOOD-AV., 8 rooms, finished throughout in hardwoods; large, elegant rooms; one of the most attractive, new, modern bldgs. in the city; rents, $47.50 to $60.

"THE LAKEWOOD BUILDING,"
N. E. COR. GREENWOOD-AV. AND 44TH-ST.
6 rooms, finished in hardwood, polished oak floors; handsome entrances; all modern improvements; the best value in Kenwood; rents $30 to $40.
4402 GREENWOOD-AV., 8 rooms, one of the finest apartments in Kenwood; rent, $55; would be cheap at $70.

"CORINTHIAN," 4558-60 OAKENWALD-AV.
9 rooms, finished throughout in hardwoods, polished oak floors, a thoroughly high class bldg.; rent $60.
4653 OAKENWALD-AV., finished in hardwood, polished hardwood floors, splendid interior arrangement; elegant dining rooms, opening on private porches, glassed in, overlooking the lake; rents, $45 to $52.50.
5237 CORNELL-AV., one 14 room apartment, elegant and spacious interior; rent, $110; also one elegant 8 room apartment; 2d floor; $55.
5327 KIMBARK-AV., 6 rooms, all finished in hardwoods, polished oak floors; elegant dining rooms, panel oak; thoroughly first class; $35.
28-30 E. 44TH-ST., near LAKE-AV., 6 rooms, nice, large, light rooms; steam heat and hot water; rent, $22.50.
4435-57 OAKENWALD-AV., 7 rooms, finished in hardwoods, polished oak floors; choice location; overlooking the lake; rent, $37.50.

TO RENT—FLATS—
5222 Madison-av., new bldg., elegant 8 room flat, extra toilet rooms; finished in mahogany, oak, and white enamel; all outside windows with south exposure; private back porch; near Ill. Cent. and 47th-st. electric line.
S. E. cor. Grand-blvd. and 41st-st., new corner stone bldg.; finished in latest designs in Flemish oak, mahogany, etc.; 5 to 6 rooms; $35 to $50.
N. W. cor. 41st and Grand-blvd., new corner built bldg.; all rooms light as bldg. is on corner and 25 feet from another bldg.; 6 rooms; $42.50.
4040 Grand-blvd., large rooms, modern in all respects; large windows facing Grand-blvd.; rent $70.
N. e. corner 46th-pl. and Vincennes-av., up to date new bldg.; all hardwood finish; 5 rooms and alcove; $30.
633 46th-pl., 8 rooms; $32.50.
5618 and 19 Prairie-av., bldg. just finished; all modern improvements; extra toilet rooms; 8 large light rooms; $45.
N. w. cor. Wabash-av. and 42d-st., 5 to 9 rooms; $26.50 to $50.
McKAY & POAGUE, 134 Washington-st.
Or 788 E. 47th-st.

TO RENT—
If you are looking for a desirable home do not fail to see the following flats. First class building; elegant finish, large rooms, hot water heat; no back porches; high grade tenants:
3615 Michigan-av., 5d, 9 rooms.....$70.00
3620 Michigan-av., 3d, 9 rooms.....75.00
3620 Michigan-av., 3d, 9 rooms.....70.00
3622 Michigan-av., 3d, 9 rooms.....70.00
410 36th-pl., 2d, 6 rooms.....40.00
412 36th-pl., 2d, 6 rooms.....40.00
414 36th-pl., 2d, 6 rooms.....40.00
416 36th-pl., 2d, 6 rooms.....40.00
3613 Wabash-av., 2d, 6 rooms.....40.00
3619 Wabash-av., 1st, 4 rooms.....27.50
3619 Wabash-av., 2d, 5 rooms.....30.00
3619 Wabash-av., 3d, 5 rooms.....30.00
3621 Wabash-av., 3d, 6 rooms.....30.00
3623 Wabash-av., 3d, 6 rooms.....40.00
Janitors will show flats.
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO,
Room 1210, 135 Adams-st.
Telephone Central 3715.

TO RENT—FLATS, NEAR THE UNIVERSITY of Chicago.
5815 Jackson-av., flat 1, 6 rooms; steam heat, and hot water.....$28.00
5821 Jackson-av., flat 1, 6 rooms; hot water heat.....28.00
5821 Jackson-av., flat 2, 7 rooms; hot water heat.....30.00
5825 Jackson-av., flat 1, 5 rooms; hot water, steam heat.....30.00
5825 Jackson-av., flat 2, 6 rooms; hot water heat.....32.50
5827 Jackson-av., flat 1, 5 rooms; furnace heat 20.00
5828 Ingleside-av., flat 1, 7 rooms; heat and hot water.....25.00
5828 Ingleside-av., flat 2.....30.00
5828 Ingleside-av., flat 3.....25.00
5719 Ellis-av., flat 3, 7 rooms, hot water heat 32.50
5823 Kimbark-av., flat 2, 8 rooms; hot water, steam heat; very desirable.....40.00
Apply to University of Chicago, Room 1, Press Bldg., university campus. Tel. Hyde Park 426.

TO RENT—THESE CHOICE FLATS—ALL NEAR ALLEY ELEVATED R. R. STATIONS AND WASHINGTON PARK. WILL REDECORATE TO SUIT TENANTS.
4636 Calumet-av., fine, 6 rooms, 3 bedrooms, tile bath, etc.; $36.
5010 Calumet-av., 2d floor, 5 rooms, in fine 6 flat building; rent $32.50.
6012 Calumet-av., fine light detached building, 1st and 2d floors, 7 rooms; $35 and $40.
6024 Calumet-av.—Here is a gem; 6 and 7 rooms in 2 flat building; "vacant"; $32.50 and $35.
982 Garfield-blvd., east of Alley L sta. [56th-st.], elegant 4 and 5 rooms; $28 to $32.50.
C. H. MULLIKEN, 108 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—BY W. F. PAINE,
Tel. Harrison 1554. 217 La Salle-st.

The Lenham, 294-296 37th-st., cor. Calumet-av., corner flat, 7 rooms, steam heat; $28.

3836 Rhodes-av., 5 rooms, steam heat; $22.

4454 Oakenwald-av., 1st floor, 5 rooms; steam heat, etc., $27.50; 2d floor, 6 rooms, $35.

The Monterey, 61 to 67 39th-st., modern 4 and 5 rooms, $14 to $28.

TO RENT—IN KENWOOD, 5014-16 WASHINGton-av., two blocks to express trains; new 9 and 10 room apartments elegantly finished in mahogany, white enamel, and weathered oak; spacious marble entrance, tile baths, separate servants' bath, reception hall, sideboard, and hall trees built in; boulevard location; $70 and $80. Ready April 10. Open for inspection. JOHN A. GARGOLL, Agt., 156 East 53d-st. Phone Oak. 1098.

TO RENT — 4457 BERKELEY-AV., COR. 45TH-st., from May 1st, very desirable 8 room flat, $35; steam heat, electric light, tiled bathroom, panel work, dancing in dining room, elegant consoles, sideboard, hall tree, awnings, porch, etc. All rooms large and very light. Building and location first class. Absolutely the best flat in Kenwood for the price. Apply to janitor.

TO RENT — HANDSOME LAUREL APARTments.
213-219 E. 65TH-PL.
Near I. C. R. R. and Alley L. 5 to 7 rooms.
Latest known improvements, $25 to $40.
JOHN C. W. RHODE, 412, 85 Dearborn-st.
Tel. 4614 Cent., or call at apartments.

TO RENT—THE BRIGHTON, 41ST-ST. AND INdiana-av., 7 rooms; steam heat, hardwood floors, throughout, oak and enamel finish, burlap walls, handsome sideboards, etc.; excellent transportation; "L" station 1 block; $26 to $30.
W. F. PAINE, 511 Rookery, 217 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—1158-60 E. 57TH-ST., "THE DIANA," near Indiana-av, high grade 6 r. apartments; strictly modern, polished floors; d. r. Flemish oak; tiled bathroom, private porches; decorate to suit throughout. See janitor, cor. Indiana, or H. G. YOUNG, 170 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 4162.

TO RENT—POSSESSION MAY 1—
198 E. 44th-st., 1st flat, 7 rooms; steam heated; $40.
198 E. 44th-st., 2d flat, 8 rooms; steam heated; $45.
WM. B. McCLUER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—2 BEAUTIFUL OUTside flats, 5 rooms each; light as day; in a new expensive building; beautifully located; elegant tenants; fine lawn; price $30 and $35. J. C. BARSALOUX, 272 E. 63d-st. Tel. Hyde Park 336.

TO RENT—FINEST, LIGHTEST 4 AND 5 ROOM flats on South Side; large rooms; consoles, refrigerators, burlaped halls and dining rooms, awnings; $27.50-$32.50. 6087 to 6095 Calumet-av. See janitor or H. C. ROSS, 1065 E. 61st-st.

TO RENT—ONE YEAR FROM MAY 1ST, NINE room flat, handsomely furnished, convenient to 59th-st. Illinois Central station; price $125 per month; references exchanged. D 250, Tribune.

TO RENT—ELEGANT NEWLY FURNISHED flats, hardwood floors, porcelain baths, steam, elevator, everything modern; 5 rooms, $40; 3 rms., $25. MURRAY HILL, 3667 Wabash. Tel. 609 Oak.

TO RENT—UNUSUALLY LARGE 7 ROOMS, 2 BATH'S; EVERY CONVENIENCE; BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED; FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED. H. GOODMAN, 5007 GRAND-BLVD.

TO RENT—CHOICE 5 AND 6 ROOM STEAM heated flats, centrally located, overlooking Lake Front Park; modern improvements; can be seen any time. 276 Michigan-av.

TO RENT—MODERN APARTMENTS, AT DELavan Apartment Building, s. w. cor. 45th-st. and Vincennes-av.; prices $50 to $50; new owner; new management. Apply superintendent on premises.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED 7 ROOM flat, May 1; South Side; fine location, good transportation; private telephone; no children; or share with congenial couple. D 514, Tribune office.

TO RENT—4712-16 CALUMET-AV., 7 ROOM, steam heat, modern flats, $35 and $40; 6247 Monroe-av., 6 room steam heat flats, $32.50. See janitors or H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 422, 171 La Salle.

TO RENT—4030-32 WABASH-AV., 6 ROOM flats, $20. 4535 Cottage Grove, 4 rooms for $15, and basement $12.50.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FLAT, 1818 WABASH-AV.; also 4 room, lower flat, 2634 Indiana-av.
1 BARKER & JACKSON.

TO RENT—PIASA BLDG., 4707 CALUMET-AV., modern 5 r. flat; all conveniences; $25. Inquire janitor.

TO RENT—FLATS IN "THE FOLLANSBEE," n. w. cor. 23d and Wabash-av.; 15 minutes from business district. Agent, 174 23d-st. 'Phone S. 1172.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS—3-4 ROOMS, $16-$18; steam, etc.; heat; no children; near I. C. R. R. Office, 3537 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—8 ELEGANT, LARGE ROOMS, ALL light, steam, hardwood floors; butler's pantry; cheap. KENNELLY, 4006 Grand-blvd.

TO RENT—4160 ELLIS-AV., COR. BUILDING; fine 4 and 7 room flats; $27.50 to $37.50.
JAMES A. McLANE, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—6 AND 7 ROOM FLATS, STEAM, hot water. 3437 Rhodes-av. Apply janitor or J. ARKANSAS WALKER, Ashland Block.

TO RENT—KENWOOD—EXTRA CHOICE FURnished 3 and 4 room heated flats, $20 up; unfurnished, $18. Call 4251 Lake-av.

TO RENT—WOODLAWN—6527 AND 6529 KIMbark-av., 8 room flats, $35.
JAMES A. McLANE, 100 Washington-st.

TO RENT—2 ROOM FLATS; STEAM HEAT, hot water, gas ranges; $12. 2829 Calumet-av.

TO RENT—FLAT, 4045 ELLIS-AV., $40. ARTHUR WOODCOCK, 1318 Marquette Bldg.

TO RENT—4147-4149 CALUMET-AV.—NEW 6 R. flats; best on street and most modern; very light.

TO RENT—YALE AND 64TH—NICE 6 ROOM flat, $25; steam; near Rock Island depot.

TO RENT—2D FLAT, 38 E. 46TH-ST., 8 LIGHT rooms, steam heat.

TO RENT—3116 TO 3120 INDIANA-AV.—EIGHT room flats; first class.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY W. K. YOUNG & BRO.,
204 DEARBORN-ST. TEL. 4157 CENTRAL.
BRANCH OFFICES,
4901 and Oakenwald-av. Tel. 1124 Oakland.
65th and Indiana-av. Tel. 544 Wentworth.
63d and Monroe-av. Tel. 208 Hyde Park.

5402-04 CORNELL-AV.
NEW BUILDING, JUST COMPLETED.
9 ROOM APARTMENTS.
Elegant and spacious interior arrangement, large RECEPTION HALLS, with RED TILE ENGLISH MANTELS and BOOKCASES, dining room finished in ENGLISH OAK, with BEAM CEILINGS, connecting chambers with marble lavatories, costly and artistic decorations; rents $75 to $85.

N. E. COR. SIDNEY-AV. AND 45TH-ST., between WOODLAWN and GREENWOOD-AVS. 5 to 8 rooms, finished in COSTLY WOODS, most ARTISTIC and ELEGANT DECORATIONS; most every room has outside light; south and east exposure; the most delightful location in Kenwood; rent, $40 to $60.

N. E. COR. LAKE-AV. AND 42D-PL.,
7 and 8 room apartments, finished throughout in hardwoods; large, elegant rooms; one of the most attractive, new, modern bldgs. in the city; rents, $47.50 to $60.

"THE LAKEWOOD BUILDING,"
N. E. COR. GREENWOOD-AV. AND 44TH-ST.
6 rooms, finished in hardwood, polished oak floors; handsome entrances; all modern improvements; the best value in Kenwood; rents $30 to $40.
4402 GREENWOOD-AV., 8 rooms, one of the finest apartments in Kenwood; rent, $55; would be cheap at $70.

"CORINTHIAN," 4558-60 OAKENWALD-AV.
9 rooms, finished throughout in hardwoods, polished oak floors, a thoroughly high class bldg.; rent $60.
4653 OAKENWALD-AV., finished in hardwood, polished hardwood floors, splendid interior arrangement; elegant dining rooms, opening on private porches, glassed in, overlooking the lake; rents, $45 to $52.50.
5237 CORNELL-AV., one 14 room apartment, elegant and spacious interior; rent, $110; also one elegant 8 room apartment; 2d floor; $55.
5327 KIMBARK-AV., 6 rooms, all finished in hardwoods, polished oak floors; elegant dining rooms, panel oak; thoroughly first class; $35.
28-30 E. 44TH-ST., near LAKE-AV., 6 rooms, nice, large, light rooms; steam heat and hot water; rent, $22.50.
4435-57 OAKENWALD-AV., 7 rooms, finished in hardwoods, polished oak floors; choice location; overlooking the lake; rent, $37.50.

TO RENT—FLATS—
5222 Madison-av., new bldg., elegant 8 room flat, extra toilet rooms; finished in mahogany, oak, and white enamel; all outside windows with south exposure; private back porch; near Ill. Cent. and 47th-st. electric line.
S. E. cor. Grand-blvd. and 41st-st., new corner stone bldg.; finished in latest designs in Flemish oak, mahogany, etc.; 5 to 6 rooms; $35 to $50.
N. w. cor. 41st and Grand-blvd., new corner built bldg.; all rooms light as bldg. is on corner and 25 feet from another bldg.; 6 rooms; $42.50.
4040 Grand-blvd., large rooms, modern in all respects; large windows facing Grand-blvd.; rent $70.
N. e. corner 46th-pl. and Vincennes-av., up to date new bld

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CALLAN & VARTY, 145 La Salle-st.

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ass, quiet, Woodlawn or Drexel immediately Central. 48

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NDOLPH-ST., IN GARDEN 3,000 square feet, including on the "L" and Randolph- it, makes this the best location ll trade; will make long lease 56 Fifth-av., Room 606.

IATE POSSESSION— store.....$18
SSION MAY 1.....$25
stores and basement.....$35
ER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

1004 51ST-ST., COR. MIDI- for fine grocery; fine rtunity in this store; there is a ow next door. Rent reasonable. Washington-st., Room 910.

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J. C. LINN, 84 Adams-st.

260 FRANKLIN-ST., STORE 70, 72 and 74 SMITH & BRO. e Grove-av. Phone Central

3 SIXTY-FIRST-ST., NEAR electric cars on 61st-st.; $25. r, R. 414, 205 La Salle-st.

74 E. ADAMS-ST. J. C. LINN, 84 Adams-st.

AND FLOORS, 389 WABASH- Clark-st. J. H. ANDREWS.

OP STORE, 392 WABASH- ams-st.

MADISON-ST., STORE, 64x pply in Room 200.

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AKE-ST., OPP. 64TH-AV. for shoes and plumber; $25. C. WOOD, 92 La Salle, Room

NT STORE, 25X70, 659 LAKE- age-av.; owner there.

AND SUREN-ST., STORE G. Lasher & Son, 193 S. Water.

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RTH CLARK-ST., NR. CHI- d basement; now occupied as

ST., FINE STEAM HEAT- for small retail business; a Room rent.

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rtable elevator service; light rents.

JOHN C. McCORD. Room 401.

VERY DESIRABLE OF- Corden; 12x14 State-st. May 1; freight and passenger venient to all street car trans- Circulars apply to WINSTON & 131 La Salle-st.

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HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

MUST SACRIFICE AT ONCE ENTIRE CON- sets of our beautiful and costly furnished home, ce use but a short time, consisting of massive hand carved solid mahogany parlor suit, upholstered in mahogany, rookwood, and Veris Martin; very fine collection of oil paintings and imported bric-a-brac, Davenport, reed settee, rocking chair and couch, Morris and easy chairs, hand- some golden oak sideboard table, and leather seat chairs, oak and leather combination bookcase, la- dies' desk, solid brass beds, hair mattresses, box springs, mahogany and oak dressers and chiffon- iers, ladies' dressing tables, 9x12 Bigelow rugs, lace curtains, drapes, mirrors, cut glass, and Parkin rugs; also beautiful mahogany upright piano and Victor talking machine. These goods are of the best grade and show no mar whatever; will sell very cheap in order to dispose of quickly; see- arate or in bulk. 5521 Ridge-av.

OWNER LEAVING CITY, MUST SELL IMME- contents of costly furnished residence, consisting of elegant mahogany parlor suits, odd pieces, mantel and parlor cabinets, davenport, quar- tered oak dining room set, leather seat chairs, oak hall rack, mahogany and leather couch, leather Turkish chair and rocker, colonial chairs, gent's library writing desk, large library table, book case, brass beds complete, oak and mahogany dressers and chiffoniers, lace curtains, draperies, several oil paintings, also mahogany upright piano; will sell very reasonable. Call day or even- ing. 259 Ashland-blvd.

BEFORE DISPOSING OF YOUR FURNITURE remember we buy same or make an auction at your residence; also move, store, pack, or ship. T. W. PHILPOT, Mr. and Auct. Tel. Oak. 80.

I PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR FURNI- ture, hotels, flats, dealers' stocks. 'Phone Monroe 852. DEWAR, 381 W. Madison-st.

ENTIRE FURNITURE FASHIONABLE HOUSE for sale, piece or suite. 346 Dearborn-av.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

PARTITIONS FOR BANKS AND OFFICES CAR- ried in stock; special work to order; rolling par- titions, counters, railings, etc. U. S. Desk and Office Fitting Co., 226-228 Wabash-av.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF NEW AND 2D hand office and store fixtures; lowest prices in the city. See us first. Chicago Fixture Co., 251 S. Clark-st.

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MAKE YOUR OFFICE OR STORE LIGHT AND cheerful with Daylight Prisms. Daylight Prism Co. Tel. 1593 Main.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF NATIONAL cash registers and billiard and pool tables. H. TUCKERMAN & CO., 171 E. Randolph-st.

STORE COUNTER; VERY HANDSOME SYCA- more counter; ornamental and highly finished; this is a "bargain counter." D 346, Tribune.

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$5 PER MONTH RENTAL. REMINGTONS, the Premiers, Olivers, Densmores. All machines sold practically at cost. Get a list of our special bargains. We will sell you Sure. TYPE- WRITER CLEARING HOUSE, 108 La Salle-st. City.

TYPEWRITERS—ALL MAKES; HALF PRICE; rentals $3 per mo. Send for catalogue.

C. R. CARPENTER. 100 Jackson-blvd.

RENT REMINGTON TYPEWRITERS FROM the makers for $3 a month and up. They furnish the best; most interested in satisfactory use. 154 La Salle-st.

NO. 7 BLICKENSDERFER, ALMOST NEW. $22.50; Rem. and Smith-P. cheap; easy terms. Will rent. W. A., 3936 Ashland-av. 206 La Salle-st.

TYPEWRITERS BOUGHT, SOLD, RENTED, and repaired. Typewriter Headquarters, Inc. Old Colony Bldg., 291 Dearborn. Phone Har. 2340.

SAVE MONEY BY INSPECTING OUR FRANK- in typewriter before purchasing; rent applies on purchase. Cutter Tower Co., 225 Dearborn-st.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

WHAT TIME IS IT? It's time you were buying that new watch you've been promising yourself. Why not buy one on time at Leffler's? A change for easy terms and no interest. Convince yourself. We sell diamonds and other jewelry the same way. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., 92 State-st.

CLARK COVE, JEWELERS, 68 WASHING- ton-st. Est. 1868. Diamonds, watches, silver- ware, etc.; prices lower than any house; full value paid for diamonds, gold, duplicate weddg. presents.

WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, EAS- TERN PARTS. H. E. EDMUND CO., 127 State-st., over Boston Store.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR OLD GOLD and silver. DEE & CO., refiners, 67 Washington.

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DO NOT BUY A SEWING MACHINE UNTIL you call at our store and see our Eldredge "C" machine; it has loads, $22 and $27.50, or our "3" Eldredge Automatic single thread, from $40 to $60. We keep a full line of supplies for and repair all sewing machines; Machines also rented. National Sewing Machine Co., 46 E. Madi- son-st.

J. GLEARON, Mgr. Phone Central 2208.

AKAM'S, 12 E. ADAMS-ST., SELL SEWING machines of any kind at factory prices. New Rings, $10; new Wilson, $12; and others from $5 up. Every machine guaranteed.

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AGENTS FOR FAMOUS THOMAS TOURING car; bargains in used machines; all makes. C. A. COEY & CO., 3311 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—FINE WINTON TOURING CAR, closed. BANKER, 460 Wabash-av.

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FOR SALE—NEARLY NEW WOODS ELECTRIC stanhope; big bargain. 458 Wabash-av.

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FENCES! FENCES! FENCES! There are many kinds of fence, some are good, many unsatisfactory.

The Page coiled spring woven wire, the oldest and the best, has been made and sold for fourteen years.

It is known and approved everywhere. Refer to 9,000 satisfied customers. Over 100 varieties, in- cluding farm, lawn, and chicken fence, wrought iron cemetery fence, etc.

Write for catalogue.

AUSTIN CLEMENT, 200 Monroe-st.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

WILL EXCHANGE — CHOICE PERSONAL property for real estate; not much incumbrance; value of equity not less than $15,000. ADDRESS D 346, Tribune.

HAVE PIANO, PIANOLA, AND 50 R[illegible] S OF new music; would like to exchange for half interest in first class ice cream parlor. Address D 346, Tribune office.

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FOR SALE—ONE DOUBLE STAKE TRUCK, one three spring, wood top delivery wagon; both in good condition; cash or time payments. Call or address Room 306, 167 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE CABRIOLET OR HALF VIC- toria, almost new; cheap. DR. HATHAWAY, Parks' Livery Stable, Austin.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

MRS. R. STARR, 472 S. STATE-ST., CASH prices paid for cast off ladies' and gents' clothes; also sealskins. Phone Harrison 3686.

R. E. 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST prices for gentlemen's castoff clothing.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND BILLIARD AND pool tables; we rent tables, with privilege of buy- ing. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 and 265 Wabash-av.

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COOK & McLAIN, 80 DEARBORN-ST., PHONE Main 3047. 54 and 56 39th-st., phone Oak. 539. 85 W. Madison-st., phone Monroe 1131.

DETECTIVE AGENCIES.

STANLEY'S WESTERN DETECTIVE AGENCY, 225 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 700. Satisfactory services guaranteed. References.

ALEXANDER'S DETECTIVE AGENCY, 171 Washington-st. Reliable service. Tel. M. 1806.

SAFES.

LARGEST DEALERS OF NEW AND SECOND hand fireproof safes of reliability. SABATH SAFE CO., 158 Fifth-av.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF NEW AND SECOND hand safes in the city. Hall's Safe & Lock Co., 118 and 120 Wabash-av.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av., general auctioneers. Sales at store Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furni- ture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2100 Cen.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

WANTED—50 GOOD SECOND HAND WHEELS at once for country orders; bring wheels and get cash offer. Mead Cycle Co., 1243 Wabash-av.

GAS AND ELECTRICAL FIXTURES.

ELLIGOTT CO., 169-171 E. ADAMS-ST., MANU- facturers and retailers. Special designs.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO.'S GREAT LIST OF AUCTION SALES.

READ THE LIST!!!! ATTEND THE SALES!!!!

Sat., April 18, 3 p. m.—8152 Muskegon-av.

Sat., April 25, 3 p. m.—793 and 795 Clybourn-av.

Sat., April 25, 4 p. m.—819 Foster-st., Evanston, near Sherman-av.

Sat., April 25, 7:30 p. m.—21 lots, 58th and Center-av.

Mon., April 27, 2 p. m.—Great sale of brick houses and lots on Newport and Cornelia-av., nr. Lincoln- av., 510, 512, 514, 516, 520, 522, 524, 525, 528, 538 on Cornelia-av.; also 436, 440, 442, and 450 Newport- av.

Tuesday, April 28, 2 p. m.—452, 454, 456, 458, 526, 528, 530, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544 Newport-av. For these sales go to our branch office, 452 New- port-av. Open daily until day of sale.

Wednesday, April 29, 2 p. m.—1539, 1541, 1543, 1545, 1547, 1549, and 1551 Carroll-av., brick houses.

Thursday, April 30, 4 p. m.—4214-4216, and 4218 Champhain-av.

All property sold on the premises. Send for circulars.

This is the best way to buy and the quickest way to sell. Go and see these places and be prepared to bid. Attend these sales!

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—INVESTORS, NOTICE— $50,000 PROPERTY FOR $40,000. A modern 18 apartment building, new last year, rented for $6,000 yearly; desirable location; 3 blocks from elevated station. M. C. MYERS, 1602 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—IF YOU ARE GOING TO BUILD, consult our architects; can save you money; prompt and courteous attention given to all in- quiries. RICHARD A. PADDOCK & CO., general contractors and builders. 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FEE—$80,000— 4 per cent downtown fee; ground worth $150,000; building worth $40,000; price of ground, subject to 99 year lease, netting 4 per cent, $80,000. Ad- dress D 216, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—OUR GREAT NEW LIST OF CHI- cago property now ready. Mailed free. List now for our auction sales in April and May. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE PROPERTY, improved or vacant, on boulevards and avenues. WILLIAM H. MOONEY, 142 Washington-st.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— ENGLEWOOD RESIDENCE BARGAINS. 6756-6758 Lafayette-av., 8-room houses, pressed brick fronts, stone trimmed steps and porch, steam heating plants, oak floors on first floor, open plumb- ing; to close an estate both $5,500; rent $660; genu- ine snap; less than cost to build; possession of 6758 May 1.

6733 Perry-av., valuable lot, 44½x175 to alley; improved with house; 3 large bedrooms, dining room, parlor, kitchen; brick and stone foundation; bath, gas, furnace; price $3,750; open; possession May 1.

Small cash payment will buy 6911 Harvard-av., lot 40x120; 8 room residence, stone foundation; bath, gas, furnace; price $2,500.

Snap—$750 cash, balance can run, will pay 6329 Lafayette-av., 8 room residence; bath, gas, fur- nace; brick and stone foundation; lot 32x184; price $3,750; open. McCLUN, 318 West 63d-st.

FOR SALE—COLONIAL HOUSES, $7,500. S. E. CORNER GREENWOOD-AV. AND 54TH-ST. 3 BLOCKS FROM CHICAGO UNIVERSITY. New 2 story 8 and 10 room houses; corner house $10,000, reception hall, parquet floors, mahogany and mosaic entrance, beveled cut glass entrance doors, beautifully figured woods, rich plastic relief work designed specially for these houses; oak and birch beamed dining rooms, tapestries by Marshall Field & Co., siectric and gas fixtures by Baggott; in- spected by insurance experts; hardwood floors, all mantels, bathroom in tile, nickel, and white enam- el; four houses occupy entire opposite side of block; lots 164 feet deep; large porches, trees, etc.; steam heat; easy payments. Houses in position. DRAPER & KRAMER, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CASH BARGAIN— KENWOOD APARTMENT BLDG. PRICE, $23,000. RENTS $4,000 YEAR.

One of the finest HIGH CLASS new modern bldgs. in the city; only 2 years old; pressed brick and steel construction; each apartment contains ten rooms and 40 ft. wide; interior all cabinet finish, costly woods; dining rooms finished in English weathered oak with drop beam ceilings; hand- some bookcases built in libraries, with mantels and fireplaces; most elaborate and expensive electric fixtures; connecting chambers, with mar- ble lavatories; finest system of heating and plumb- ing; property cannot be duplicated for price.

W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—KENWOOD RESIDENCE— $14,000; WOULD BE CHEAP AT $20,000. 209 E. 46TH-ST., NEAR GRAND-BLVD. GREENWOOD AND ELLIS-AVS.; S. FRONT. LOT 66X200; 12 ROOMS.

Thoroughly modern; finish in cherry, oak, etc.; polished oak floors, bookcases, and mantels and fireplaces; new open plumbing; heated by hot water; handsomely decorated throughout; ground alone is worth $14,000.

W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—SHOULD YOU BE ON THE MAR- ket for a substantial home do not fail to see the interior of my residence, 5946 Indiana-av., 10 rooms, finished throughout in selected hard- woods; steam heating plant; 2 bathrooms, tiled floors; 3 gas mantels, large reception hall, but- ler's pantry; I built my home for comfort inside; offer $10,000; cost me $15,000; call; open on account of health. do I sell. Address D 405, Tribune office.

FOR SALE— A SPLENDID HOME. At $2,000 less than actual cost. Bowen-av., just off Grand-blvd.; three story stone front, 10 rooms, all finished in hardwood, including floors.

You cannot afford to pay rent When a beautiful home like this can be secured for only $5,750.

See us about this at once. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE—A COZY AND CHEERFUL HOME. EVANS-AV., NEAR 48TH-ST. Only $4,500. This is a bargain. Stone front, 8 handsome rooms with all modern conveniences. You cannot afford to pay rent when a house like this within your reach. It will surely be sold this week. The house is occupied by owner. Call and get the number. Don't miss this.

P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE— AT A SACRIFICE. A Beautiful Stone Front, Vernon-av., near 38th-st., Two story, 8 rooms, finished in oak. Only $4,000.

$1,200 cash. $2,800 mortgage. P. F. McCARTHY & CO., State and 39th-sts.

FOR SALE— KENWOOD RESIDENCE. MAGNIFICENT PLACE. Everything fine and first class. Beautiful grounds. Location the best. Lot 100x180. Price, $65,000. Call for details and permit to examine. BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—NO. 3552 VERNON-AV., 12 ROOM modern frame, 20½ foot lot; possession now; owner has just expended $1,000 on this property. It is worth $6,500 and must be sold, and $3,950 will take it.

GEO. B. CRUICKSHANK, 187 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE— WANT THE CASH. We have 72x130 ft. on Drexel-av., nr. 50th. MUST SELL AT ONCE. BOWES INVESTMENT CO., 108 LA SALLE-ST.

FOR SALE—EGGLESTON—7327 STEWART-AV., 8 room house, modern; good condition; lot 30x125; price $3,750; easy terms. J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—INDIANA-AV., NEAR 34TH-ST., 9 room brick house; frame barn; $4,000. E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 244 35th-st.

FOR SALE—FINE CABRIOLET OR HALF VIC- toria, almost new; cheap. DR. HATHAWAY, Parks' Livery Stable, Austin.

FOR SALE—GRAND-BLVD., NEAR 39TH; 10 room, extra fine residence; $18,000. Address V R 255, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT, UP TO DATE, WELL paying flat buildings. VOLK BROS., 218 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULE- vard or in Kenwood district, go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—VERNON-AV., nr. 60th, new 3 flat; rented for $1,140. BADEAUX, 105 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—4905 GRAND-BLVD., 10 ROOM modern residence; possession May 1. E. BAGGOTT CO., 171 Adams-st.

FOR SALE—$135 PRAIRIE-AV., 12 ROOMS, 25 ft.; $5,000. BARNES & PARISH, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT NEW COLONIAL TWO flat bldg.; fine investment. 6427 Greenwood-av.

WEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON-BLVD., EAST OF Lincoln, 12 rooms and ballroom swell modern stone front residence; hot water heat, hardwood trim; fine modern home on either side; cost $18,000; quick sale, $8,500; genuine sacrifice. TOWNSEND SMITH, 112 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—THE SALOON BUILDING, 567 W. Erie-st., corner Lincoln-st., obtained through foreclosure and new; owner does not want it; rent- ed for $300 year; price $2,700; terms 6 to 11% investment. H. F. WILLIAMS, 97 Clark-st.

FOR SALE—WASHINGTON-BLVD., NR. UNION Park, bargain in stone front house; 16 rooms. P. A. HENSHAW, 97 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—2 BRICK FLATS, 10 horse barn; Congress-pk. and Harrison-st.; $825 for equity. A. C. TISDELLE, 145 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—ADAMS-ST., CORNER ST. LOUIS- av., half or all of 55 foot corner lot. HARRY GREENEBAUM, 84 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FINE SUBDIVISION, WEST SIDE; fine lots sacrificed ½ value. F 306, Tribune.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A FINE 9 ROOM HOUSE ON easy terms, near terminus of N. W. Elevated, 1908 Evanston-av., corner of Wilson-av.

FOR SALE—A MODERN 11 ROOM HOUSE, be- tween the lake shore and Sheridan-road and one- half block from each. Owner 1545 Marquette Bldg.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL VERY FINE 8, 9, AND 10 room houses, within one block of Wilson-av. station N. W. Elevated. Call at 199 Winthrop-av.

FOR SALE—EXCHANGE—16 ROOM STEAM heated house, La Salle-av.; rental $1,080. GOBLE, 184 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—NEW MODERN 9 ROOM HOUSE, with 30 or 60 ft. lot; easy monthly payments. 1119 Montana-st.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL STONE FRONT, TWO FLAT BUILDING. 3853 N. Paulina-st., near Thome-av. $861. SIX AND SEVEN ROOMS.

Oak finish, consoles, mantels, iceboxes, gas ranges, two furnaces; Alhambra tiling in bath- room and vestibules; handsomely decorated; 8 foot basement, with plastered ceilings.

LOT 33X166.

New and original floor plan, different and more modern than anything yet shown; perfect light in every room; two blocks to N. W. R. R., 22 minutes to Wells-st. depot; also convenient connection with N. W. elevated; favorable terms.

Take N. Clark-st. electric car to Thome-av., walk one block west. Owner on premises, or WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE— EDGEWATER— NEW HOUSES. $4,700. $5,300. $6,750. $10,000. EASY TERMS.

All street improvements in and paid for.

Come up today on Northwestern L and transfer to Evanston electric and get off at branch office, Catalpa and Evanston-avs. Always open.

Write for illustrated booklet. BUILDING LOANS. 1214 Tribune Building. Tel., Cent. 4068.

FOR SALE—AT EDGEWATER—A NEW 9 ROOM house; parlor, living room, dining room, and kitchen on first floor; 5 bedrooms and bath on sec- ond floor; oak floors throughout; will tint, put in combination gas and electric fixtures, and shades; lot 37½x125 feet; will sell at a bargain on small cash payment and easy terms.

L. COCHRAN. Telephone Central 4068. 1214 Tribune Bldg. Branch office, Evanston and Catalpa-avs.

FOR SALE—WINTHROP-AV., EDGEWATER—8 room house, hardwood, furnace; perfect repair; only $5,500. H. H. BANFORD, 108 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE — NORTH EDGEWATER—THE handsomest and best located home on Kenmore- av., No. 2907; lot 100x150. 1307, 100 Washington-st.

NORTHWEST SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—DON'T RENT UNTIL YOU SEE this bargain—1119 N. 46th-av., near Armitage- av.; 2 story brick dwelling on stone; 7 rooms, bath and gas; worth $3,000; will sell for $2,200; small cash payment, balance same as rent.

M. C. MYERS, 1602 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—LARGEST AND CHEAPEST LOTS on Humboldt Park; elevated and steam rail- road; lot 25x177 ft., giving light and air; cement walks and all improvements in; desirable neigh- borhood; easy terms; perfect title. F. A. WIN- KELMAN, owner. 706-708 E. Randolph-st.

FOR SALE—HEINTZE & WHEELER BUILD good homes and sell them at right prices on very easy terms; $1,500 to $5,000. Main office, Tribune Bldg. N. W. branch office, cor. Milwaukee and Belmont. Call or send postal for particulars.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN AT NO. EV- anston. Modern 2 story frame dwelling, 2527 Harrison-st., has 7 rooms and bath, good condition; furnace, cement walk, etc.; lot 50x150; in good splendid neighborhood; only $3,150; part cash, bal- ance same as rent; see this pretty home Sunday; immediate possession given.

M. C. MYERS, 1602 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—EQUITY IN A $15,000 HOUSE, barn, and lot; one of the choicest corners in Oak Park; must sell; will sacrifice; no fair, close real estate; will give a bargain for cash. Address D 445, Tribune office.

FOR SALE — OAK PARK BARGAIN—$8,850, worth $9,500; quick sale; elegant new 10 room home; selected polished woods; paneled seats; Flemish beamed d. r.; buffet; h. w. heat; mas- sive porch. 6446 Washington-blvd.

FOR SALE—SOUTHEAST CORNER OF N. PINE- av. and Iowa-st., Austin, six room cottage; large unfinished attic; lot 100x125; only $2,000. W. D. NEWLAND, Geneva, Ill.

FOR SALE—ACRE LOTS ON WOODED HILLS at Palos Park; $300 and up; altitude 150 feet; fare 15c. MONROE & CO., 100 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—EVANSTON—MODERN HOUSES, $1,500, $3,000 $4,000, $10,000, up to $20,000. O. F. GIBBS & SON, 125 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—OAK PARK—LOVELY MODERN 9 room house; front of Maple-st. J. B. WARDER, 568 Madison-st., city.

FOR SALE—NORTH SHORE PROPERTY. RA- venswood, Winnetka, Glencoe. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER—12 ROOM MODERN house; Evans; terms easy if taken at once. Address W 435, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—EVANSTON—OWNER'S RESI- dence; well built; at ridiculous price, $6,750; great bargain. E. E. BALDWIN & CO., 244 35th-st.

FOR SALE—BARGAINS IN HOMES—$650 TO $3,500; city water; 5c fare; circular sent free. JOHN F. EBERHART & SONS, Chicago Lawn.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT—OAK PARK, TEN R. modern house; fine shade; N. Side. J. TUCKER, 502 Tribune Bldg.

FOR SALE — OAK PARK — HOUSES, LOTS; rents. THOS. H. GALE, 84 La Salle-st.

MANUFACTURING PROPERTIES.

FOR SALE—OR RENT—FINE FACTORY AND land at Racine Junction, Wis.; 3 story brick bldg., equipped with offices, 100 h. p. engine, power, electric lights, steam heat, toilet rooms, elevator, scales, switch tracks, etc.; best location in Racine.

MILLER & CASE, Agts., Racine, Wis.

FOR SALE — OR LEASE — MANUFACTURING and dock property. H. H. WALKER & CO., 201 Tacoma Bldg.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—IDEAL FRUIT FARM AND LOCA- tion for summer resort; 40 acres, adjoin to Sq. Haven, Mich., on lake shore; 2,000 peach, 1,200 pear, 300 quince, and 365 apple trees; 2 acres small fruit, all bearing; good houses, big barn; horses, cows, chickens, windmill, lasting pure water; necessary machinery; all in first class con- dition; big bargain. D. B. Clarkson, 334 Dearborn.

FOR SALE—FARM LANDS.

FOR SALE—80 ACRE FARM, ADAPTED TO grain, fruit, poultry, dairying, or fish hatchery; good soil; one mile to station; 9 miles from South Haven; building now going on; three bedroom, large basement barn, apple and peach orchard, living brook, trains in sight hourly; rare bargain; price $3,300; payments can close. E. P. EGE- GELL, the Old Reliable Agent, South Haven, Mich.

FOR SALE—SLAUGHTERED—100 ACRES RICH valley land, northern Indiana, $1,600. Address F 305, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BEFORE BUYING OR SELLING A farm or other real estate, read Farm Loans and City Bonds. 157 La Salle-st., Chicago. 10c copy.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE— OUT THEY GO! OUT THEY GO! OUT THEY GO!

Hundreds are going to NORTH DAKOTA. You go and secure 320 acres of rich land, homestead and t. r. land at $6.25 per acre; near Plasher in Morton county; low ry. fare; crowds going April 21 and 28. Get maps and facts.

131 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—ACRES— $600—160 acres, Buffalo county, S. D. $350—160 acres, Holt county, Neb. $200—160 acres, Iowa. $800—160 acres, Wisconsin. $700—160 acres, Minnesota. 2,000,000 acres for sale.

HOBART LAND CO., Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—$3,500—ELEGANT 80 ACRES, Michigan, near town; fine 9 room house, furnace, mantels, water, large basement barn; fine orchard, peaches, apples, pears; good meadow pasture. GILBERT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FARMS, COUNTRY HOMES, AND acres near Highland Park, Lake Forest, Lake Bluff, and Waukegan, and on inland lakes of Lake county. Write us for particulars. ERSKINE & FOWLER, Waukegan, Ill.

FOR SALE—100,000 ACRES OF CENTRAL WIS- consin stumpland lands to actual settlers only; write for pamphlet. Farmers' Land and Investment Co., 802-805, 153 La Salle-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—STOCK, GRAIN, FRUIT FARMS, and fine lake properties. Postal for free lists. DOWNING & CLMSTEAD, Paw Paw, Mich.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—

On Mass. Shore, 25 miles south of Boston. One of the finest locations on the South Shore, com- bining the attraction of both country and sea- shore.

Elevated with extended ocean and inland views, Modern Colonial cottages, piazzas, 18 rooms and bath, attractively furnished, ready for immediate occupancy.

Hardwood floors, open fire places, open plumbing, large dining hall runs through the house, with outside doors at both ends.

Stables, 5 stalls, four bedrooms over carriage house.

Seven acres of land sloping to the south, orchard, small fruits, shade trees, never failing supply of best water, 5,000 gallon tank—windmill; half mile to Scituate station, 30 minutes to Boston. Scitu- ate is a quaint old town, with many historic and natural attractions, particularly healthy, good roads, mail fresh every week, mailed free.

Address "Owner," Box 91, Scituate, Mass.

FOR SALE—LAKE GENEVA REALTY. ALL kinds, improved and vacant; lowest prices; easy terms; information furnished. J. JOHNSTON, 78 La Salle-st.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—CLEAR FLAT, UP TO $15,000 AND cash for clear Lake county farm; actual value, $20,000; owners only. JAMES G. SMITH, Wau- kegan, Ill.

WANTED—BY PRIVATE PARTY, 6 OR 7 ROOM modern home, 50 foot lot, in La Grange or Berwyn; not over $2,500. Address F 368, Tribune office.

WANTED—VACANT AND IMPROVED IN BUE- na Park, Rogers Park, Ravenswood, Edgewater; cash customers. GOBLE, 184 La Salle-st.

WANTED — VACANT OR IMPROVED; QUICK sale if reasonable. C. F. SCHULTZ, 163 Ran- dolph-st.

WANTED—FOR $10,000 TO $20,000 SPOT CASH, a real bargain; will buy and close deal at once. Address V S 102, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR IMPROVED lot on So. Side—A fine little farm, 20 acres; 60 peach and plum trees, and five room cottage; some furniture; one night's ride from Chicago. Ad- dress F 363, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—MY RESIDENCE AT 1915 Deming-ct., one block from Lincoln park, worth $10,000, or $11,000, for a $7,000 or $8,000 city or suburban house. Address at my residence.

WANTED—7 TO 9 R. HOUSE, NORTH SHORE; good transportation; clear or lightly incumbered; will give extra good clear vacant, $4,000. Address R D 420, Tribune office.

TO EXCHANGE—2 CLEAR MORGAN PARK lots, worth $1,000; want West Side improved; will assume. REGLIN, Kenwood Bank, 47th and Lake.

EXCHANGE—FOR IMPROVED, 50X190, 1 BLK. west of Jackson Park. V O 509, Tribune office.

TO LEASE AND WANTED TO LEASE.

TO LEASE—VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN Randolph, near Canal, to lease on long time, or will build to suit responsible tenants; best loca- tion; in the most rapidly developing wholesale dis- trict of the West Side; large lot. F. A. WINKEL- MAN, Owner, 166 E. Randolph-st.

TO LEASE—A LEADING DOWNTOWN WEST Side vacant business corner to lease for long time; 23,700 square feet; very desirable for large business; large private entrance; splendid light. F. A. WINKELMAN, 166-168 E. Randolph-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

REAL ESTATE LOANS IN AMOUNTS OF $250 AND UPWARD

WITHOUT COMMISSION, WITHOUT ATTORNEY'S FEES, WITHOUT EXPENSES.

WE PAY EVERYTHING BUT THE INTEREST.

To supply the unusual demand we are having for FIRST MORTGAGE INVESTMENTS we will, for the present, make these extraordinary terms for preferred business. If you desire to take up a loan, maturing even several months hence, it will pay you to make application now. Interest will be charged only from date money is paid out by us.

BUILDING LOANS. WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., Mortgage Bankers. 92 La Salle-st.

SMALL LOANS—FROM $20 TO $1,000. ON VA- cant or improved city or suburban property at lowest rates.

Also loans, from $1,500 to $5,000, on improved brick flat bldgs at 5%.

ARTHUR C. LUEDER, 108 Dearborn-st.

FIRST MORTGAGE BOND AND TRUST COM- pany, at 179-181 La Salle-st., opposite Woman's Temple, with paid up capital of $250,000; organized under the state banking law; has money to loan on Chicago real estate; borrowers and small in- vestors may receive substantial interest on $100 or over while accumulating to buy a mortgage or pay off a mortgage. Telephone 4553 Central.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION ON Chicago real estate at lowest rates. Unimproved property a specialty. THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK (Formerly Rose & Co.) N. W. corner La Salle and Washington-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN On desirable and improved real estate in the city. Lowest rates to responsible borrowers. WINSTON & CO., 131 La Salle-st., Tacoma Bldg. City.

THE ROYAL TRUST COMPANY BANK, 169 Jackson-blvd., MAKES BUILDING LOANS IN 24 HOURS.

MONEY TO LOAN— ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 per cent, according to amount of security. MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privi- lege to pay all or part before maturity and stop interest thereon. Building loans made. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

$100,000 TO LOAN AT 4%; MONEY READY; no delay; good loans at low rates by specialty. HENRY VAN VLISSINGEN, Main floor, 88 La Salle-st., opposite City Hall.

MONEY TO LOAN— Special attention to builders. Call and get our terms. MADLUNG, EICHMANN & McCORTNEY, 402 Chamber of Commerce.

TO LOAN—FUNDS AVAILABLE ON

Mandel Brothers Daily Store News

25c toilet sale.

Special sale today of standard toilet preparations at 25c. Bourjois' Java Rice Face Powder, Mandel's Cyrano Violet Toilet Water and Mandel's Benzoin and Almond Lotion.

Great rug sale.

The finest Oriental rugs at half price. Three great collections of the choicest Persian, Turkish and Indian floor coverings. Come into our great daylight rug hall today and inspect these treasures.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

The growing number of smartly dressed men who are regular patrons of Mandel's clothing and furnishing goods sections is a matter that occasions much comment. Asked to explain his reason for preferring to trade here, a well-known business man said the other day: "Of course, avoiding the bother of fitting and trying on clothes is one great reason. Then, too, I save nearly half on every purchase. Besides that, it's just as easy to step into Mandel's men's section as it is to reach any tailor or furnishing store in town. It's remarkable, too, how you'll always find all the new styles at Mandel's. For instance, you wouldn't find a dressier lot of ties in the swell shops of New York."

Mandel's economy basement is Chicago's most satisfactory center for inexpensive merchandise of a reliable sort.

• • •

We prefer making small profits quickly to holding goods at high prices and consequently having slower sales.

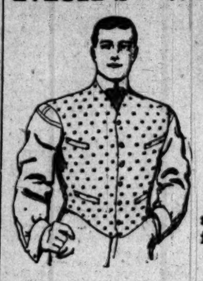
• • •

Prices in this store are always kept at the lowest point that is consistent with a high standard of quality.

• • •

We always esteem it a favor to be notified of mistakes or misnnderstandings, and will do our utmost to rectify them at once.

Men's white and fancy vests.



WHITE and fancy vests introduce the spice of variety into a man's attire. Both are growing daily in favor with men of good taste.

There's quite a wide range afforded for choice this year—fancy vests range all the way from plain blacks, with little pin dots or hairline stripes and checks, up to comparatively showy combinations of colors.

White vests, too, vary, some having figures and patterns developed on them—others of perfectly plain ducks and linens.

Prices range from $2 to $8.

Flowered dimities for summer gowns

SIMPLICITY is welcomed in these days of ultra-elaboration in dress. The little flowered dimities, which are so quaint, will be very much in demand this summer for smart afternoon gowns.

These dimities come in a variety of floral designs, but tiny rosebuds and roses are the favorite patterns.

You'll find them at their best among the wash fabrics on the main floor of the Wabash Avenue store. A complete variety at from **25c** to **35c** per yard.

Latest neckwear novelties.

ALL the new things find their way to our women's neckwear section considerably earlier than they are placed on general sale.

For many of the cleverest, we secure the exclusive control of the Chicago trade.

Novelties in madras, pique, mull, crash and linen, some with tabs and button ornaments, others with buckles or rings to hold the tabs together. Charming designs today at **95c, 75c, 50c** and **25c.**

Fancy ruffs in black, white, and black and white combinations, **2.50** and upwards.

Men's hats.

SMART styles unite with low price to make our showing more than ordinarily attractive.

Men's Lednam hats, new spring shapes, soft and stiff, **$2.**

Men's Bedford hats, a hat that you can't match for style and quality for less than $5, at **$3.**

Men's silk and opera hats, **$5.**

Boys' hats.

NATTY new things both in hats and caps—a large showing at money-saving prices.

Boys' hats and caps, ranging in price from 75c to $2, at a saving of fully 25%.

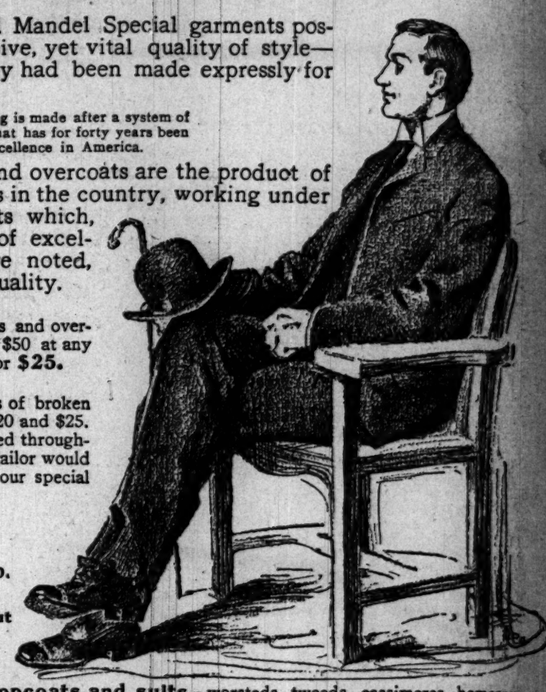
Basement: Boys' hats and caps—special at **50c** and **25c.**

Exclusive new styles in men's spring suits and overcoats.

BROKAW BROTHERS' and Mandel Special garments possess that indefinable, elusive, yet vital quality of style—they look as though they had been made expressly for the man who wears them.

The Brokaw Brothers' clothing is made after a system of cutting and measurement that has for forty years been regarded as a standard of excellence in America.

The Mandel Special suits and overcoats are the produot of some of the best clothing makers in the country, working under our direction, producing garments which, in addition to the special points of excellence for which these makes are noted, have the Mandel stamp of individuality.



Special—300 Brokaw Brothers' suits and overcoats—these would be unusual bargains at $50 at any exclusive tailor's—either suit or overcoat for **$25.**

Special—A number of small lots of broken lines of coats that have been selling at $20 and $25. **13.50** Most of them are silk lined throughout, and as good as your tailor would make you at three times our special price—your choice today at **13.50.**

Full dress suits, $40 to $50.
Business suits, $15 to $38.
Prince Albert coats and vests, $25 to $40.
Fancy mixed trousers, $4 to $12.
New spring Inverness and surtout overcoats, $25 to $50.
Tuxedo coats and vests, $20 to $40.

Basement: Men's spring topcoats and suits—worsteds, tweeds, cassimeres, homespuns and cheviots in suits and whipcords, Venetians, thibets and coverts in topcoats—a great gathering of bargains, at **$10.**

Basement: Men's all-wool trousers, selected from our regular $2, 2.50 and $3 lines—an exceptionally good assortment, good fabrics and desirable patterns—marked to close at **1.25.**

Girls' and misses' spring styles.

AMONG the many arguments in favor of buying the girl's spring and summer garb here that of price is emphasized particularly today. We invite attention to some of the most remarkable values ever offered in this city on juvenile garments.

The styles, the fabrics, the making, the finishing, the whole effect of these suits, coats, and dresses is such as to please he most fastidious mother.

Girls' reefers, of tan covert, blue and red cheviot, box back, double breasted front, coat collar and sleeve, lined and unlined, 4 to 14, **$5.**

Girls' reefers, of fine cheviot, blue, red, and brown, box back, fly front, puff sleeve, stole and shoulder cape effect, **7.50.**

Misses' jackets, cheviot and broadcloth, stole front, shoulder cape effect, satin lined, **7.50** and **$10.**

Girls' cheviot reefers, blue and black, box back, puff sleeve, inlaid white broadcloth cuff and collar, soutache braid trimmed, **$10.**

Junior suit, of mixed cloths, gored, plaited skirt, collarless blouse, puff sleeve, **$12.**

Misses' sailor suits, blue cheviot, kilt skirt, blouse plaited front and back, brown cuffs and shield, braid trimmed, **$10.**

Children's umbrellas at 95c.

HERE'S a special item that will interest the children. Children's umbrellas, usually sold at 1.50, for 95c. These showery April days the little ones need protection against the weather, and this is a chance to provide it for a very small outlay.

95c These umbrellas are made up with exactly the same care in every particular as the men's and women's lines we carry. **95c**

Just 300 for today's selling, made of a fine quality union taffeta silk, with case and tassel, in black, blue and red, with dainty little wood, Dresden, or horn handles.

Main floor and basement.

Cameras for spring outings.

AS a special opening offer we quote a $9 camera for **4.90.** It's a No. 2, 4x5 cycle folding camera, with automatic shutter, iris diaphragm, rectilinear lens, complete with leather carrying case.

25c Ideal Hydro metal developing powder, six in box, 14c.
15c 4x5 electro rubber trays, 7c.
50c 6½x8½ electro rubber trays for 20c.
25c 5x8 glass trays for 12c.
15c drying racks, 4x5 or 5x7, 6c.
10c fancy border masks, 3¼x4¼ up to 5x7, 7c.
10 S. & M. flashlight cartridges, 4 in box, 5c.
10c Pfabe's acid hypo, can, 4c.
10c 4 ounce jar photo paste, 4c.
10c toning and fixing powder in large glass tubes, 5c.
25c hydrochinon, per ounce, 14c.
50c oil darkroom lamps, 29c.
50c ideal beam scales, 25c.
25c five inch rubber rollers, 10c.
15c photo albums, 3¼x4¼, 4x5 or 5x7, 5c.

The new French chatelaine.

A SAMPLE shipment of these artistic French novelties just received, in which you'll hardly find two alike. This clever little chatelaine is a beautiful ornament in itself and will greatly enrich any toilette.

It comprises an exquisite pin with dangling pendants in the form of pen knives, powder boxes, stamp cases, pungents, mirrors, bonbon boxes, court plaster cases, pencils, etc.

They come in fine sterling silver richly engraved, or rich Roman finish gold, prettily studded with turquoise and other stones. Ordinarily the prices would be $5 to $25, but you choose from this sample line at **1.50** to **$5.**

Headquarters for boys' clothing

THE wide variety of styles we show in the Brokaw Brothers and Mandel Special lines of boys' clothing is convincing proof of the fact that we study boys' wants. We don't consider our boys' clothing section a as mere appendage to the men's, but as equally important.

Many parents tell us their boys always want to get their clothes at Mandel's—we've a way of making a boy feel at home here and of fitting him out in a style that his sharp young eyes will approve.

Boys' suits, ages 3 to 17 years—the Mandel Special—in sailor Russian, sailor Norfolk, double-breasted and Norfolk styles, colors navy, black, brown, red, royal and fancy mixtures—special, **$5.**

Boys' reefers, ages 2½ to 12 years, of all-wool serges, unfinished worsteds and tan covert cloth, with silk embroidered emblem on sleeves—special, **$5.**

Boys' long pants suits, ages 14 to 20 years, a strictly tailor-made suit, fancy cheviot, imported homespuns and cassimeres, black and blue unfinished worsteds and serges, single and double breasted styles here today at **$15.**

Basement: Boys' double-breasted knee pants suits in blacks and in mixtures, the equal of the 6.50 and 7.50 suits found elsewhere—special, today, **3.95.**

Boys' furnishings.

All sorts of furnishing goods for little men at much lower prices than equally deserving lines will cost you elsewhere.

Boys' white shirts, with plaited or plain bosoms, **$1.**

Boys' Star waists, in white and colored patterns, **88c.**

Men's nobby furnishing goods.

SATURDAY is always a busy day in our men's section, but this week will find it busier than ever if there's any potency in the offering of unequaled bargains.

Our stocks are kept fresh, new and attractive by our low prices, so you can reckon on anything in these sales being correct in style.

Best values in 50c neckwear ever seen in Chicago. Everything that is new, both in shape and fabric, new as well as standard weaves, no end to the variety of patterns and colors. Our selection comprises barathea, peau de soie, velvo-cloth, Turpincloth, tweed cloth, etc., four-in-hands, tecks, folded squares, string ties, and club ties. **50c** batwings,

Men's suspenders, 25c—200 dozen pairs, every pair made from a good, reliable quality of elastic web, with kid leather and silk ends and mountings that will not tarnish—suspenders made last winter to sell for 50c and 75c.

Men's negligee shirts, $1—Second shipment of those new spring style shirts that would be a good value at 1.50 for **$1.** Made from printed madras and imported percales, attractive patterns, in figures and stripes.

Infants' coats and bonnets.

Mandel's baby bazaar is first and foremost in showing dainty garments for the little people.

These little garments, both well made and handsome, are all the work of skilled needlewomen.

Children's reefers — Special for today is a French flannel reefer with box back, double-breasted front, and large, round sailor collar trimmed with mixed braid. Very stylish, best colors, **2.95.**

Another handsome reefer has a large square collar trimmed effectively with lace medallions, inverted plait in back, double-breasted front with pearl buttons. The material is choice ladies' cloth in the most desirable colors, **5.95.**

Mull bonnets—As a special bargain for today we show a round crown French bonnet that is covered with tucks between rows of cord and soft net mull around face, **50c.**

Another bonnet is of fine muslin, peasant design, entire bonnet daintily tucked. The crown is shirred with embroidery medallion in center, embroidery turnover around face—special value today, **$1.**

A third style in bonnets is a poke shape, with embroidery cape in back and embroidery ruffle around face, falling over loops of ribbon and lace edged, very handsome design—a real bargain at **1.50.**

Picturesque hats for girls and misses.

EVERYONE who has visited our millinery section this week concedes supremacy to our showing of trimmed hats for girls and misses. For this Saturday holiday we have an especially beautiful assortment, which we are offering at low prices.

Trimmed hats, for misses of 10 to 15 years, all shapes and all kinds of straws, garnished with flowers, quills and wings, at **$5 to $10.**

Sailors, with large crown and small brim, and small crowns and large brims—an exceptional variety at **1.75 to $8.**

Children's flop hats, in soft, flexible straws, gracefully corrugated and trimmed with wreaths—charming little creations, at **1.75 to $5.**

Basement: Children's hats in all colors and shapes at 75c.

Spring lines of boys' and girls' shoes.

THERE are three things which wise parents ask about the shoes that they buy for their children: Will they wear well? Do they look well? Will they be comfortable on the growing feet of the child?

An affirmative answer may be made to each of these questions when the Mandel shoes for children are under consideration, for the makers asked themselves these very questions before the patterns of these shoes were decided upon.

Our latest arrivals of bench-made shoes and oxfords for the little folks are ideals of juvenile footwear. Never before have we had so complete a showing of all the new styles and leathers. The prices, too, are the lowest quoted on equal grades.

Boys' shoes—$2 and 2.50. **Misses'—sizes 11½ to 2½—2.50.** **Infants' shoes at $1.**
Children's—8½ to 11—at $2. **Children's—5 to 8—at 1.50.**
Basement: Boys', misses' and children's shoes—98c and 1.25.

The "Mannering" belt.

AMONG the many exquisite novelties in feminine dress accessories brought out this season, none are more deserving of praise than the "Mannering" belt and "Mannering" purse.

The designs are wondrously clever, clearly depicting French origination in every line, and both are exclusive with this house.

The belt (like cut) is made of rich black satin or silk with tab ends in front, finished with ball pendants of French gray—clasps to match; the pocketbook is of real walrus leather with nobby handle. Belts from **1.25** to **$3.** Purses of real walrus, special value at **95c.**

Sale of imported lisle half hose, 25c.

WE hardly need mention that lace half hosiery will be extremely popular this season. Thanks to a fortunate purchase we are prepared to present an unusually attractive bargain in them.

We bought from a foreign maker all that he had left after filling his orders, some 200 dozen, at about half price, and are selling them proportionately low.

These are genuine imported lisle thread half hose, fast black, in a number of handsome designs—the yarn is the best obtainable. To buy in half and dozen quantities would be advisable, as a chance of this nature seldom occurs—our price is, per pair, **25c**

New spring veils.

WEB effects in black and white and white and graduated and clustered dots are particularly fashionable this year.

Complexion veils of fancy white net, scattered with graduated dots of black velvet are a new and much admired effect.

Face veils and drapery veils are two entirely different types—the critical woman never uses the same veiling to trim her hat with that she employs as a protection against the elements.

Drapery veils of chiffon, net or lace, with hemstitched border, are the newest thing.

Chiffon veil, 1½ yards long, trimmed with 3 rows of ribbon, at **$1** each.

Brussels net veils, 1½ yards long, trimmed with 3 tucks and hem, at **1.50** each.

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WEEKLY LITERARY EDITION.

The Chicago Daily Tribune

SATURDAY, APRIL 18, 1903.

LATEST BOOK NEWS FROM AMERICA, ENGLAND, AND FRANCE

BY JEANNETTE L. GILDER, ELIA W. PEATTIE, GRACE CORNEAU.

MISS GILDER REVIEWS KAISER'S SPEECHES AND ADDRESSES.

[By Jeannette L. Gilder, Editor of The Critic.]
[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRIBUNE.]

THE present week has not been an exciting one in the publishing business. A number of the books that were announced to be published about the middle of April have been postponed until May, which is against the usual course of the publishing business, for May being nearer to the summer months is not usually supposed to be as desirable a time for publication as April. The coming May, however, will be a full month.

It would have to be a dull season that did not bring books from the Harpers' press. I doubt if a week passes that does not show something by way of new books from the Franklin square establishment. The present week is no exception to the rule. Among the books that Messrs. Harper will publish on Friday is a volume made up from the speeches and addresses of the emperor of Germany. This volume is edited by Mr. Wolf von Schierbrand and contains a preface by him which shows him not only to be a man who understands his subject but one who can free his mind from prejudice. It would not be strange if Mr. von Schierbrand wrote on this subject with more or less prejudice, for he has had an experience of the young kaiser's methods that if it had made him a little bitter would not be surprising.

Speaking of the unwholesome effect of the kaiser's speeches on German literature and art, he adds that they have been still more baneful as to press conditions in the empire. He states it as an undeniable fact that the kaiser has throttled freedom of opinion and its expression there, and this to a degree without a parallel. The press in Germany is muzzled and powerless.

Von Schierbrand points to himself as an illustration of this, for he was expelled from Berlin for writing, as an American correspondent, the truth about the emperor—"expelled, broken in health, ruined financially." "I suppose," he writes, "it would be but 'human'!" Bebel's sense if I, when opportunity offered, should confound my private wrongs with the public ones wrought by the kaiser's illiberal policy towards the press. But that would not be fair to the reader nor to the kaiser. It is, however, strictly within the truth to say that his practically absolute power has given the kaiser a notion that he is infallible, and that to hold, or, above all, express, opinions at variance with his own is tantamount to high treason, tantamount to injuring the empire's interests. That, again, is quite 'human.' I do not doubt for a moment the sincerity of his convictions and notions. In fact, his most inveterate foes within the empire, the socialists, admit that much themselves. But that does not alter the fact that Bebel's charge is true—the kaiser goes in his speeches and in his whole public activity away beyond constitutional limits—limits which he solemnly pledged himself to adhere to on ascending the throne."

If, however, Mr. von Schierbrand were asked what effect on the whole the kaiser's speeches had, his deliberate answer would be on the whole a good one, and although this opinion runs counter to that which seems to be well established in this country and England, he honestly believes it to be the true and fair one. "For one thing, then," he argues, "it must be borne in mind that the kaiser, in most cases, is talking to his people, the Germans. And with all their high mental culture, their many sterling qualities, the Germans are, in political education, at least a whole century behind either England or the United States. The frank and well instructed minds of Germany, those who have traveled or resided abroad long enough to form an intelligent opinion, admit this, irrespective of party ties. Now, in speaking to such a people—a people in its overwhelming majority composed of monarchists by conviction and tradition, steeped in the faith that good can come to them, if at all, only through and by their rulers, it must be manifest to every unprejudiced person that modes of speech and methods of style must be adopted to produce a given effect different from those that would produce a similar effect on a nation politically more advanced."

No one knows this better than the kaiser, and when he is speaking to Americans, Englishmen, or even Frenchmen he never makes use of the flamboyant, dictatorial, oracular mode of delivering himself which he employs in addressing his own people. The kaiser knows that foreigners, above all Americans and English, would not stand such speeches, so he never addresses them in that objectionable manner. He usually gauges his audiences keenly and accurately, and tells them that which he thinks will be good for them. "To the vast majority of Germans of today," adds Mr. von Schierbrand, "neither the subject matter of his innumerable speeches nor their peculiar flavor is at all distasteful. Many of them touched chords in the German soul which would not have vibrated otherwise; not only touched them but stirred them so electrically as to produce action and lasting effect on the various phases of national life."

In closing his introduction Mr. von Schierbrand says:

"The kaiser fills, no doubt, an exceptional position in the world's eye. He is a bundle of contradictions. His double lineage—Hohenzollern and Guelph—accounts for that. His complex nature is nowhere mirrored more dazzingly and yet impartially than in his speches. The words from his own mouth convict and then again acquit him. As the most picturesque personage on the public stage he must always remain interesting. As a forceful, masterful individuality he impresses himself on the general imagination. But a good deal of what is strange in his speeches is due not so much to him as to the anomalous circumstances surrounding him as a ruler."

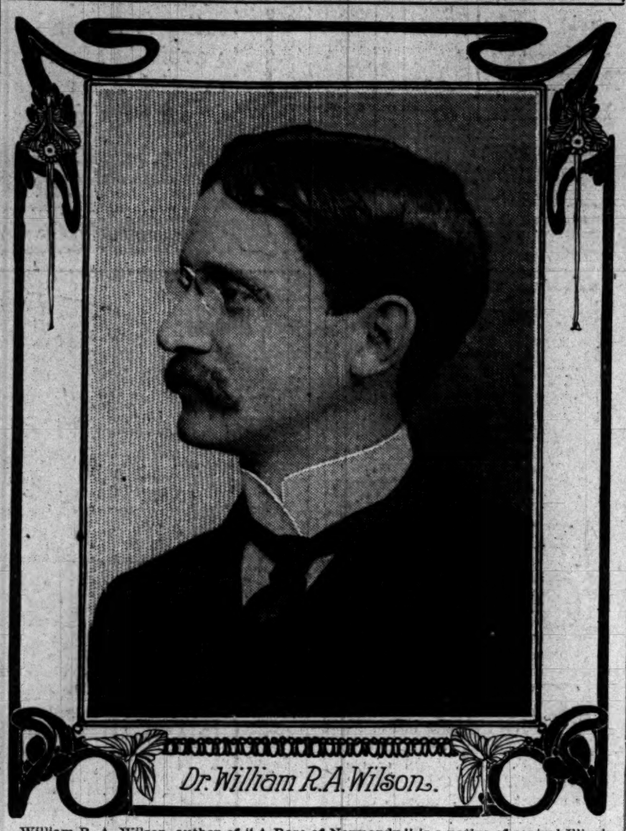
This volume of speeches is based upon a compilation made in Germany. It is not an absolute reprint of the kaiser's words, though they are verbatim where given, but each speech is introduced with explanatory lines, giving the circumstances that called it forth, the way it was received, and other important items. While it will, perhaps, not have as large a sale in this country as "The Addresses and After Dinner Speeches of Senator Depew," it will hold the attention of all thinking people, particularly those who are interested in the social and political conditions of the present day.

I have just been reading a book that I regret to say will not have as many readers as would be delighted to read it if they had the opportunity. It is the life and work of George Palmer Putnam, the founder of the publishing house of Putnam, written by his son, George Haven Putnam, the present head of the house. Only 150 copies of this book have been printed, and they are for private reading only. George Palmer Putnam was born in Brunswick, Me., on Feb. 7, 1814. Young Putnam in 1829 came to New York to engage in literary work, which finally developed into publishing. In 1840 the house of Wiley & Putnam was founded.

Mr. Putnam had the distinction of being the publisher of Irving, Bayard Taylor, and Edgar Allan Poe, and the American publisher for Carlyle, secured through Emerson. He began at 155 Broadway, which was then the center of the business life of the city, and was not far distant from the fashionable residential quarter. Mr. Putnam had now become a full fledged publisher, and he seems to have had about the best authors who were writing at that time on his list.

JEANNETTE L. GILDER.

AUTHOR OF "A ROSE OF NORMANDY."



Dr. William R.A. Wilson.

William R. A. Wilson, author of "A Rose of Normandy," is a native of central Illinois, having been born a dozen miles from the site of La Salle's "Fort Creve-Coeur," described in the book. He is of Scotch-Irish descent. Mr. Wilson was educated at Williams college, where he was on the editorial boards of the college periodicals. He afterwards entered the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Columbia university, and received his degree. After some years of hospital practice he settled in his old home, Peoria, Ill., where he practiced successfully. Overwork resulted in ill health, and during convalescence he wrote "A Rose of Normandy." Mr. Wilson is now a resident of New York City, combining business with literary work, having abandoned his profession because of his delicate health.

CHILDREN OF DESTINY.

A Virginia Story of 1820, by Molly Elliot Seawell.

Molly Elliot Seawell, whose "Francezka" and the "Sprightly Romance of Marsac" are too well known to need more than a mere mention to recall them and their author, has written a novel whose scene is laid in Virginia in 1820, a time when horse racing took up the entire thought of country gentlemen and became the means of ruining or making the fortune of many a one. The title, "Children of Destiny," gives a fateful clew to the nature of the book.

The story deals principally with the character of Skelton, one of those men who give great promise in their youth, and of whom the community expect much, but who never arrive at anything except a polite dilletantism. For twenty years he sought every means to ruin his rival on the turf, and ended by benefiting him; for many years he tried to establish that companionship which exists between father and son, but only once or twice did he receive anything bordering on this happiness. He loved several women and was loved in return, yet when the final and perfect love came to him he had much to lose in taking it, and when he sought to grasp it in spite of all—when "the lotus eater suddenly cast aside the lotus and became a man"—the ordering of his life, the life itself, was taken out of his power to control.

Not only is Skelton dogged by the shape of destiny, but all the other characters also. Blair, the spendthrift, Skelton's enemy; Bulstrode, the drunkard, who never could be a gentleman, but who "knew Greek"; Sylvia, who found her happiness but to lose it with Skelton; Blair's wife, the patient Elizabeth; even innocent little Lewis himself, whose shadow was the darkest of all, each one, like Durer's knight, had his own devil to outwit and his own bout to fight with death.

It is often difficult to read a book of this sort on account of the perversity with which the unpleasant side of life comes in evidence. Mrs. Seawell has shown much delicate tact in avoiding a demand upon the sympathies of her readers. She has put the story on such a plane that it would be inconsistent with the dignity of the characters or the reader to take too active an interest in the outcome of the story. (The Bobbs-Merrill company, Indianapolis.)

The Lover's World.

Dr. Alice B. Stockham, author of "Tokology" and other books, has added to these "The Lover's World," a valuable work on love, marriage, and the care of children. Among other things she says: "It is no new thing to recognize the power of mind over body. Most famous doctors have had their bread pills and starch powders for certain cases. In these latter days certain religious sects and philosophers have arisen who declare that all diseases are of the mind's creation. Students are sifting the theories and gathering facts, hoping to find the truth that is logical and practical, and yet so simple that every one may grasp the essentials and make for himself a new heaven and a new earth. Mind cure, stripped of its superstition and its verbiage, may be both a science and a religion.

"Knowledge of God or interior spiritual light is known by many names." (Stockham Publishing company, Chicago.)

BOOKS PUBLISHED THIS WEEK.

Reported by Telegraph for The Tribune's Saturday Literary Supplement.

MISCELLANEOUS.

"The Turk and His Lost Provinces," by William Elroy Curtis. F. H. Revell & Co.
"Herman and Dorothe," edited by A. H. Palmer. D. Appleton & Co.
"The Study of Poetry. A Guide to English Literature," by Matthew Arnold. Macmillan company.
"The Real Benedict Arnold," by Charles Burr Todd. A. S. Barnes & Co.
"Life and Letters of Edgar Allan Poe," by James A. Harrison. T. Y. Crowell & Co.
"Love's Labor Lost." First folio edition. Porter and Clark. T. Y. Crowell & Co.
"Diary and Letters of Wilhelm Müller," edited by P. S. Allen and J. T. Hatfield. University of Chicago press.
"What Shall I Do to Be Saved?" by E. E. Byrum. Gospel Trumpet Publishing company.
"The Place of Industries in Elementary Education," by Katharine Elizabeth Dopp. University of Chicago press.
"Rôle of Diffusion and Osmotic Pressure in Plants," by Burton Edward Livingston. University of Chicago press.
"The Tale of a Tour in Macedonia," by G. F. Abbott. Longmans, Green & Co.
"A New Portrait of Shakspeare," by John Corbin. John Lane.
"Contrasts," by Florence Henniker. John Lane.
"A Primer of Palmistry," by Emma Talbot Odell. F. J. Drake & Co.
"The Philippine Islands—1493-1803," by Blair and Robinson. A. H. Clark & Co.
"History of Western Europe," by James Harvey Robinson. Ginn & Co.

FICTION.

"The Danger Line," by Lawrence L. Lynch. Laird & Lee.
"The Traitors," by E. Phillips Oppenheim. Dodd, Mead & Co.
"Jack Henderson Down East," by Benjamin F. Cobb. Schofield Publishing company.
"Mistress Alice Jocelyn: Her Letters," by Emma Cheney. Blue Sky press.
"Thyra Varrick," by Amelia E. Barr. J. F. Taylor & Co.
"Brewster's Millions," by R. P. Greaves. H. S. Stone & Co.
"Elizabeth's Children." Anonymous. John Lane.

VERSE.

"Lyrics of Love and Laughter," by Paul L. Dunbar. Dodd, Mead & Co.
"Blind Children," by Israel Zangwill. Funk & Wagnalls company.
"Poems and Verses," by Carol Norton. Dana Estes & Co.

Madison's New Biographer.

Gaillard Hunt, author of the new "Life of Madison," the first volume in Doubleday, Page & Co.'s "biographical history" of the United States, is a son of the late William Henry Hunt, who was successively attorney general of Louisiana, judge of the United States Court of Claims, secretary of the navy under Presidents Garfield and Arthur, and minister to Russia, where he died in 1884. Gaillard Hunt was educated for Yale, but instead entered the government civil service at the age of 18. In the state department he is now chief of the bureau of passports, with supervision of the question of American citizenship and the protection of Americans in foreign lands. There is a long list of magazine articles and books on matters of government and historical subjects to his credit; he is the editor of the writings of James Madison in nine volumes, and he is now writing an intimate account of the spoils system as it existed from Washington's administration down. The new "Life of Madison" is said to be by far the most entertaining and valuable biography of the father of the constitution.

English Village Problem.

"The Village Problem," by George F. Miller (imported by Charles Scribner's Sons) is a small but valuable book, dealing with that aching problem, mainly the same in England as in America, as to what is the meaning of the tremendous drift of population from the country and the rural village to the all absorbing cities, and, most of all important, what is to be done about it? Here are the special topics, which largely speak for themselves: The causes of village decay; no slight change will avail; the village must be re-created; the possibilities of the land; village development; beneficent competition; free trade; the power of the ideal; the unemployed problem, etc. Not all the earnest author's ideas are likely to be accepted, but at any rate his attempts to think at and into the real gist of the new sociological, economical situation merits fair consideration.

ELIA W. PEATTIE ON "OBERMANN" AND BURTON'S BOOK OF VERSE.

ALMOST a hundred years ago there appeared in France the confessions of a curious manqué, prepared in the form of a correspondence, and entitled "Obermann." They were the work of Etienne Pivert de Senancour, who, like Amiel and Saint-Martin, appears to have passed his life "in making preparations for living." Of delicate and melancholy sentiment, and an unreserve which permits the reader to look back of the first to the secondary or tertiary motive of each action, these letters have won some celebrity in several countries. Now they find a translation at the hands of Arthur Edward Waite, author of the "Life of Louis Claude de Saint-Martin," and a critical introduction, in which no extraordinary claim is made. "It is a book," says Mr. Waite, "of the sorrows and aspirations of the soul, not less important because it depicts the soul in darkness and inhibition, and if we are unable to affirm that Senancour reached any term of real spiritual experience we shall still leave him at a hopeful stage upon the road."

Senancour is a man of whom Matthew Arnold wrote at almost his best of sympathy, and he is, possibly, a man whom Arnold overestimated. Arnold, when enumerating the seers of his "troubled day," found only three who had contrived to see the path before them, and one of these was Senancour. It appears to be true enough that Senancour had white visions, and that he contrived to behold man divested of the system which civilization has built up about him for his concealment and bewilderment, but it is difficult after all, to agree with Arnold in his estimate of the author of "Obermann." For he does not ultimately attain any peace save that which is born of philosophic surrender to despair. By ceasing to be he avoids suffering—and first and last he is eager to avoid suffering. He is not the man's part, and for all of its fine spiritual perceptions and his subtle debatings, his listening ear, and lifted eye, he does not arrive at anything significant. That which he beholds is, no doubt, the uttermost blue, and that which he hears may be the music of the spheres, but neither one nor the other helps a man to act his sturdy part. Mr. Waite observes, truly enough, that only the initiated can perceive the meaning of these confessions. It is well for the author to forstall criticism by saying that his letters are outside of the concern of the uninitiated and of interest only to the adepts, but that can not prevent those who have rejected the contemplative life from claiming that the higher knowledge and happiness is the result not of an eating curiosity but of a calm and hearty application to the day's work.

Here is a characteristic quotation:

"My lost days congregate behind me. They fill the vague space with their hueless shadows; they heap up their attenuated skeletons; it is the darksome semblance of a funeral pile. And if my restless glance turns seeking some repose upon the chain, more fortunate once, days that prepare the future, their full forms and their brilliant images have well nigh lost their beauty. The high colorings have paled; that veiled space which embellished them with heavenly grace in the magic of incertitude discovers now their naked phantoms, all barren and sorrowful. By the austere gleam which reveals them amidst the eternal night, I can see even now the last of all advancing spur over the abyss, and there is nothing in front of it. . . .

"If some hour more auspicious than usual impresses on our countenances the seal of an unexpected serenity, some fleeting hue of peace and satisfaction, the next does not fail to substitute a morose and jaded expression, those wrinkles suffused with bitterness which efface forever our early mein of frankness. . . . I am not so much in pain, out of patience, or irritated as tired and unmanned; in a word, I am in utter dejection. Sometimes, it is true, by a sudden emotion, I rise above the narrow sphere where I have been conscious of being confined. This motion is so rapid that I am not able to anticipate it. The sensation fills and transports me before the emptiness of its impulse occurs to me; I lose thus that reasoned repose which perpetuates our evils by measuring them with its frigid rules, with its wise but mortal formulæ. . . . I ask myself what I am doing; why I do not set myself to live; what is the force that holds me down when I am conscious of an energy which consumes me by its repressed effort; what I am expecting when I hope for nothing; what I am seeking when I care for nothing and desire nothing; what fatality compels me to act in opposition to my wishes, though how it can compel me I do not know."

After all it is not strange, certainly, that Arnold should have understood this utterance. Perceive how like it is to this, which Arnold wrote:

The sea of faith
Was once, too, at the full, and round earth's shore
Lay like the folds of a bright girdle furl'd.
But now I only hear
Its melancholy, long, withdrawing roar,
Retreating, to the breath
Of the night winds, down the vast edges of the drear
And naked shingles of the world.

Ah, love, let us be true
To one another! for the world, which seems
To lie before us like a world of dreams,
So various, so beautiful, so new,
Hath really neither joy, nor love, nor light,
Nor certitude, nor peace, nor help for pain;
And we are here as on a darkling plain
Swept with confus'd alarms of struggle and flight,
Where ignorant armies war by night.

They may call themselves the adepts quite complaisantly, these men of the dark messages, but I choose to call them the extinguishers, and for them and all their fateful tribe I will not exchange one pain racked man, cadaverous, an inheritor of the Calvin creed, who yet struggled up out of man's half knowledge, and heartened the world. Hear him:

Sursum corda.
Heave ahead.
Here's luck.
Art and blue heaven,
April and God's larks,
Green reeds and the sky scattering river,
A stately music.
Enter God!
Ay, but you know, till a man can write that "Enter God," he has made no art. None!
So speaks a light bearer.

Had he written about Senancour—which he did not, so far as I know—he probably would have written pityingly, as of one who "stranded his life in sandy deltas." Decidedly, Senancour, adroit, subtle, penetrating, restlessly inquisitive, exquisitely contemplative though he was, was of that sad company which feel, as Richard Holt Hutton said, "the spiritual fatigue of the world."

A mournful, brilliant company, this of Amiel, Saint-Martin, George Eliot, Matthew Arnold, Clough, Gorky, and a score of less entertaining men who think they write philosophy.

It seems better to be—

Unashamed to go
In all the uproar and the press
About my human business!
My undissuaded heart I hear
Whisper courage in my ear.
Thou, O, my love, ye, O, my friends—
The gist of life, the end of ends—
To laugh, to love, to live, to die,
Ye call me by the ear and eye!

This seems to be more of a sermon than a book motive. But, after all, how shall the book noticer notice a book if he does not notice it? And, noticing "Obermann," he will discover that the self-termed "adept" writes with much less wisdom than a certain man, much quoted above, and much loved below, who hailed men heartily and never became so adept that he perceived the beauty of nothingness.

The translation of "Obermann" must be excellent. Certainly the facile grace of the style leaves nothing to be desired, and it must be that the author's moodiness, fitful art, and surging passion found felicitous expression in this sympathetic interpretation. (Brentano's, New York, publishers.)

Apropos of the light bearers, there comes from the pen of Richard Burton a commendable book of poems entitled "Message and Melody." A number of the poems contained therein are already familiar to the public. "The Second Fiddle," "The Song of the Unsuccessful," and "To Robert Louis Stevenson" have attained something more than ordinary celebrity. A good many thousand men have found themselves committing to memory, only too easily, certain lines, such as these:

We are the toilers from whom God barred
The gifts that are good to hold.
We meant full well and we tried full hard,
And our failures were manifold.

We are the clan of those whose kin
Were a millstone dragging them down.
Yea, we had to sweat for our brother's sin,
And lose the victor's crown.

We are the hard luck folk, who strove
Zealously, but in vain:
We lost and lost, while our comrades throve,
And still we lost again.

All I can say is, if these verses persist in sticking in your brain cells, and becoming autobiographical in their intimacy, be sure to learn the last stanza as well.

There's plenty of good work in the book. "The Old Santa Fé Trail" pricks the blood with a swift recollection of the desert, and the men who conquered it. Mr. Burton can be as concise and nice as a Frenchman when he likes, though his mind is Anglo-Saxon through and through, and comprises the deliberate idea in his agreeable verse. "At the Theater" and "Street Music" are fine in technique, and with the clean, well wrought climax and the careful yet spontaneous line.

Of all the poems I like best "Second Fiddle," and the reason I do not quote it is because it is too good to print here and be set aside. Those who like comfortable words ought to have the verses in the library.

Here are a few lines from the poem to Stevenson, which may be appropriately placed in an article in which he has served as a text:

But most, O, comrade ours, we owe to thee
For that brave gospel thou did'st ever bring—
Not pulpit wise, but sweet as speech of birds:
Courage and kindliness and joy of life
Even in its motley and keen edged with pain;
High spirit against evil, and the laugh
Unbitter; and that indomitable belief
In brotherhood. 'Twould shame us, looking on
Thy struggle and thy triumph, should we play
The craven; yea, thy present happy peace
Heartens all laggards.

Good lines! Excellent phrases, and enviable motif! The thought sometimes sweeps over me, like a strong wind from bright mesas, that America has a goodly company of clean hearted poets—not great—not immortal—but a fair company of true singers, who speak no evil word. Burton's book is published by the Lothrop company, Boston.

ELIA W. PEATTIE.

Economical.

"They say he's a trifle 'close.'" "Close? Why, he won't run his 'auto' on a road where the fines are over five dollars!"—Puck.

AUTHOR OF "WEE MACGREEGOR."

J. J. Bell.

Mr. J. J. Bell, the author of "Wee MacGreegor," was born in Glasgow, Scotland, about thirty years ago. Since 1898, when he was the assistant editor of the Scots Pictorial, he has published a number of volumes as well as contributing regularly to the columns of the larger Glasgow and London papers. Among his publications are chiefly books for children and a small book of verse entitled "Songs of the Hour." All these volumes reveal the child life which imparts to "Wee MacGreegor"—Mr. Bell's latest volume—the exquisite charm and sincerity which marks it throughout. In this country "Wee MacGreegor" is being published by the Harpers.

LONDON BUYS FEW BOOKS.

New Works Coming Out Steadily, but Dealers Say Demand Is Light—Some Aristocratic Authors.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]
[Copyright: 1903: By the New York Herald.]

LONDON, April 17.—If a publisher or bookseller were asked to define the spring publishing season by the calendar he would probably say that it meant the two months following Easter. New books have been coming out steadily all the time since the new year, but it is with the filling of London by society that the trade in them should get the briskest.

So far the book season has been hesitating and sluggish, and the hope now is that readers and buyers may wake up. One prominent bookseller says the winter trade was not nearly so good as it might have been. Its dregs seem to have lingered into spring. "I have rows of new books in stock, many of them quite above the average in human interest and literary quality, but customers do not come trooping to buy. The fact is, people are but slowly forgetting the turmoils of recent years and returning to that settled condition which makes for reading. Not till that process is complete will we have again any of those booms in individual books which make for liveliness in trade."

During the next few months, however, there will be an ample supply of novels and of serious literature, meaning by that biography, history, and so on. There also will be a large supply of poetry. Interest in new editions of old masters of poetry and prose remains keen and clear. Names of well known women of society who write poetry make a list quite imposing and constantly increasing in length. Lady Galway often writes charming verses; so does Lady Esher, whose sonnets often appear in a certain evening paper. Lady Currie is a successful writer of both poetry and prose, using for pseudonym "Violet Fane." Lady Arabella Romilly, Lady Beatrice Kemp, Lady Margaret Sackville, and Lady Milbanke all produce verses.

Lady Alfred Douglass, once Miss Constance, has written a volume of poetry, entitled "Rainbows of Grace." Miss Tollmache, daughter of Lord Tollmache, also has written a book, "The Songs of Lucilla," and Emily Lawless, sister of Lord Cloncurry, has brought out a collection of poems called "With the Wild Geese." Ethel Henniker, sister of Lord Henniker; Aimee Lowther, who is a clever singer and actress; and Mrs. Robert Crawshay must all be reckoned among the society poetesses of the period. Lady Lindsay, wife of Sir Coutts Lindsay, has written many books of poetry, especially verses for children and some Christmas carols.

Ellen Thorneycraft Fowler, daughter of Sir Henry Fowler, M. P., who was married on Thursday to Alfred Lawrence Felkin, assistant master of the royal naval college at Eltham, is a novelist who believes in putting a lot of talk into stories and a minimum of descriptive matter. It has been said by one writer that a novel dialogue which is not set in good descriptive surroundings is like a play without scenery, but the authoress of the successful novels, "A Double Thread," is a conspicuous example of what can be done in fiction that contains little else than talk. She attained popularity by means of smart dialogue. It may not be true to real life, for it is far from truth that people in high life talk nothing but epigrams, but the fact remains that she has endeared herself to the hearts of many hosts of readers. Miss Fowler for years was writing verse for the Speaker before she emerged as a novelist. She was one of those fortunate first novel writers who made a flying start.

Lady Burghclere is just about to publish, through Murray, a book which is a study in the history of the English restoration. It is a monograph on George Villiers, second duke of Buckingham. Lady Burghclere, whose husband for years was a prominent figure in the house of commons as Herbert Gardner, is the eldest daughter of the late Lord Carnarvon, a friend of Froude.

Crabbe's "The Borough."

Macmillan company in the Temple Classics has included "The Borough," by the Rev. George Crabbe. It is reprinted from the first edition published in London in 1810, and it has been edited by Henry Williams, who has collated the text, supplied the marginalia and added copious notes at the end of the book.

GRACE CORNEAU ON THE LATEST BOOKS IN PARIS.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, April 3.—"L'Inde (sans les Anglais)," by Pierre Loti, edited by Calmann-Levy, is the book of the hour, and Loti has been compared to Agrippa—a flight of imagination from an ordinary point of view. The fate of the famished Hindoo, the decadence of his race, the loss of his empire, the degradation of his caste have appealed to Loti, and after expressing his indignation against the nation responsible for the destruction of this picturesque oriental race. Loti dreams what India would be without the sturdy Briton—a dream such as only a Loti can dream, a delightful exotic rêve which one wishes was a reality.

Loti is perhaps the only famous author who has almost entirely devoted his literary efforts to deploring the destruction of the orientals and their régime by the occidental nations. He has sighed over the European(ization of Japan, has lamented the conquest of the Arab, and today deplores the passing of the Hindoo in a poetic style which is as touching as his subject is interesting.

The last love of René, "Correspondance de Chateaubriand avec la Marquise de V.," edited by Perrin & Co., is one of the most interesting books of the week, for the story of Chateaubriand, like all stories of love, seems ever new and ever attractive. One of the most charming of these letters written to the marquise is in response to one from her while she reproached him for having desired to have "illusions of youth" in connection with their friendship. This is but another proof that even great men never grow old when their hearts are concerned, and the man of 60, like the boy of 20, wants all the illusions of love and youth. Such it was in Chateaubriand's time, and such it will be in all time.

"I must say to my new friend," Chateaubriand wrote, "her letter has confounded me. I, to have written light things which have hurt her! I no longer know what I wrote, but I am sure she is mistaken. In any case, I protest the purity and the sincerity of my intentions, and I beg my friend not to commence a stormy correspondence.

"She speaks of the esteem she is good enough to have for me. Do I demand other things of her? Did she see a galanterie that was out of season for me in my story of my phantom? In truth, I spoke in all the sincerity of my heart, in all the joy I felt, to have found towards the end of my life some one who consented to have for me that kindness with which men who reach my age are rarely surrounded. If I desire to see you full of charm and grace, what harm can that do you? Why do wish that our old friendship should not deck itself with the illusions of youth? Your esteem for me, will it be a less serious sentiment if I, in my imagination, wish to make it something more tender and sweet?

"You are visibly wrong in this first quarrel, and I await from you a reparation in form.

"My project for the watering places has become nearly a reality since I have learned that you have a similar project. I am going hurriedly to make dreams.

"This letter will reach my new friend at the commencement of a new year; that is what she desires. I do not wish her many years, for I feel the weight of the baggage I drag with me.

"I hope to receive a better letter from her.

CHATEAUBRIAND."

"L'Epouvante," translated from the Russian of Leonide Andrieff by T. de Wyzewa and S. Persky, is another of Perrin's new publications, a story by the rising young Russian writer who has been compared to both Edgar Poe and Maupassant. His writings are comparatively unknown outside the élite in letters, but he possesses a remarkable talent in discovering what is most terrible and even tragic in ordinary events. His style is almost classic, and his story of the enthralling kind.

"La Louisiane Française," by the baron de Villiers du Terrange, is perhaps the best history of Louisiana from the time of its discovery to its cession to the United States that has yet been written. The facts cited in the book, and which form the theme of the history, have been carefully culled from the archives of the state, and a new light thrown upon many points in connection with the French history of Louisiana.

Gabriel Hanotaux, former minister of foreign affairs, member of the French academy, is about to publish the first volume of a series of four volumes of the history of the third republic from its foundation until the present moment. Through the courtesy of the author I have received the advance proofs of what is certainly one of the most interesting histories of the third republic yet published, with almost revelations in regard to certain political incidents which marked the early days of the present régime.

No one has had a better chance to study and to learn the truth of the long story of the foundation of the republic than Gabriel Hanotaux, and his work, which extends over a period of twenty-nine years, from 1871 to 1900, is one of carefully gathered facts and conscientious analysis of the political events in France.

The fall of Thiers and the rise of MacMahon is one of the most interesting chapters in the first first volume. Hanotaux thus describes it:

"The disappearance of M. Thiers stirred up France and Europe. Although it had been anticipated, there was surprise and uneasiness everywhere. France lost something of the esteem which her conduct under the direction of the old president had enjoyed since the war. The partis had carried their way. Was a period of crises and imprudence going to reopen? . .

"M. Thiers had rendered services to France, he still rendered them—that was possible; but it was necessary that he fall before having founded the republic—this was the cause of his gall."

"In this magistral debate, which was formulated in two terms, 'republic or monarchy,' there was another, even graver debate. It was felt that the democracy, according to the expression employed, overflowed the edges. It was against it that M. Batbie clamored for a 'government of combat.' The new social layers mounted one upon another like menacing waves. But here Mr. Thiers, like his adversaries, was already overrun.

"M. Thiers was overthrown by the right. He would have been overthrown by the left.

The barrier he would have tried to raise was as fragile as the 'Chinoiseries' he so railed at. He had been himself enchained. Would it be possible to bind up a whole country? Like an infant Hercules universal suffrage broke all the bounds imposed upon it. It was now necessary to make its place, or rather to leave it its place, it belonged entirely to it. Blindness of political passions! The conservators did not see that in overthrowing M. Thiers they were overthrowing the last of the conservateurs; the republicans did not comprehend that this assembly which they attacked so violently would found for long years in France the republican régime.

"To obtain the acceptation of Marshal MacMahon it had been necessary to vanquish his resistance, his objections, his scruples.

"He had assisted, it appears, at the séance near Mme. Dufaure; he had said to her, 'Make your husband speak. With him everything will go well. But have M. Thiers keep silence: he will blunder everything. His presence is becoming troublesome for every one.' He was induced to leave the hall without exactly knowing why.

"As soon as the demission of M. Thiers became certain one of the marshal's friends, who was not a deputy, came to let him know it and to inform him that the assembly would probably name him president of the republic. The marshal protested. He declared that M. Thiers was indispensable and that as far as he was concerned he could not accept. He did not forget that M. Thiers had named him commander in chief of the army. M. Thiers knew these scruples of the hero of Magenta. Upon the occasion of the lawsuit against the Figaro, brought by Gen. Trochu, the marshal had declared before M. Thiers that having in the morning been a general of Napoleon III. he could not admit that the ex-governor of Paris accepted to be the general of the republic in the evening. M. Thiers had interpreted these words in the sense which Gen. de Cissey had attributed to them.

"He had wished to say that, having been your general, he would never accept being the general of your adversaries.

"It was this that had made M. Thiers, as he said to Jules Simon, believe that Marshal MacMahon would refuse to be his successor.

"The loyalty of the marshal caused his hesitation. He ordered his carriage, took his sword, and had himself driven to the Elysée. He insisted with M. Thiers that he keep his place at the head of the government, at least until the liberation of the territory. M. Thiers said that he had had enough, that the majority had become ungovernable, and that after him no one could govern. The marshal asked M. Thiers' advice as to what he ought to do in case the assembly called him, the marshal, to the presidency.

"M. Thiers was not in a humor to consider with sang froid a political difficulty which had as its starting point his own fall. It is said M. Thiers replied to the marshal dryly:

"'You are the only judge.'

"He returned to the hotel of his commandment, Rue de Gravelle. There he found the bureau of the assembly, which had come to notify him of the vote. The interview lasted about twenty minutes. M. Buffet was persuasive and eloquent. As is whittily written in the document from which I borrow these details, 'he possessed the art to make others yield, although he himself never yielded. Speaking in the name of the sovereign assembly, he ended by carrying his point against the marshal's scruples. The first word of the latter was one of obedience:

"'As it is in a way a public duty which you wish to impose upon me, I submit.'

"The same evening Marshal MacMahon, second president of the republic, took possession of his functions."

Thus, according to Hanotaux, ended the drama of these first three years when France was so unfortunate. GRACE CORNEAU.

MISS WILKINS' GHOST TALES.

"The Wind in the Rose Bush," and other Creepy Stories.

For some time the public has been looking forward to the appearance in book form of the ghost stories of Mary E. Wilkins, which have been coming out in the recent magazines. Under the title of the first story, "The Wind in the Rose Bush," they are now published six stories in all. Ghost stories are so plentiful nowadays that they fail to rouse that pleasant sense of creepiness and horror which they used to do formerly; these tales, however, have something apart from the usual sort, which is to be expected considering the author's style, which so peculiarly her own cannot fail to attract where others would not.

There is one thing which all the stories seem to have in common; whether this is meant to be the state of affairs or not cannot be decided. This is the story setting. Houses seem to be the favorite haunt of Miss Wilkins' ghosts. This similarity gives a sort of uniformity to the whole book, and detracts from the originality of it.

The characters, too, have much in common in that they are usually prosaic, matter of fact enough people, not at all given to prying into the spirit world. Every day sort of people they are who would be stupid in real life were they not seen through the eyes of one who makes them by their commonplaceness tragic, or interesting, or diverting, as the case may be. This subtle art seems to be one peculiar to the New England writers, such as Laura E. Richards or Sarah Orne Jewett. Miss Wilkins' book has the atmosphere of a New England village with its quaintness and staleness. Miss Louisa Stark, for example, with her black India silk dress with purple flowers, her brooch, "a bunch of pearl grapes on black onyx set in gold filigree," is a real person with real clothes.

Now and again in the book the reader will have the feeling that he has read something like this before—he gets just a suggestion of other ghost stories by other authors. This is not especially marked in any story except "The Southwest Chamber," where it is noticeably so. The fatal power of this room of producing evil thoughts upon its inhabitant bears too strong a resemblance to a similar ghost story, "The Room of Evil Thought," which appeared several years ago to pass without comment. Another feature of the story is the peculiar departure and reappearance of a peacock spread upon the bed in the haunted chamber. Any one who has read Madeline Y. Wynne's "The Little Room" will recall how large a part a peacock spread played in that charming tale.

To admit that Miss Wilkins has not done herself justice is not pleasing save for the initial tale, but the stories are below the author's usual work. (Doubleday, Page & Co., New York.)

A ROSE OF NORMANDY.

Dr. Wilson's Stirring Novel of the Days of La Salle.

Reading for entertainment, one desires a book that must be read at a sitting. There can be no greater delight to a tired mind than to find a book that stirs the blood, warms the heart, and holds the interest with a firm grip from beginning to end. Historical romance furnishes occasional instances of these qualities, but the quest usually proves as futile as that of children for the fabled pot of gold at the end of a rainbow. "A Rose of Normandy," by William R. A. Wilson (Little, Brown & Co.), is an especially pleasing example of what may be accomplished in a tale lifted bodily out of sober history, pulsating with heart throbs and bristling with adventure.

Drawing inspiration from that inexhaustible mine of romance, the works of Francis Parkman, he builds his plot upon the explorations of La Salle, with the Italian soldier of fortune, Henri de Tonti, as the hero. Writing without embroidery of flowery phrases, in a style of graceful simplicity, the author strikes out boldly and goes directly to the root of things, never pausing for analysis or meditative inquiry. In brisk narration the procession of incidents unfolds rapidly, without lagging or superfluous dialogue. Indeed, the characters are of the Laconian order, condensing the garrulity of the period into sparkling vivacity.

Beginning with the enlivening spectacle of a triple execution of offenders against the crown, we see the almost miraculous escape of a saturnine culprit, who finds a sheltering haven in the squalid room of Tonti. La Salle is speedily introduced. He is not slow to avail himself of the sword of Tonti and the astuteness of Tonti Pompon as accessories to his expedition in quest of a direct waterway to China. Pompon recovers the money secreted for him by his late employer, Fouquet; Tonti falls in love with beautiful Renee, the rose of Normandy, and vanquishes her suitor, Comte Miron, in a duel; La Salle mans his fleet, and away go the trio to the new world. There they meet Frontenac, and there is a picture of the friction between the governor and the intendant. Into the wilderness plunges the valiant band, hemmed about with hostile Indians, and beset by the devilries of that terrible instrument of power, the Society of Jesus. Renee comes to New France to escape the amorous longing of the king, meeting her lover upon his return from two years in the wilds.

Artful plotting poisons her mind against him, while he believes her to be affianced to his beloved leader. As a novitiate she sets out with a nun to nurse the sick at the forts, circumstances placing her under Tonti's charge. Adventure marks every step of the path. Capture by warring Indians reveals the chief of the Iroquois to be no other than Miron, whom Tonti has left for dead in Paris. Escaping through the cleverness of Pompon and the aid of Miron's mistress, they make their way to Fort Niagara. Proceeding to Michilmackinac, they journey on the Mississippi, returning to Fort Miami, where Miron leads his braves into a bloody battle against the whites. Poor Pompon dies with the renegade to save Renee, while Tonti lives, though sorely wounded. Nursed back to health, his lips are unsealed by La Salle's declaration that the love for a new land surpasses that for women. The king offers his Italian soldier rank and wealth in France, or leadership in the wilderness. With Renee he holds to his life work in building up the noble fabric of a new realm, the story closing happily in the marriage of the lovers.

In an afterword Mr. Wilson acknowledges the debt we owe those who battled with great odds and forced their way against the current to noble deeds and ends, emerging victorious, masters of men and of themselves. Like his exemplar, Parkman, he pays a tribute of respect to the memories of the rare hearts who laid for us the foundation of our national honor.

Ch. Grunwald, who illustrates the book, has been especially happy in his Parisian drawings, though the western scenes are well done.

Cinderella Beautifully Pictured.

A beautiful book is "The Romance of Cinderella" (R. H. Russell). It purports to be "the true history of Eleanor de Bohun and her lover, Hallam Beaufort, duke of Somerset, etc., etc.," set down in rhyme by Ella N. Boult, with illustrations by Beatrice Stevens. It is doubtful if many children will care to go through over 100 pages of verse to get the story of Cinderella, especially as the verse is, much if it, labored, and not so smooth as it might be; but there is no doubt that Miss Stevens' pictures will charm all who see them. There never has been more exquisite color printing done on an American book.

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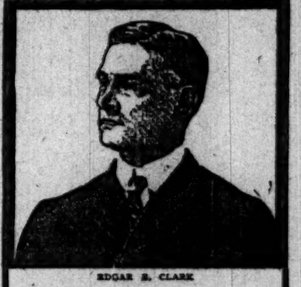

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CROP PROSPECT ALMOST IDEAL.

Weather Conditions, However, Are Unfavorable to Seasonable Farm Work.

MORE RAIN THAN USUAL.

Corn Planting Retarded, but Not to a Serious Extent, and Wheat Thrives.

[BY B. W. SNOW.]

The first half of April was marked by weather conditions little short of ideal for growth and sturdy development of grass and grain, but highly unfavorable for the prosecution of seasonable farm work.

The first week was mild, with temperatures much below the normal and with the freezing weather reaching as far south as Kansas, Tennessee, and North Carolina. Following this cold wave was a period of moderately high temperatures, which during the last weeek merged into a succession of days with from normal to slightly below normal warmth.

In spite of the sharp cold waves experienced since March 1 the average range of temperature from that date to the present time has been well above the normal throughout the great central valleys, and the result has been good growth of spring crops.

More Moisture than Usual.

Coincident with the higher range of temperatures there has been a marked excess of rainfall. Much of the Missouri valley, and this combination marks the spring as the most favorable for plant growth experienced in many years. On the other hand, this excess of moisture which, throughout the corn and wheat belt, with the exception noted, ranges from slightly to more than 100 per cent above the normal, has delayed plowing, made difficult oats seeding, and given the worst country roads that have been known for years.

To fully show the moisture situation this spring the rainfall records of the six weeks since March 1 have been consolidated and averaged for all the weather bureau stations in each state, with the following result:

State.	Stations.	Rainfall—Normal inches.	Rainfall—Actual inches.	Change Per cent.
Ohio	5	3.8	5.3	139
Michigan	4	3.4	4.2	124
Illinois	3	4.4	4.7	107
Iowa	5	3.0	3.9	130
Missouri	4	4.4	4.7	107
Kansas	4	2.6	2.3	88
Nebraska	4	2.8	.7	30

What the Figures Mean.

This statement, from official sources, brings out some important facts that differ materially from the impression that exists in the public mind. In the first place, with the exception of Ohio and Iowa, there has been no general excess of moisture sufficiently heavy to make the season materially different from the normal. In Illinois and Missouri, while there has been more than usual rainfall, there has been no damaging excess sufficient to warrant serious apprehension as to the general farm outlook.

West of the Missouri river the actual situation is different than seems generally supposed. Instead of floods of rain, delaying all farm work, there is only one station in Kansas and not a single one in Nebraska that shows a normal amount of rainfall since March 1.

In Nebraska the shortage, if viewed by itself, would be sufficient to start a crop scare. In both of these states the wheat growing area April 1 was regarded little short of perfection, but the high promise is the result of moisture supply stored in the soil rather than current contributions. In January and February the rainfall in these states was also decidedly short of the normal, so that also the first of the year there has been a marked deficiency in current moisture.

The supply stored up in the soil from the abundant rains of last fall is being drawn upon, but should a period of warm weather be experienced before abundant rainfall is received the surface of the ground will dry out quickly and complaints of sudden crop deterioration will become current.

Farm Work Hampered.

During the first four days of the present week temperatures were generally below normal and light rains were experienced in all districts except Nebraska. The precipitation sufficient to arrest current farm operations from day to day, but not great enough to prevent resumption after a few hours of sunshine and drying winds. The week closes with better conditions prevailing, fair weather, and higher temperatures, and plowing and seeding are again under way.

Oats seeding was much interrupted last week and considerable that was planted was put in under unfavorable soil conditions. Central Illinois, where disking is practiced with this crop largely when time presses, there are many reports of considerable areas upon which the seed was broadcasted and where covering with the disk was prevented by the succession of storms last week. In such cases seed begins to sprout on top of the ground and a good stand can hardly be secured.

The bulk of the crop is now sown south of Wisconsin, and while some of it went in a little late the good supply of moisture gave prompt germination, and a few days of good, sunny growing weather will advance the plant to a point where complaint of lateness will no longer be heard. In the northern districts seeding is now under way at a date fully as early as usual.

Delay Is Not Serious.

East of the Missouri, and especially in Iowa and the Ohio valley, plowing for corn is delayed by excess of rainfall, but the situation is by no means serious. Corn is a subtropical plant and the best results do not necessarily require the earliest possible planting, in fact, the crop does best if planting be delayed until the soil is well warmed and the young plant will not be subjected to chilling nights in its early history.

Taking central Illinois as a fair type of the corn belt, the season for planting is hardly reached before May 1 to 10, and corn 100, against 153 last week, 193 in the like week of 1902, 212 in 1901, 161 in 1900, and 187 in 1899."

Week's Record of the Banks.

The following table, compiled by Bradstreet, shows the bank clearings at principal cities for the week ended April 16, with the percentage of increase and decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year:

		Per ct. Inc.	Per ct. dec.
†New York	$1,288,965,809	....	24.3
†Chicago	186,508,688	....	1.1
†Boston	137,674,794	....	6.0
†Philadelphia	103,379,266	....	9.7
†St. Louis	33,856,000	....	.7
†Pittsburg	45,325,016	....	2.0
‡San Francisco	29,371,267	....	29.2
†Baltimore	20,410,876	....	20.2
Cincinnati	22,530,400	....	.3
‡Kansas City	22,305,462	11.1	....
Cleveland	11,758,450	4	....
†Minneapolis	11,982,802	7.3	....
†New Orleans	13,541,713	....	1.8
Detroit	12,016,726	....	.3
†Louisville	10,613,033	....	3.8
Omaha	8,279,090	10.9	....
‡Milwaukee	6,967,382	4.2	....
†Providence	7,316,100	4.4	....
†Buffalo	6,074,316	4.9	....
St. Paul	5,915,019	9.7	....
†Indianapolis	5,762,201	13.2	....
Los Angeles	6,484,987	30.9	....
†St. Joseph	6,579,929	14.3	....
Denver	4,566,507	....	1.5
Richmond	3,750,749	....	21.9
Columbus	4,778,300	21.7	....
Seattle	4,736,967	15.8	....
Washington	4,063,544	2.3	....
‡Savannah	2,928,890	....	10.5
Memphis	3,462,534	23.1	....
Albany	3,308,314	4.0	....
Salt Lake City	2,549,749	....	17.8
†Portland, Ore	3,319,307	16.5	....
†Toledo	3,605,668	34.4	....
Fort Worth	3,068,582	....	1.6
Peoria	2,999,963	....	2.7
Hartford	2,858,915	....	4.4
Rochester	2,965,289	13.5	....
Atlanta	2,843,129	10.8	....
Des Moines	2,509,872	16.3	....
New Haven	1,748,005	....	1.6
Nashville	2,519,121	46.5	....
Spokane, Wash.	2,494,882	45.1	....
Grand Rapids	1,740,177	48.5	....
Sioux City	1,509,234	....	4.3
Springfield, Mass.	1,758,811	16.2	....
Norfolk	1,737,647	11.2	....
Dayton	1,845,576	21.0	....
Tacoma	1,870,229	53.0	....
Worcester	1,598,879	.8	....
Augusta, Ga.	1,146,113	....	12.0
Portland, Me.	1,638,208	16.8	....
Scranton	1,330,715	....	2.3
Topeka	1,222,364	....	16.1
Syracuse	1,205,226	15.8	....
Evansville	1,206,767	40.0	....
Wilmington, Del.	1,211,223	3.1	....
Birmingham	1,421,094	39.5	....
Davenport	845,721	....	19.3
Peoria	866,515	....	8.8
Little Rock	1,119,513	10.8	....
Knoxville	845,746	12.5	....
Macon	655,000	7.8	....
Wilkesbarre	741,390	....	7.8
Akron	804,000	15.2	....
Springfield, Ill.	677,445	4.5	....
Wheeling, W. Va.	766,600	3.3	....
Wichita	876,078	80.9	....
Youngstown	668,197	1.2	....
Helena	811,876	63.1	....
Lexington	580,325	....	1.5
Chattanooga	765,901	41.1	....
Lowell	495,336	....	21.0
New Bedford	605,254	19.2	....
Kalamazoo	697,789	39.4	....
Fargo, N. D.	416,553	26.8	....
Canton, O.	565,000	....	9.7
Jacksonville, Fla.	452,804	5.6	....
Greensburg, Pa.	479,407	....	....
Rockford, Ill.	475,849	....	....
Springfield, O.	478,329	15.9	....
Binghamton	483,900	20.1	....
Chester, Pa.	395,700	....	27.0
Bloomington, Ill.	329,965	62.9	....
Quincy, Ill.	387,241	....	24.1
Sioux Falls, S. D.	279,114	27.3	....
Mansfield	246,129	....	....
Jacksonville, Ill.	216,148	4.3	....
Fremont, Neb.	137,274	11.5	....
‡Utica	2,347,587	....	....
‡Decatur, Ill.	225,192	....	15.3
‡Houston	‡1,635,483	....	2.8
‡Galveston	7,469,000	8.2	....
‡Charleston, S. C.	581,654	....	....
Totals, U. S.	$2,115,725,007	....	18.4
Outside N. Y.	854,759,198	....	1.6
CANADA.			
Montreal	$14,390,653	....	45.3
Toronto	11,040,088	....	44.1
Winnipeg	5,459,508	8.1	....
Halifax	1,441,189	....	20.0
Ottawa	1,352,551	....	16.6
Vancouver, B. C.	990,597	21.8	....
Quebec	1,150,843	10.8	....
Hamilton	894,423	4.9	....
St. John, N. B.	751,417	....	2.9
Victoria, B. C.	681,654	....	31.4
‡London	716,950	....	....
Totals, Canada	$35,952,512	36.9	....

†Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings.
‡Balances paid in cash.
§Not included in totals because of no comparison for last year.

TRADE HURT BY WEATHER

JOBBERS AND FARMERS SUFFER BECAUSE OF THE COLD.

Late Frosts May Do Harm to the Crops, but General Outlook in All Lines Is Satisfactory — Railroad Earnings Are Larger than Ever Before at This Season—Steel and Iron Industry Busy as Ever—Dun and Bradstreet Review Week.

New York, April 17.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

"Cold and wet weather the last week in many sections of the country retarded retail trade in spring and summer wearing apparel. Jobbers also felt the effects in a lessened activity, and agricultural operations made irregular progress. Production of farm staples may not be curtailed by the later planting, although in some cases there will be greater danger of loss at the end of the season through early frost.

"Traffic conditions are improving steadily, yet some complaints are still heard, and further additions to motive power and terminal facilities must be made if another season of congestion is to be averted at the next time of pressure.

"Railway earnings thus far in April exceed last year's by 12.5 per cent, and those of 1901 by 24.1 per cent. Several factors tend to delay the placing of contracts for pig iron deliveries after July 1, which naturally weakens the tone, and it is reported that Bessemer is freely offered at $20 without attracting purchasers. Such small concessions as are offered increase the disposition of prospective buyers to wait as long as possible.

Coke Output Is Enormous.

"An output of over 300,000 tons of coke weekly and sufficient traffic facilities to keep furnaces supplied remove the alarm regarding future scarcity, and the situation has become more normal, which makes it possible to ascertain to what extent prices have been inflated by special conditions.

"Thus far no accumulation of material is reported, notwithstanding unprecedented production, and the prospect favors continued activity in demand after the present period of uncertainty is past.

"Contracts for structural steel are also placed with great caution, not because of light business in sight, but owing entirely to the fear of labor troubles. It is hoped that controversies in the building trades will be settled by May 1, in which case large orders for steel shapes will be offered, as plans for many new bridges and structures are now under consideration.

Little Doing in Textiles.

"Textile mills have not received any material increase in amount of new business, and there is evidence that the exceptionally heavy transactions of January and February provided sufficient supplies for present needs. No improvement has been shown in the market for men's heavyweight woolens, and there is prospect of an unusually early opening of spring lines for next year in order to maintain activity at the mills. Efforts to secure advanced prices on broad silks have not proved successful. As a rule, the footwear market is quiet, except for good purchases of heavy shoes by western jobbers. Only fair sales are reported of sole leather, and glazed kid is weaker.

"Failures for this week numbered 212 in the United States, against 261 a year ago, and 16 in Canada, compared with 24 last year."

As Viewed by Bradstreet's.

Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Wet weather has retarded retail trade and accentuated the quiet in textiles at wholesale usual at this season. A beneficial factor, an effect of the Easter rush, however, is an improvement in collections, despite bad roads and weather, and activity in farming work. Export trade is still expanding, cotton and corn being leaders, and manufactured products are also going abroad in larger volume. Last year's record has already been surpassed.

"With improved transportation and better supplies of coke, iron production is surpassing all records. This has resulted in some further weakness in pig, this, by the way, discouraging imports of foreign materials. On the other hand, finished products are in unprecedented demand, and foreign steel is arriving in increased volume to eke out domestic needs. Railway earnings are the best ever recorded for this season, gross receipts for March exceeding those of a year ago by about 14 per cent.

"The high price of cotton and the numerous labor troubles unsettled the demand for manufactured goods. Men's wear woolen goods for fall delivery are reported backward, and raw wool has steadied slightly. The theory advanced last week that the sugar trade was grounding at the bottom has received support in the increased prices of raw and refined sugar this week. Coffee has weakened in the absence of support from the direction noted last week, that of destroying low grade Brazilian supplies, and new record low prices have been touched by 'futures.'

Pig Iron Prices Lower.

"Pig iron of all kinds moved lower this week. Southern foundry pig is reported cut below recent price revisions at the east. Bessemer pig iron is slightly easier. Premiums on quick deliveries are disappearing, and imports of foreign iron are finding their field restricted. A feature at present in the more finished forms is the large demand for light rails for electrical and street railways. Mills rolling standard sections are crowded with orders, steel billets are active, and demand for structural material is reported as surpassing previous records. Strength of old materials is significant in view of the softening in pig iron. Copper is slightly higher on the week and other metals are steady. Silver is strengthening and this week sold at the highest point reached in several years.

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending April 16 aggregate 2,977,777 bushels, against 2,633,285 last week, 4,118,106 in this week a year ago, and 5,306,217 in 1901. Wheat exports since July 1 aggregate 181,190,551 bushels, against 206,805,744 last season and 167,378,209 in 1900. Corn exports aggregate 1,677,621 bushels, against 2,654,732 last week, and 400,733 a year ago, and 2,136,401 in 1901. For the fiscal year exports are 51,069,889 bushels, against 25,023,735 last season and 152,921,889 in 1901.

"Business failures in the United States for the week ending with April 16 number 212, against 153 last week, 193 in the like week of 1902, 212 in 1901, 161 in 1900, and 187 in 1899."

STOCK LIST IS EXCITED.

BREAK OF OVER SIX POINTS IN METROPOLITAN DISTURBING.

Colorado Fuel, Declared to Be on the Decline to 40, Sails Up Over 5 Notches on Sale of 17,000 Shares—Market Is Entirely Professional and Slump in Traction Has Virtually Scared Out All the Outside Public—Manipulation Much in Evidence.

[BY A SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.]

NEW YORK, April 17.—[Special.]—Today's stock market presented several highly interesting and exciting features, the chief of these being the violent break of 6¼ points in Metropolitan and a rise of nearly 6 points in Colorado Fuel. Elsewhere in the list the general strength was disturbed when Metropolitan collapsed as the result of the more or less urgent short covering. Trading continued almost wholly professional, the public not coming into the market to any extent, nor is it likely there will be any public following, now that the Metropolitan uncertainty is hanging over the market, and since it has developed the government will fight the application of the Northern Securities company looking to a modification of the recent decision.

The holding up of stocks in many instances was the result of such flagrant manipulation that conservative interests in the street were inclined to look askance at the movement.

This bidding up was most conspicuous in Union Pacific, Baltimore and Ohio, Southern Pacific, and in the industrial group. Profit taking was skillfully carried on in St. Paul, Atchison common, Norfolk and Western, Chesapeake and Ohio, Canadian Pacific, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, the steel trust stocks, and United States Leather shares.

Next in point of interest to Metropolitan was Colorado Fuel, which, much to the grief and confusion of shorts, advanced nearly 6 points and closed almost at top price for a net gain of 5¼ points on dealings of 17,000 shares. This is the stock that all Wall street only a few days ago was gravely informed was "on its way to 40" because it had issued some new bonds which would remove further possibility of dividends on the common stock.

Sentiment is much less confident and bullish than any day since Monday. This is due to the belief that the confidence of the public has been shaken by the Metropolitan break. Many traders are hoping for a good bank statement under which to sell, and the general expectation is such a statement will be forthcoming. All high priced shares fared well, any demand in this direction, disclosing a limited supply of floating stock. Hence a 4 point advance in General Electric, a 5 point rise in Lackawanna, a 4 point gain in New Haven, and advances in such other issues as Westinghouse, New York Air Brake, and Minneapolis and St. Louis preferred.

IN NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Railway Shares, and Other Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Prices of stocks achieved a pretty comprehensive upward movement today.

Bonds were firm and were little affected by the late flurry in stocks.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing Apl. 17.	Closing Apl. 16.
Am. Sugar	6,800	132¾	130¾	132¾	130¾
Am. Locomotive	2,600	27⅞	27	27⅞	26⅞
Do pfd	300	93⅝	93½	93½	93¼
Amn. Cotton Oil	500	41¾	41	41	....
Do pfd	200	97	97	97	....
Amn. Grass Twine	200	18½	18½	18½	....
Amn. Smelting	12,100	61	49¼	50¾	49¾
Do pfd	2,300	95¾	94	94¾	94
Amn. Bicycle pfd	100	¾	¾	¾	....
Amn. H. & L.	100	7¾	7¾	7¾	8
Do pfd	500	31	29¾	31	29¾
Amn. Linseed	200	16	16	16	15½
Amn. Car Foundry	500	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¾
Do pfd	100	90¾	90¾	90¾	89¾
Amn. Ice	1,400	8¾	7¾	8¼	....
Do pfd	600	32¾	32	32	32
Anaconda	1,900	109	107	108	108
Atchison	39,800	82¼	81	81⅝	81¼
Do pfd	3,600	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
Amal. Copper	29,600	94⅞	93¼	94⅜	93¾
Am. Woolen	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	....
Am. Coal	100	200	200	200	....
Bkln. Rap. Trans.	12,900	66¾	65¼	65¾	65
B. & O.	55,800	107¾	105¾	107¾	105¾
Do pfd	400	93¾	93½	93½	91¾
C. & N. W.	1,500	182	180	181¾	180¾
C. B. & Q.	3,800	80¼	79¾	80¼	79¾
Do pfd	900	69¾	68¾	69¾	68
C., M. & St. P.	39,900	162¾	161¾	162¼	161¾
Do pfd	200	183½	183½	183½	....
Chi. Terminal	200	17	17	17	16¾
Do pfd	800	29¼	28¾	28¾	29¼
Ches. & Ohio	3,200	44¾	44	44¼	43¾
Contl. Tob. pfd	300	113	113	113	....
Canadian Pac.	6,300	130¼	129¾	130¼	130
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	2,000	207¾	205½	206	206½
C., C., C. & St. L.	1,000	90¾	90¼	90¾	90¼
Colo. & Southern	1,100	24¾	24	24¾	24¾
Do 2d pfd	800	36½	35¾	36½	....
Colo. Fuel & Iron	18,900	59	53	58¾	53
C. & H. C. & I.	900	20	20	20	19¾
Chi. Un. Trac.	600	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Chi. Great West.	15,600	22¾	22	22¾	21¾
Do pfd. B	600	38	37½	38	37½
Corn Products	2,700	33¼	32¾	32¾	33¾
Do pfd	100	80¾	80	80	....
D., L. & W.	1,700	253¼	248	250¾	245½
Del. & Hudson	1,400	167	166	166	163¼
Den. & Rio Grande	300	35¼	34½	34¾	34¼
Do pfd	100	86¼	86¼	86¼	85¾
Detroit Southern	400	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼
Do pfd	200	29¼	28½	29¼	29¼
Detroit Un. Ry	300	82	81½	82	....
D., S., S. & A.	300	14¾	14¾	14¾	....
Do pfd	500	22	21¾	22	21¾
Dist. Sec. Corpn.	200	29	28¾	29	....
Erie	19,800	34¾	33¾	34	33½
Do 1st pfd	2,800	65¾	65¼	65¼	65¼
Do 2d pfd	1,200	53	52	52¾	52¾
E. & T. H.	1,200	66	65	65¾	64
Gen. Electric	2,800	190¼	186¼	189	185
Hocking Val. pfd.	100	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¼
Illinois Central	4,100	139¾	138	138¾	138
Int. Power	200	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼
Iowa Central	500	34	34	34	33¾
Do pfd	50	80	80	80	80
Int. Paper pfd	100	71	71	71	70¾
K. C., Ft. S. & M. pfd	100	78	78	78	76½
Kansas City & So.	200	30	30	30	29
Do pfd	200	52¾	52¾	52¾	52¾
L. & N.	10,600	117¾	116	116¾	116¼
Long Island	100	41¾	41¾	41¾	....
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	300	67¾	66¾	66¾	66¼
Do pfd	300	124¾	124	124	124½
Met. Securities	6,000	106	101	105	106¼
Manhattan	16,800	158¾	157¼	158¼	156¾
M., K. & T.	700	26¼	25	25¼	24¾
Do pfd	2,000	54¾	53¾	54	53¾
Met. Ry.	42,700	132¾	127	127	133¾
Mex. Cent. (Ltd.)	1,700	25¾	25¾	26	26
Missouri Pacific	31,500	108¾	107¼	107¾	106¾
Nat. R. R. of Mex. pfd.	100	110	110	110	108
National Biscuit	200	43¾	43¼	43¾	....
Natl. R. R. Mex.	2,000	19¾	19¼	19¼	19
Do pfd	2,000	38	37¼	37¼	....
Nat. Lead	900	26	25	25¼	24½
N. Y. Central	4,800	132¾	131½	131¾	131
Norfolk & W.	9,900	71¾	70½	71¾	70½
Do pfd	100	86¾	86½	86½	86¾
North Amn. Co.	100	99	99	99	98
N. Y., Ont. & W.	5,100	39¾	39¼	39¾	39¼
N. Y., O. & W.	1,600	167	164	164	161
N. Y. C. & St. L.	300	35¼	34	35¼	33½
N. Y., N. H. & H.	200	204	204	204	200
N. Y. Dock	100	51	51	51	....
People's Gas	6,800	104	102	104	102
Penna. R. R.	44,800	136¾	135¼	136¼	135¾
Pressed Steel Car	600	41¾	41	41¾	40¾
Pere Marquette	700	81	79	81	78½
Pacific Coast	200	62	60	62	....
Penna. rights	15,400	1¼	¾	¾	¾
Phila. Co.	100	90½	90½	90½	90
Reading	25,100	55¾	54	55½	54¾
Do 1st pfd	300	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾
Rubber Goods	700	25¾	25¼	25¼	25
Do pfd	100	79	79	79	....
Ry. Steel Spring	600	33¼	32¾	33¼	....
Do pfd	600	86¾	86¾	86¾	....
Rep. Steel & Iron	1,000	19¾	19½	19½	19¾
Do pfd	600	78¾	78¼	78¼	77¾
Rock Island	29,800	45¾	44¾	45¼	44¾
Do pfd. ex. div. 1%	1,580	75¾	74¾	75¾	76¼
Southern Ry.	5,900	31	30¾	31	30¾
Do pfd	200	92	92	92	91¾
St. J. & G. I. pfd.	200	48¾	48¾	48¾	48
Do 2d pfd	200	20½	20	20½	....
Southern Pacific	37,800	57¾	56¼	56¾	56¼
St. L. & S. W.	500	23¾	23¼	23¼	22¾
Do pfd	500	53¾	52	52	....
St. L. & San Fran.	6,700	72¾	69¾	71¾	70¼
Do 2d pfd	2,000	56	55¼	55¾	55
Sloss S. S. & I.	300	56	55¾	56	55
Do pfd	100	91¼	91¼	91¼	....
Texas Pac.	7,400	34½	33¾	34¼	32¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	6,700	65¾	64¾	65¾	64½
T., S. L. & W.	500	24¾	24¾	24¾	....
Do pfd	500	50¾	50¾	50¾	47¾
Twin City	400	111¾	111¼	111¼	111
Third Avenue	1,100	120	117¾	117¾	....
Union Pacific	60,100	91	89¾	90¾	89¾
Do pfd	400	89¾	89	89¾	89
Union Bag & Pap.	500	11¾	11¼	11¼	....
Do pfd	200	74	73¾	73¾	74
Un. Typ. & Inv. Co.	100	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Do pfd	100	62½	62½	62½	62
U. S. Realty	3,900	33¾	32¾	33¾	32¾
U. S. Rubber	1,400	67¼	66¼	67¼	65¾
Do pfd	300	15¾	15	15	....
U. S. Leather	10,700	14¾	14¼	14¼	14¼
Do pfd	1,400	94¼	92¾	93¾	94¼
U. S. Steel	12,750	36¾	35¼	36¼	35¾
Do pfd	10,900	89¾	88¼	89¼	88¾
U.S. Cast Iron Pipe	600	13¼	13	13¼	....
Do pfd	100	52¾	52¾	52¾	....
Va. C. C. Co.	200	83	82½	82½	....
Vulcan Drug	300	29¼	28½	28¾	29
Do pfd	200	70	70	70	....
Va. Carb. Chem.	800	82	79	81¾	81¼
Do pfd	100	122	122	122	121¼
W. & L. E. 1st pfd.	100	53	53	53	53
Do 2d pfd	400	23	23	23	23
Wabash	700	27¾	26¾	26¾	26¼
Do pfd	5,100	48¾	47¾	48¾	47¾
Wis. Cent.	800	24¾	24½	24¾	24¾
Do pfd	1,000	48	47¾	47¾	47
Western Union	1,300	85¼	85	85	85¼
Westingh. 1st pfd	100	200	200	200	.....

Total sales of stocks, 854,700 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	220	United States	125
American	220	Fargo	200

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s, reg.	106¾	U. S. new 4s, coup.	135¾
U. S. ref. 2s, coup.	106¾	U. S. old 4s, reg.	111¾
U. S. 3s, reg.	107¾	U. S. old 4s, coup.	111¾
U. S. 3s, coup.	107¾	U. S. 5s, reg.	102¾
U. S. new 4s, reg.	134¾	U. S. 5s, coup.	103¾

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$5000 Atch gen 4s	106¾	$44000 Mo. P. 3d 7s	111¾
20000 do adjmt	90	15000 M. K.-T. 4s	94¾
13000 Atlantic Coast 4s	103¾	25000 Man con 4s	101¾
7000 Ann Arbor 4s	95	20000 Mex C 4s	74¾
42000 Bklyn El 4s	101¾	5000 Met St Ry 5s	110
2000 Bklyn Un Gas 5s	115	5000 Met St Ry 6s	113
12000 B-O 5½s	103¾	6000 N Y C 6½s	134
13000 do 4s	100	27000 N Pac 3s	71¾
1000 do conv	103	10000 do 4s	103¾
5000 B C R-N 1st	103	3000 N Y C-St L 4s	96¾
30000 C R I-P 4s	85¼	1000 N Y C-St L 4s	102¾
3000 do 5s	108	3000 N Y N H & H 4s	105¾
15000 C B-Q joint 5s	111¾	5000 Nat R R Mex 4s	74¾
1000 Colo So 4s	83½	8000 N Y Dock 4s	91
13000 C-O 4½s	104¾	11000 N Y Gas 5s	98
11000 Chic Termi 4s	85¾	10000 N Y C-W ref 4s	106¾
124000 C F I conv 5s	94¾	40000 O S L 4s	91¾
22000 C Pac 4s	95¾	1000 do 6s	124
257000 Con Tob 4s	62¾	123000 Pa conv 3½s	97¾
21000 Can So 1st	103¾	6000 Pa lines 4½s	104
10000 Cen Ga 5s	107¾	37000 Rdg gen 4s	86¾
17000 do 1st inc.	74¾	15000 Rdg Jersey 4s	97
9000 do 2d inc	26	12000 R G W 4s	95¾
5000 C-E I gen 5s	119	48000 St L-I M 5s	111¾
2000 C-A 5½s	75¾	5000 C-E I 4½s	87¾
13000 C G L 5s	107¾	39000 St L-S F 4s	86¾
4000 C-S-S P C-P W 5s	117	3000 St L S W 1st	96
5000 C C C-St L St L div 4s	102¾	5000 St R'y 5s	115¾
1000 Colo Mid 1st 4s	77¾	20000 do St L Div 4s	95¼
23000 Dist Sec 5s	69¾	12000 S A-A P 4s	82¾
16000 Erie gen 4s	94¾	3000 Seaboard A L 4s	74¾
1000 do 4s	98¾	10000 S Y-N E 4s	101
1000 E T V-G con 5s	118	10000 So P 4s	89¾
10000 Edison el Bkln 4s	95	5000 do 4½s	96
69000 G B-W B 1st	19¼	12000 T St L-W 4s	74
3000 G H-Hst	103¾	23000 Third Ave ex 5s	96
1000 H-St Jo con 6s	113¾	10000 do 5s	119¾
11000 I-G N 2d	96¾	8000 T P-W 4s	90
2000 Ia Cent 4s	91¼	20000 U S 4s	135¾
1000 K C Ft S-M 6s	85	365000 do conv 4s	101¾
33000 K C So 3s	53¾	15000 Un Ry S F 4s	77¼
9000 L-N unf 4s	101	10000 W Md 4s	75
1000 L S 5s	103	2000 Wab 1st 5s	116¼
2000 Mob & Ohio new 4s	93	3000 do 2d	106
4000 Mo P 5s	103¾	$16000 do deb B	71¾
1000 do coll 5s	104	33000 W U 4½s	103¾
3000 Nash C & St L 6s	131	3000 W L E con 4s	91¼
Total sales of bonds $2,487,000.		3000 Wis C 4s	91

EGG MARKET SLIGHTLY HIGHER.

Improved Local Demand and Receipts

STILL BUYING OUR WHEAT

FOREIGN DEMAND FOR EXPORT KEEPS UP ON LARGE SCALE.

Sales of Nearly 700,000 Bushels, Mainly to England, a Factor in Making Local Market a Strong One — Reports of French Crop Continue Unfavorable—Corn a Little Higher—Small Contract Stocks and Demand by Shorts Send May Oats Up Sharply.

Unfavorable French crop reports and indications of a rather anxious demand by foreign consumers for American wheat were the dominating influences in yesterday's market. They outweighed such bearish factors as the closing down of the Minneapolis and Chicago flour mills, generally favorable weather for the growing crop in this country and reports of its high condition.

Export purchases of wheat in this country and Canada were reported at the close at 648,000 bu, and as the estimates grew from time to time during the last hour of the session, the anxiety of local shorts to cover was increased, although it was rather remarkable that bids from France and Germany to local exporting houses, which do a large business by gulf ports, were lower than on Thursday and too low for any business to be accomplished.

During the first half of the session the market showed some weakness and needed occasional support from the bull interest. When it became strong, the advance was mainly in July, in which there was a big trade, but there was rather steady liquidation in the May, costing it part of its premium over July, which was reduced from 6c to 5¾c. The May range was from 77c to 77⅞-¾c, the close at 77⅛-⅜c practically unchanged. July sold from 71⅞-½c to 72⅛-¼c, a new high figure on the recent upturn, closing at 72c sellers, a gain of ⅝c. September closed a shade higher.

Report Frosts in France.

The French crop condition was an important consideration. The Paris market was ½@1c to 1c lower, but more attention was paid to private cables announcing that there were reports of the crop being badly damaged by frost. The Modern Miller reported the high condition of the domestic crop practically unimpaired, but there were renewed claims of damage in Nebraska from lack of rain. Of the export business reported about one-third was Duluth spring wheat to the united kingdom, another third Manitoba wheat from Toronto; the rest sold at St. Louis and the seaboard. Local sales were 40,000 bu No. 3 hard for export.

Receipts continue light, but the weather is improving and some increase is expected. There were 19 cars here, with 31 No. 1 northern out of private houses. The shipment of 90,600 bu No. 3 red from private elevators confirmed recent claims of a demand for red winter wheat here. There were 115 cars at northwest points, compared with 98 last year. In spite of the closing of the Minneapolis mills, the cash market there was reported firm on demand by outside mills, No. 1 northern only ½c lower and still 2c to 2½c premium over May, which gained ½c. Primary points had 257,000 bu, compared with 197,000 bu a year ago.

Clearances were 169,000 bu for the day, and for the week were 2,978,000 bu, compared with 4,118,000 bu a year ago. Argentine shipments were 2,216,000 bu, practically all to Europe, compared with 992,000 bu last year. English markets were firm. Liverpool ¼d to ⅜d higher, and London ¼-⅝d higher. Antwerp was unchanged, Buda-Pesth 1½d lower. The early dip was on selling of July by the southwest on improved weather. Armour giving both May and July some open support on the decline. There were indications of some important profit taking in May on all the hard spots.

Firm Corn Market.

There was a firm corn market on the light receipts, the market helped in the end by the strength in wheat and oats. There was some early selling on the clearing weather in the corn states, but the market took the offerings and rallied slightly, closing ⅛@⅜c higher, May up the most. There were only 64 cars in, with one contract; 16,000 bu No. 2 out of private houses and 100,000 bu more shipped from store. Estimated receipts for today, 60 cars. The cash market was ½c higher on the light receipts, but the shipping demand was poor, with sales of 50,000 bu. Primary receipts were 215,000 bu, compared with 147,000 bu last year. Clearances were 237,000 bu for the day and 1,678,000 bu for the week, a falling off of 1,000,000 bu from the previous week. Argentine shipments were 144,000 bu. The Argentine weather was reported better, and there was an American consular estimate of the Argentine crop of 116,000,000 bu. The seaboard reported 240,000 bu taken for export. Liverpool futures were ¾d higher. Pringle was a buyer of July, which was sold by Harris-Gates and Comstock.

Shorts Want May Oats.

Oats traders, decided in some hurry and some perturbation that stocks of 200,000 bu contract oats were not enough to go around, and there was a general covering, which started a sharp advance of ¾c in May, to 34½c, with the close practically at the top. July was influenced by the May strength and gained ⅝c, to 30¼c. The cash market was strong and ½c higher, standard oats selling on track at 37c. The light receipts and the cancellation of warehouse receipts for 85,000 bu standard oats started the covering movement. There were only 88 cars in, with 8 standard, and but 95 estimated for today. The weather was clear everywhere, but there was no increase in the country selling. There were sales of 75,000 bu for shipment and 100,000 bu were taken for export at the seaboard. Clearances were 30,000 bu. Harris-Gates, J. P. Smith, and Wagner were early buyers of May. McReynolds selling a considerable line around the top. There were some symptoms of Patten covering in July. Knight-Donnelley sold September.

The provision list was again an extremely dull market, though final quotations were fractionally higher, 5@10c up on pork and unchanged to 2½c advance on lard and ribs. The latter product absorbed what little speculative interest centered in any of the articles. There was a fair demand for the July from Furnum and Seckel and for the September from Woodbury. In spite of a good deal of dullness the market was fairly steady. Liverpool was unchanged on hams and 6d higher on bacon. Hog receipts were 15,000, with 12,000 estimated today. Western packing points reported 47,000 hogs, against 45,800 a year ago. Shipments of cured meats were 1,388,000 lbs, against 2,347,600 lbs a year ago, and of lard 383,400 lbs, as against 1,875,000 lbs at the previous year.

Rye was a slower market, the May 50c bid and 50¼c asked. A good business was done in a cash way. Sales, 50,000 bu. Receipts were 15 cars. New York export sales were 50,000 bu.

Barley was steady as to the different grades, not much being offered. Receipts were 11 cars. For screenings, poor to choice, there was a quotable range of 24@38c, good screenings steady, and common, latter the most plenty, easy. Feed barley nominal at 37@39c, local billed. Malting low grade quotable at 45c, poor, musty, thin, dirty around 40@43c, fair to good 48@50c, and high grade to choice 51@54c.

There was more firmness in timothy seed, bids being 10@15c higher. Contract was nominally $3.70. Country lots ranged from $2.60 to $3.00. Only small lots of clover seed were offered. Contract was unchanged at $12.00.

Flaxseed was quotably steady, with all trade conditions extremely dull. There was a little May on sale at $1.11, July nominally $1.12. No. 1 northwestern was quoted $1.11 and southwestern $1.09. There were 7 cars here, 6 at Minneapolis, and 14 at Duluth.

WHEAT.

	Closed April 16	Range— Highest.	Lowest.	Closed today.	Closed year ago. Apr. 18, 1902.
May	77⅛	77⅞-¾	77	77⅛-¼	73¾
July	71⅞-¾	72⅛-¼	71⅝-½	72-¼	74½
Sept.	69⅝	69⅞-¾	69⅛	69⅝-¾	74¼

CORN.

April	43¼	....	....	43⅝	62
May	43⅝	44⅛	43⅝	44-⅛	62
July	44⅛	44⅝	44⅛	44½-⅝	62¼
Sept.	45¾	46⅛	45¾	46⅛	61½

OATS.

April	33⅝	....	....	34⅝	44¼
May	33½	34¼	33⅝	34⅜-½	45
July	30¼	30¾	30¼	30¾	45⅝
Sept.	27⅞	28⅛	27⅞	28	37¼

MESS PORK.

May	17.95	18.00	17.87½	18.00	16.80
July	17.52½	17.62½	17.52	17.60-.74	17.00
Sept.	17.02½	17.10	17.05	17.07½	17.07½

LARD.

May	9.82½	9.82½	9.80	9.80	9.75
July	9.72½	9.75	9.72½	9.72½-.75	9.85
Sept.	9.70-2½	9.72½	9.70	9.72½	9.95

SHORT RIBS.

May	9.82½	9.80	9.77½	9.80	9.22½
July	9.65	9.67½-70	9.65-7½	9.65-7½	9.37½
Sept.	9.60	9.62½	9.60	9.60-2½	9.42½

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	Standard.	No. 3.	Low grade.	Total.
Winter wheat	1	..	6	6	13
Spring wheat	2	..	1	3	6
Corn	1	..	22	41	64
Oats	4	8	26	50	88
Rye	11	..	3	1	15
Barley	..	..	1	10	11
Totals	19	8	59	111	197

Inspected out—Wheat, 9,000 bu No. 1 northern spring. Corn, 2,000 bu No. 3 yellow, 100,000 bu No. 2. Oats, 600 bu standard. Rye, 35,100 bu No. 2. Loaded from unlicensed elevators: Wheat—Winter, 96,100 bu No. 3 red; spring, 31 cars No. 1 northern. Corn, 7 cars and 97,500 bu No. 3 yellow, 79,200 bu No. 3 white, 16,000 bu No. 2, 13 cars and 125,000 bu No. 3. Oats, 5 cars No. 3 white, 1 car No. 4 white, 4 cars No. 2, 22,500 bu No. 3 white clipped. Rye, 7 cars No. 2.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Unsettled through probable closing of mills. Winter southern patents, $3.40@3.60; straights, $3.20@3.30; spring special brands, hard patents, $4.00@4.10; soft bakers', exports, bags, $2.40@2.50; white rye, brls, $2.60@2.70.

WINTER WHEAT—In fair demand. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 77½c; No. 3 hard, 40,000 bu on p. t. On track: No. 4 red, 64c. Free on board: No. 4 red, 60½c; No. 3 red, 71½c; No. 3 hard, 70c. Billed through: No. 4 hard, 62c.

SPRING WHEAT—Firm. Sales free on board: No. 3, 75c. Billed through: No. 4, 68@69c.

CORN—Scarce and ½c higher. Sales in store and to go: No. 3, 50,000 bu for shipment on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 21@31c; No. 4, 38½@41c; No. 3, 40¾@41½c; No. 3 yellow, 41½@42c; No. 3 white, 42c. Billed through: No. 4, 36¾@37c; No. 3 yellow, 39½@40c; No. 3 white, 40c.

OATS—In good demand and ½c higher. Sales in store and to go: White clipped, 75,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No. 4, 29@30½c; No. 4 white, 31½@34½c; No. 3, 32¼c; No. 3 white, 32½@37c; standard, 36@37c; No. 2, 31½@32c. Billed through: No grade, 28@27c; No. 4 white, 31@33½c; No. 3, 30½c; No. 3 white, 34½c. At the river: No. 4 white, 30¾@31½c; No. 3 white, 31½c.

RYE—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 50,000 bu on p. t.; No. 4, 48½c. Free on board: No. 3, 49¼c.

PROVISIONS—Slow. Cash lots mess pork, $17.95@18.00; lard, $9.67½@9.80; ribs, $9.70@9.80, according to weight.

COOPERAGE—Quiet. Ash pork brls, 77½@80c; oak, 90@92½c; lard tcs, $1.12½@1.16.

WHISKY—Steady; basis finished goods, $1.31.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 25 cars; corn, 60 cars; oats, 95 cars; hogs, 12,000.

Wheat traders were inclined at the opening to consider the reported closing of the Minneapolis flour mills as a bearish factor, on the consideration that they grind about 900,000 bu of wheat weekly, and that this amount would remain in the visible supply instead of going out of sight in the flour stocks. The feeling became stronger when it became known that the two largest mills in Chicago would shut down. The closing in Minneapolis was ascribed to the discrimination in vessel rates against flour, which has to pay 9c a hundred freight, or nearly three times the rate on wheat, which is 2c per bu. The closing of the local mills was attributed more frankly to the poor flour demand and that stocks of flour are piling up, and it is impossible to sell them. The discrimination in the freight rates, however, is enough to cut down the export demand materially for the benefit of the foreign miller.

While there seemed to be a big export demand for wheat all over the country and from all parts of Europe, it was noteworthy that it was mainly for spring wheat from the united kingdom and local houses which have been doing a large business, for both old crop and new crop shipments of winter wheat via gulf ports were out of the market, with bids from foreigners lower than they were the day before. At the close Lohrke confirmed 81 loads sold for export, 39 at Duluth, 26 of Manitoba wheat at Toronto, 6 at St. Louis, and 19 at the seaboard and elsewhere, possibly including 5 loads of No. 3 hard winter sold here. There were rumors of bids for 250,000 bu hard winter wheat here on a working basis.

Not Openly Fighting Corners.

Most of the members of the board of trade alleged to be most interested in a plan to oppose "corners" in grain or provisions deny all knowledge of the formation of any association or the subscription to any fund looking to that end. H. B. Slaughter, John B. Scott, Charles Counselman, Henry W. Rogers, and John J. Bryant are among those said to have formed an association with this object in view. All of them deny any active interest in such a plan. They are said to see peril ahead for the board of trade because of the domination of the markets by such heavy traders as the Armours, the Cudahys, and Patten, all of whom have heretofore been interested in manipulated articles. There is, however, a general sentiment on 'change that state laws and board of trade rules against corners be enforced. On this subject Mr. Slaughter said yesterday: "The trade unquestionably wants the rules regarding corners enforced. The same law which makes bucket shopping a crime makes corners illegal. We want a marginal committee to hear evidence and establish the real value of grain. This is sometimes done, but not always." Commenting on this, President Chandler said: "Members always have a remedy in the rules of the board. If they think any commodity is cornered they can always appeal to the directors and have an inquiry into the real conditions. Any agitation now may result in another proposition to admit a different or a lower grade as deliverable on contracts at a discount, but I do not favor it. This plan has been tried many times, and the fact has always been made clear that the overwhelming sentiment of the board is in favor of a strict maintenance of grades." James A. Patten says: "I certainly hope a way may be found to prevent corners. I am 'short,' and don't want to see prices go up."

Bradstreet's reports exports as follows:

	Wheat and flour, bu.	Corn, bu.
This week	2,978,000	1,678,000
Last week	2,883,000	2,655,000
Last year	4,118,000	401,000
Since July 1	181,391,000	51,580,000
Previous year	206,806,000	25,025,000

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, April 17.—Money and discount conditions were practically unaltered today.

Operators on the stock exchange were mostly absorbed in the settlement, which was being concluded satisfactorily. Prices were fairly steady. The threatening outlook in the Balkans had a less potent influence. Americans opened firm on New York advices, but were inanimate. Union Pacific, Norfolk and Western, and Erie were the features of general appreciation later. Prices closed firm. Grand Trunk was firmer on the traffic returns, exceeding expectations.

PARIS, April 17, 4 p. m.—Three per cent. Rentes, 98 francs 40 centimes. Exchange on London, 25 francs 16¼ centimes.

BERLIN, April 17.—Prices were firmer on the boerse today, especially mines, owing to an official report that the iron works were better supplied with orders and that the situation in the coke industry was more encouraging. Banks were harder, international securities were firm, and Turks made a fair recovery.

IN FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Current and Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions at Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, April 17.—Wheat—Steady; No. 2 red western winter, 6s 1¼d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 7¼d; No. 1 California, 6s 7½d. Futures quiet; May, 6s 2⅝d; July, 6s 2¾d. Corn—Spot, American mixed, new, steady, 4s 4d; American mixed, old, quiet, 5s 3½d. Futures steady; May, 4s 4d; June, 4s 3¼d; July, 4s 2¾d. Provisions—Bacon—Cumberland cut, firm, 52s. Shoulders—Square steady, 43s. Receipts of wheat during the last three days, 247,000 centals, including 102,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the last three days, 100,000 centals. Weather fine.

BANKS GAIN MUCH CASH.

FORECAST OF TODAY'S STATEMENT HELPS STOCK MARKET.

Some Disposition to Believe the Bull Movement May Continue Next Week —Big Break in Chicago Pneumatic Tool Stock Owing to Row in Board and Failure to Declare Quarterly Dividend—Pressed Steel Car Makes a Good Showing.

Market conditions and sentiment continued favorable up to the close yesterday. The forecast of the bank statement was even better than had been anticipated. Known movements of money indicated that the banks had gained $4,340,000. This should help the money market and did, for the City bank loaned $2,000,000 at 4 per cent. Stocks continued to hold firm and some advances of moment were scored.

There is some reason to believe the street will figure on another good statement next week, and if this reasoning proves correct the market should gradually show further gains. The idea is that as long as the professional element thinks prices will continue firm there will be neither realizing nor short selling. For that reason, if another good bank statement be anticipated the inevitable selling movement should be longer postponed.

But it isn't believed this is a substantial bull market, since the easier tendency of money in New York is not sufficiently pronounced to enlist buying on the part of the largest interests.

It may be noted that a less pessimistic tone obtains in the street. The interview with Marshall Field published in THE TRIBUNE has been freely cited by those who believe in better prices. Norman B. Ream also is quoted as regarding the situation favorably. But this class of men, it will be observed, dwell more particularly on the business than the security situation.

Big Break in Tool Stock.

Friction in the management of the Chicago Pneumatic Tool company led yesterday to a drop of 25 points in the price of the stock on the local exchange. The shares closed Wednesday at 60¼ and opened yesterday morning at 50. Throwing over of some margined accounts caused the drop to 35. Subsequently good buying orders were placed, and the stock advanced to 50, closing bid at that price and offered at 55.

Local information as to the cause of the row in the board of directors is conflicting. The impression, however, is that there is a fight on between Max Pam and J. W. Duntley, the former general counsel and the latter president of the company. In a vague way it is asserted that Mr. Pam secured $1,000,000 promotion fees, and that effort is being made by Duntley's friends to have a part of this returned. Some time ago the story was just the opposite, to the effect that Mr. Duntley in taking over a Detroit plant had sold it out to the consolidated company, the Chicago Pneumatic Tool company, at a big profit, which he retained. This story was denied a few weeks ago by one of the most influential directors.

But the differences have grown to the point that the board has mixed them up with the matter of declaring a dividend. For several weeks the quarterly dividend was not acted upon, the reason given being that a quorum could not be secured. A quorum was secured in New York on Wednesday, but instead of declaring a dividend the announcement was made that it was held in abeyance. This was construed to mean it had been passed.

The company has a monopoly of the pneumatic tool business in this country, and practically in Europe. On its board of directors are a number of well known industrial company managers, including C. H. Matthiessen, president of the Corn Products company; Charles H. Wacker, and Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation.

The company has been paying 8 per cent dividends and has a growing business. President Duntley is declared to be an unusually successful salesman, but not adapted to the office of president. It was reported that as a result of Wednesday's meeting, the differences were left to three members of the executive committee, constituting a board of arbitration.

Pressed Steel Car Earnings.

The earnings of the Pressed Steel Car company for the quarter ended March 31 show an increase in surplus of over $45,000 compared with the corresponding period of 1902. The net earnings are reached after deductions for expenses of operation, including cost of repairs and renewals of plant and machinery. The figures follow:

		Increase.
Net earnings	$1,069,330	$44,212
Fixed charges	48,191	*11,951
Net income	1,021,139	55,363
Prop. pfd. div.	218,750	....
Balance	802,389	55,363
Deprec. reserve	77,500	10,493
Surplus	724,889	45,370

*Decrease.

Colorado Springs Mining Notes.

Recent advices are to the effect that the Portland mine at Victor is producing more than ever before in its history. The camp generally is producing more heavily and the outlook is for further increase. The drainage tunnel is making rapid headway, and when this is completed a large number of properties that are now idle will resume operations more actively than ever before. The settlement of the Stratton will case will also have an important effect upon the development of the camp, for the reason that this means that at least 1,000 men will be employed upon the different leases that will be granted by the executors in the near future. It also means that the output of the camp will be greatly increased, since ore is already known to exist in at least thirty different places already opened on property owned by the estate.

The Golden Cycle company is making demands on the railroad companies for more cars, and the hoisting capacity is being taxed to its full limit. The lowest levels in the showing on what is known as the Legal Tender vein is great, and the grade of ore is much better than it was in the upper levels.

The Granite, on Battle mountain, is making the usual production of about 40 tons per day. The grade of ore is better than it has been for months past. The greater portion of it comes from the upraise at the 1,000 foot level.

The main working shaft of the New Haven, on Raven hill, is being sunk an additional 100 feet, and heavier machinery will be added to the present equipment. This lease has been making money for the lessees right along, and they are of the opinion that they have a good proposition before them.

The Ajax, on Battle mountain, is outputting about 50 tons a day, the ore averaging about $35 per ton. The Empire State company is steadily shipping about 20 tons of good grade ore per day.

Dividends Declared.

The Grand Rapids railway company has declared the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent on its preferred stock, payable May 1 to stock of record April 18.

The United States Express company has declared the regular semi-annual dividend of $2 a share, payable May 15. Books close May 1, reopen May 16.

The Consolidated Traction company of Pittsburg declared the regular semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent on its preferred stock, payable May 1. Central Traction company, 1½ per cent, payable April 18. Dequesne Traction company, 2 per cent, payable April 18. Pittsburg Traction company, 3½ per cent, payable April 18.

The Great Northern preferred dividend of 1¾ per cent on preferred stock has been declared payable May 1. Books close April 22 and reopen May 2. This is the regular rate.

Railway Earnings.

WABASH.

	Earnings.	Increase.
Second week April	$ 397,671	$ 49,040
From July 1	16,521,927	1,291,451

TOLEDO AND OHIO CENTRAL.

Second week April	63,336	11,989
From Jan. 1	2,512,100	276,746

DETROIT UNITED RAILWAY.

March—Net	132,301	3,834
For nine months—Net	355,275	4,905

ANN ARBOR.

Second week April	26,107	91
From July 1	1,563,633	62,956

TORONTO, HAMILTON AND BUFFALO.

Fourth week March	14,992	1,817
From July 1	367,662	2,907

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURG.

Second week April	123,862	38,522
From July 1	5,084,838	780,130

New York Curb Quotations.

Following were closing quotations on the New York curb for the securities named:

	Bid.	Asked.
American Cas	4½	4¾
Do pfd	43½	43⅞
Compressed Air	5	5¼
Electric Boat	20	25
Electric Vehicle	11	12
Do pfd	15	16
Havana Tobacco	45	48
Do pfd	55	60
Manhattan Transit	4⅝	5
Montreal and Boston	1½	1⅝
Northern Securities	97¾	98
Otis Elevator	41	44
Do pfd	94	96
Royal Baking Powder pfd	101	103½
Seaboard Air Line	23½	24
Do pfd	39½	40
Standard Oil	665	670

Foreign Exchange Prices.

Foreign exchange closed firm yesterday at the following figures:

SELLING.

Cables, London	487⅛
Checks, London	487
Checks, Paris	515¼-1-16
Checks, Berlin	95

BUYING.

60 days, London, bankers'	483⅛
30 days, documentary	483⅛
3 days, Hamburg	94 13-16
3 days, Antwerp	515⅝
60 days, France	520⅛
3 days, Holland	40 1-16
30 days, Holland	39 15-16

General Financial News.

It is announced from New York that, although earnings of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company for the first quarter were at the rate of over 11 per cent on the common stock, no dividends will be paid this year. A large proportion of the surplus will be appropriated for improvements, the same as was done last year.

It has been decided to move the headquarters of the Consolidated Lake Superior to the "Soo" as soon as possible. A transfer office will be maintained in Philadelphia, but the business of the company will be conducted where the plants are located.

The Electric Storage Battery company has sent circulars and proxies to stockholders relative to the proposed exchange of preferred stock into common stock. The holders of a large majority have signified their approval of the plan, and a special meeting of shareholders to ratify the action of the directors will be held April 20 at Gloucester, N. J. Books close April 15 and reopen April 21.

Stockholders of the American Window Glass company have voted to exchange their shares for stock in the American Window Glass Machine company. The window glass company pays $400,000 in cash for the license to use the machines exclusively in the United States, and agrees to pay the Window Glass Machine company 50 per cent of the sum saved by the use of the machines as against blowing by hand. In return for each share of common stock in the American Window Glass company the stockholders receive one-half share preferred in the American Window Glass Machine company.

The National City bank has transferred $3,000,000 of its government deposits to the Riggs National Bank of Washington, the Riggs being, in effect, a branch of the National City.

The Bank of England yesterday purchased £85,000 in the open market and £5,000 from the continent. There is a suggestion that the bank's rate of discount will be reduced next week.

Rock Island-'Frisco Deal.

Concerning the proposition of the Rock Island to purchase the St. Louis and San Francisco system, it is reported that several offers were made, but the 'Frisco people were not willing to part with their property on the basis proposed. Finally, when the Rock Island offered 90 for the common, partly in bonds and partly in stock and partly in cash, this offer was tentatively accepted, and the Rock Island secured a practical option without time limit, but terminable by either party at will.

It is stated that the matter of price to be paid was not the cause of the failure of negotiations, both parties were satisfied with the terms. Neither, it is said, did the Northern Securities decision have any weight in the matter. But it is the opinion of those best informed that the era of big financial undertakings is at present closed and will continue on until it becomes again possible to float good securities on better than a 5 per cent basis.

The relation between the two systems will remain as before the offer was made by the Rock Island. They are not competing lines and are not contemplating invasion of each other's territory.

To Clear Their Own Trades.

King, Hodenpyl & Co. are making arrangements to enlarge their New York office and clear their own trades. The firm has quarters now in the Hanover National bank building at 7 Wall street. The main part of the bookkeeping force will be transferred to New York. John C. King will spend the greater portion of his time there.

Chicago Stocks.

American Can shares were quite firm in the local market yesterday. This was especially true of the preferred, which advanced to 44, and closed ¼ lower.

Union Traction shares also advanced. The improvement was due to the belief that the business of reaching an understanding between the traction companies and the city will be facilitated by the passage of a street railway bill at Springfield. It is a little early to figure on the traction outcome, but any settlement will be regarded as a bull card.

Biscuit shares firmed up, the common going to 43⅝ and the preferred closing at 105¼. The stocks went off with general market and appeared to be recovering with the general improvement.

Boxboard stocks were also firm, the preferred closing at 25.

In the bond department Northwestern L 4s made a new low record, selling at 92⅝.

Sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Shares.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	615	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
Do pfd	1,675	44	42⅝	43⅝
American Shipbuilding pfd	50	102	102	102
Chicago Pneumatic Tool	1,512	50	35	50
Chicago Title and Trust	90	97	95	96
Chicago Union Traction	500	9	8¼	8⅞
Do pfd	100	40	40	40
Metropolitan Elevated	250	26	24	26
Do pfd	200	76	75	76
National Biscuit	323	43⅜	43	43⅜
Do pfd	60	105½	105	105½
Quaker Oats pfd	225	87¼	86½	92½
Swift & Co	10	114⅝	114½	114⅝
United Boxboard	450	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
Do pfd	1,862	25	22	25

BONDS.

$ 5000 C Con T 4½s	67	$1000 L 1st mtg 5s	100¼
3000 do	69	1000 Met L 4s	93¼
3000 do	68	5000 N W L 4s	92⅝
10000 do	70	1000 W C con 5s	92½

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday:

New York	$225,033,428
Chicago	30,828,007
Boston	28,047,761
Philadelphia	25,506,455
St. Louis	13,351,810
Baltimore	4,192,264

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 30c premium before clearings; 40c premium after; St. Louis, 10c premium.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKETS.

Closing Quotations on Dry Goods, Coffee, Metals, and Other Special Lines.

NEW YORK, April 17.—[Special.]—Weather conditions have tended to the betterment of the dry goods market conditions, but comparatively few buyers are in town, and mail advices do not bring large orders. Prices are held without change, margins of profit being claimed as too small at present.

In the Coffee Market.

The coffee market opened steady and unchanged, but prices advanced 5 points under influence of better French cables and moderate primary receipts. For a time the market ruled irregular, the moderate demand from the shorts being promptly supplied by liquidation and renewed offerings of importers, with prices one time showing a decline of 5 points. At the close the market was quiet, with prices unchanged to 5 points lower. Total sales were 21,000 bags. Spot market today was quiet, with quotations on a basis of 5¼c for Rio No. 7.

Metals Here and Abroad.

Tin was higher in the London market today, spot advancing about £1 17s, to £138 2s 6d, while futures closed at £137 12s 6d. Locally tin was also firm and higher, spot closing at $30.00@30.25.

Copper was unchanged for spot in London, but 2s 6d lower for futures, with both closing at £62 2s 6d. Locally copper remains dull and nominal. Standard is not quoted. Lake and electrolytic are quoted at $15.00@15.25 and casting at $14.50@14.75, all nominal.

Spelter advanced 2s 6d in London, to £22 15s, while locally it remained quiet and was 5 points lower at $5.65.

RANGE OF PRODUCE PRICES

QUOTATIONS ON GRAIN AND STAPLES AT LEADING EXCHANGES.

Record of the Day's Trading in Principal Commodities from the Eastern Seaboard to the Western Markets—Tendency of Cotton in the East and South — Receipts and Shipments of Wheat, Corn, and Oats at Milling Points.

NEW YORK, April 17.—Flour—Receipts, 12,214 brls; exports, 17,134 brls.

Wheat—Receipts, 55,575 bu. Spot firm; No. 2 red, 82¾c elevator; No. 2, 83¾c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 89⅞c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 87⅛c f. o. b. afloat. Option market hard, closing ⅝@1c net higher; May, 80⅛@81 9-16c, closed 81⅛c; July, 76⅝@76 15-16c, closed 76⅞c; September, 73⅛@74⅛c, closed 74⅛c.

Corn—Receipts, 38,850 bu; exports, 58,215 bu. Spot firm; No. 2, nominal elevator and 52⅛c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 52¾c; No. 2 white, 54c. Option market ⅛@⅜c net higher; May, 52⅛@53⅛c, closed 53⅛c; June, 51¼@51⅜c, closed 51⅛c; July, 50¼@50⅝, closed 50⅝c; September, 49⅝@49¾c, closed 49⅝c.

Hops—Quiet. Olds, 6@11c.

Provisions—Cutmeats—Irregular; pickled bellies, 9¾@11c. Lard—Quiet; refined steady; continent, $10.40.

Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3 3-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅝c; molasses sugar, 2 15-16c; refined firm.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 17.—The closing of the mills had less effect than expected. May closed at 75½c, July at 75¼@75¼c, and September at 68c. Cash demand was poor, as millers were not in the market. No. 1 northern spot, 76½@77c; No. 1 northern to arrive, 76¼@76¾c; No. 2 northern spot, 75¼@76c; No. 3, 70¼@72½c. Flour—First patents, $4.05@4.75; second patents, $3.95@4.05; first clears, $2.95@3.05; second clears, $2.45.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 17.—Close: Wheat—Unsettled; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 70¾c; track, 72c; May, 70¼@70⅝c; July, 69¼@69⅝c; No. 2 hard, 71@74c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 cash, 40¾c, nominal; track, 40½@40¾c; May, 40½c; July, 40¾c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 33c; track, 33½@33¾c; May, 33¾c; July, 29½c; No. 2 white, 37c. Spelter—Firm, $5.40.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 17.—Wheat—Closed: No. 1 northern, 80c; No. 2 northern, 78@78½c; May, 77½c; puts, 76⅝c; calls, 78¼c.

DULUTH, Minn., April 17.—Close: Wheat—To arrive: No. 1 hard, 79¼c; No. 1 northern, 77¾c; No. 2 northern, 75¾c; May, 79½c; July, 76¾c.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 17.—Close: Wheat—May, 65¾c; July, 62¾c; cash No. 2 hard, 67@68c; No. 3, 64½@66½c; No. 4, 61@64c; rejected, 56@60c; No. 2 red, 68½c; No. 3, 65@67c. Corn—April, 35¾c; May, 36¾@36½c; July, 39c; cash No. 2 mixed, 36½@37c; No. 2 white, 37c; No. 3, 36@36½c.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash, Bonds, Copper Shares, and Other Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., April 17.—[Special.]—Copper shares had another strong day, New York being a steady buyer. Miscellaneous issues ruled steady, but not especially active. American Telephone showed goot buying. New Haven in demand. Call loans, 5@6½ per cent; time loans, collateral, 5½@6 per cent; time loans, mercantile paper, 5½@6½ per cent; clearing house loans, 5 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	5,900	63⅜	64⅞	63¾	64⅝
Adventure	70	10	10	10	10
Allouez	425	7	7	6¾	6¾
Arcadian	170	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
Atlantic	85	12	12½	12	12½
Anaconda ex. div.	100	26⅝	26⅝	26¼	26⅜
Am. Tel.	690	157½	158½	157½	158
Atchison	247	81¼	82	81¼	81½
Do pfd	110	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
Am. Sugar	1,630	125	125⅝	124⅞	124⅞
Do pfd	163	119	119⅝	119	119⅝
Am. Woolen pfd	100	77½	77	77½	77½
Bingham	670	30⅝	31½	30⅝	31⅛
Bonanza	100	70	70	70	70
Copper Range	6,000	62¼	65	62¼	65
Cons. Mercur	1,300	1 17-32	1 17-32	1¼	1¼
Centennial	620	24⅝	25	24½	24½
Del. Hud. pfd	20	118⅝	119	118½	119
Dom. Steel	785	22	23¼	22	27½
Dom. Coal	80	108½	108½	108½	108½
Edison Elec	47	283	283	280	280
Elm River	700	4	4¼	4	4
Franklin	150	11	11	11	11
Guanajuato	300	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Mass. Mining	150	10	10	10	10